BOZEMAN

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prepared by the City of Bozeman Finance Department

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PART I

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

BOZEMAN

December 16, 2019

To the Citizens of the
City of Bozeman, Montana

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA for the fiscal year ended JUNE 30, 2019 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is a narrative introduction, overview and analysis written to accompany the basic financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter.

CITY OF BOZEMAN PROFILE

The City of Bozeman was incorporated in April of 1883 with a city council form of government, and later in January 1922 transitioned to its current city manager/city commission form of government. Bozeman encompasses an area over 19 square miles and is located on the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains. The population of Bozeman in 2018 was estimated to be 48,532 – which is a total increase of 30% from April 2010 – which continues Bozeman's standing as the fourth largest city in the state. Bozeman is the county seat of Gallatin County and is the home to Montana State University – Bozeman, and the Fighting Bobcats.

The government provides a full range of services. These services include police and fire protection; sanitation services; water, waste water & storm water utilities; the construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure; recreational activities; cultural events; planning and zoning; and general administrative services. The City, as a primary government, is supported or works closely with certain entities to provide these services to the citizens of the City of Bozeman. The Bozeman Public Library Board of Trustees, Senior Advisory Council and the Parking Commission are excluded from presentation in these financial statements, since their relationship with the City is strictly advisory in nature at this time.

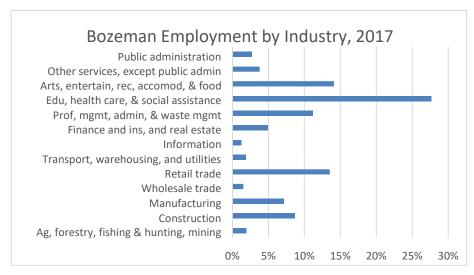
BUDGET DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

The City of Bozeman budget serves several purposes. For the *citizens of the City of Bozeman*, it presents a picture of the city government operations and intentions for the year. For the *City Commission*, it serves as a policy tool and as an expression of goals and objectives. For *City Management*, it is used as an operating guide and a control mechanism.

The City Manager's Recommended Budget is created and submitted to the City Commission. Public work sessions are then held by the Commissioners at which time the City Manager, Finance Director, and department staff explain the budget recommendations and underlying justification for the requests. The Commission also reviews departmental requests which could not be funded, as an indication of unmet needs. During (or following) the work sessions, the Commissioners may make adjustments to the proposed budget. Following any adjustments to the City Manager's budget recommendation, a tentative appropriation ordinance is prepared and a public hearing is held. The Commission may again make adjustments to the budget following the public hearing, after which time, the Commission passes the appropriation ordinance in final form.

Fiscal Year 2019 marked the seventh year in a row where the final budget was adopted before start of the year. It was completed in late April and presented in mid-May with an adoption of a final budget on June 24th. This revised budget calendar was developed in Fiscal Year 2013 in an effort to improve understandability of our financial plans and to improve staff and commission efficiency. The overall goal of the City's financial policies is to establish and maintain effective management of the City's financial resources.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK



The charts contained on this page were developed from information obtained by using the Economic Profile System (EPS), for the City of Bozeman, made available from Headwaters Economics, an independent, nonprofit research group. The statistics are from multiple federal sources – Bureau of Economic Analysis and Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, and Bureau of Labor Statistics, as well as the U.S. Department of Labor. The other source of this information is the Bureau of Business and Economic Research (BBER) a research and public service branch of the University of Montana's School of Business Administration. The Bureau is regularly involved in a wide variety of activities, including economic analysis and forecasting.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA

Regionally, Bozeman is located in southwestern MT in Gallatin County. "Bozeman's overall cost of living was 1.8 percent above the national average as of August 2018, compared to 259 other urban areas in the U.S. As seen in the following figure, in the second quarter of 2018 the housing index score was 108.2, meaning that area housing was 8.2 percent above the national average for the quarter. The average price of a new 2,400 square foot home on an 8,000 square foot lot that met the index collection specifications was \$373,872. The average monthly rental rate for a 950 square foot apartment in the Bozeman area that met the index collection specifications was \$1,121. Mortgage rates are also taken into consideration when computing the housing index score. For Bozeman

residents, all expense categories except for utilities and transportation came in above national averages for the second quarter of 2018. To put Bozeman's index scores in perspective, the table to the right includes the cities with the most expensive and least expensive composite scores for the quarter—Manhattan, NY and Harlingen, TX, respectively. The table also includes the comparable cities to Bozeman in the Western region that participate in the index, as well as Prospera's calculation of how much expensive each city is in comparison to Bozeman."

-As cited by Prospera Business Network, 2019 Economic Profile of Gallatin and Park Counties, Montana.

2nd Quarter 2018 Cost of Living Index Comparison (from least to most expensive, out of 259 communities.)

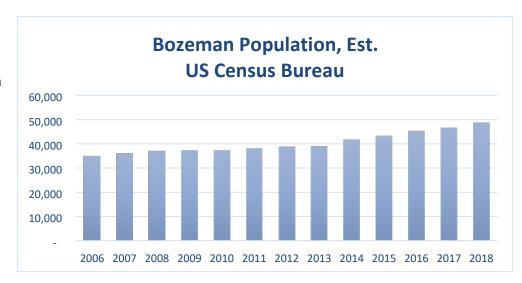
| PLACE | COMPOSITE | GROCERIES | HOUSING | UTILITIES | TRANSPORTATION | HEALTH CARE | GOODS & SERVICES | RANK | % MORE/LESS EXPENSIVE (Moving From Bozeman To This City) |
|--|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|------|--|
| Harlingen, TX Least Expensive Q2 2018 | 75.7 | 82.9 | 59.2 | 97.6 | 84.5 | 86.0 | 76.3 | 1 | -25.64 |
| Cedar City, UT | 88.1 | 92.0 | 73.9 | 98.6 | 107.1 | 84.8 | 90.6 | 46 | -13.46 |
| Laramie, WY | 90.1 | 98.4 | 76.7 | 87.5 | 85.1 | 96.5 | 98.8 | 70 | -11.49 |
| Boise, ID | 97.3 | 95.5 | 89.5 | 87.2 | 114.8 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 168 | -4.42 |
| Pierre, SD | 98.5 | 99.9 | 114.6 | 92.0 | 86.2 | 97.3 | 90.1 | 183 | -3.24 |
| Bozeman, MT | 101.8 | 104.5 | 108.2 | 85.9 | 92.8 | 106.3 | 101.8 | 197 | n/a |
| Olympia, WA | 105.0 | 110.3 | 97.8 | 93.2 | 126.4 | 122.5 | 104.2 | 207 | 3.14 |
| Denver, CO | 111.4 | 100.3 | 136.9 | 79.2 | 105.4 | 101.4 | 107.2 | 216 | 9.43 |
| Portland, OR | 130.1 | 112.2 | 179.8 | 87.4 | 120.8 | 109.1 | 114.1 | 240 | 27.80 |
| San Francisco, CA | 190.0 | 130.8 | 344.6 | 125.7 | 135.2 | 127.3 | 128.8 | 258 | 86.64 |
| Manhattan, NY Most Expensive Q2 2018 | 238.3 | 144.0 | 503.4 | 119.6 | 122.8 | 113.2 | 140.6 | 259 | 134.09 |

FOR THE YEAR

Significant Developments during the year include:

Continued Growth:

Continued Growth – Bozeman's most recent evidence of continued growth includes the US Census data showing an estimated population increase of 4.2% this year, on top of the 3.0% increase for last year. The City has experienced strong building permit activity and increased traffic counts and congestion on City streets. Much of this year's budget was adopted in response to the prolonged growth that Bozeman continues to experience.





<u>Passage of Bond Resolution for the Bozeman Public Safety Center:</u> On the November 11th, 2018 ballot, the citizens of Bozeman voted to issue \$36,965,000 in General Obligation bonds to fund the

building of the Bozeman Public Safety Center, which is to house the Police, City Attorneys, Municipal Court, one Fire Station and public use spaces. Construction efforts began in early 2019, and are estimated to be completed in

2021. The bonds were successfully sold in September of 2019 and will be repaid using the City's taxing authority.

<u>Parks and Trails Maintenance District:</u> In July of 2018, the City Commission voted to adopt the silver level of service for the Staffing and Implementation plan for the Park & Trail District. In March of 2019, the City Commission voted to use a five-year startup period for the district. The



challenges of the implementation include an increase in the number of parks that staff needs to maintain, an increase in the level of basic services provided by the City's parks, and an increase in the amount of repair/replacement projects that are undertaken each year. The creation of the district will go on a future ballot to be voted on by the citizens of Bozeman.

FOR THE FUTURE

Fiscal Year 2020 Strategic Plan Priorities: The Bozeman City Commission review the seven priorities from FY19 and removed the Bozeman Public Safety Center, which was supported by City voters. They also removed Partnerships for Education and Learning because in FY19 great strides were made with Montana State University and the Bozeman School District that are continuing in FY20. The remaining five became the priories for FY20 and the budget. The "Big 5" are: Community Outreach, Affordable Housing, Planning & Land Use Initiatives, Annexation Analysis & Study, and the Parks Maintenance District. In addition to these top five priorities, five new projects are included in the FY20 efforts: 1% for Art Program Establishment, Intersection Level of Service Communication, Sewer Capacity Communication, Street Light Study, and the Vendor Gender Pay project.



Parks & Trails Maintenance District: The Parks & Trails Maintenance District will be placed on a ballot to be voted on by the citizens of Bozeman. After initially selecting a protest out method, it was decided to bring the creation to a vote. If the Parks & Trails Maintenance district ballot item passes, the City would be looking to create the district in FY21. This district would remove the parks, recreation and aquatics expenditures out of the general fund, and would levy a special assessment to pay for the personnel, operating and capital expenditures in the future.

Planning Processes:

The City plans for the long-term needs of our community through a number of efforts and studies. These documents are usually developed by consultants and staff, with numerous public hearings and advisory board meetings held prior to their formal adoption by the Commission. Once adopted, City staff works diligently to implement the recommendations and changes outlined in the plans. The primary planning documents are:

City Strategic Plan:

Adopted April, 2018

Plans for Service Provision, Facility Expansion & Maintenance:

- Bozeman Community Plan—Adopted 2010.
- Bozeman Area Transportation Plan—Adopted 2017.
- Police Services Facility & Staffing Plan—Adopted
- 2007. Currently being updated.
- Fire Services Master Plan— Adopted 2017.
- Wastewater Facility Plan—Adopted 2015.
- Water Facility Plan—Adopted 2017.
- Stormwater Facility Plan—Presented February 2008.
- Parks, Recreation, Open Space, and Trails Plan—Adopted 2007.
- Municipal Climate Action Plan—Adopted 2008.
- Community Climate Action Plan Adopted 2011.
- Economic Development Plan—Adopted 2017.
- Downtown Improvement Plan—Adopted 2010.

Plans for Facility Maintenance:

- Downtown Improvement Plan—Adopted 2010. Currently being updated Aquatics Facility Survey for Swim Center & Bogert Park Pool—July 2008.
- City-Owned Facility Assessments—2008, with updates ongoing.



Financial Plans:

- Downtown Improvement Plan—Adopted 2010.
- Annual Budget—Adopted each June.
- Capital Improvements Plan Updated & adopted each year; recently for FY20-FY24.
- Water Rate Study (5 Years) Updated for FY19-FY23.
- Wastewater Rate Study (5 Years) Updated for FY19-FY23.
- Impact Fee Studies (Water, Sewer, Streets, Fire) Updated in FY18.

Strategic Plan

With the adoption of the Strategic plan, the FY19 budget incorporated efforts to implement each of the vision statements. The highlights of the impact on the budget include:

- Engaged Community The City's first Communications 1. Coordinator position, initially funded in FY18, played a key role in our community engagement efforts in FY19. This position significantly advances our work to foster a culture of civic engagement by creating a detailed communication plan for the organization, expand outreach to the community, and oversee a citizen engagement process. Communication and outreach is one of the seven priorities for this fiscal year.
- Innovative Economy Several Strategic Plan action items, which can also be found in the 2016 Economic Development Strategy, will be implemented through the ongoing work of the Economic Development Department this year.
- Safe, Welcoming Community The Bozeman Public Safety Facility construction began in FY19 after a voter approved ballot

3. measure to issue bonds to cover the construction costs. The facility is slated to be in use in 2021.



- 4. Well Planned City To consistently improve our community's quality of life as it grows, the priorities of *Planning and Land Use Initiatives* and *Annexation Analysis and Study* are included in FY19's efforts and continued into FY20. Work continues on the *Parks & Trails Maintenance District* with the City Commission adopting a "silver" level of service and a five-year implementation plan. The creation of the district will go on the ballot to vote in the near future.
- 5. <u>Creative, Learning Culture</u> We partnered with MSU, utilizing their student and faculty population to accomplish some strategic plan action items through college-level class assignments. This was a new partnership for education and learning between the City and the University that has not existed in the past.
- 6. <u>Sustainable</u><u>Environment</u> –

In FY19, the City presented the Climate Action & Resiliency Plan to help guide the City in its sustainability efforts. In September 2019, the Bozeman Climate Team was created to assist with the development of the Bozeman climate plan. The City also established a Drought Reserve and corresponding utility fee for excess water usage to fund the drought reserve in FY20.

7. <u>High Performance Organization</u> – Maintaining the City's current levels of service and implementing action items in the Strategic Plan requires the additional staff that has been included in the FY20 budget. FY20 focuses on Public Safety, and includes the addition of 3 new Firefighting positions. A



total of 15.85 full time equivalents (FTE) were added in the FY20 budget to meet the needs of the growing City.







FINANCIAL POLICIES

The overall goal of the City's financial policies is to establish and maintain effective management of the city's financial resources. Formal policy statements and major objectives provide the foundation for achieving this goal.

The City avoids budgetary practices that balance current expenditures at the expense of meeting future years' expenses and seeks to maintain a diversified and stable revenue base that is estimated in a realistic and conservative manner. For one-time revenues, highest priority is given to the funding of capital assets or other non-recurring expenditures.

On-going expenditures are limited to levels which can be supported by current revenues. Construction projects and capital purchases of \$25,000 or more are included in the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), with all capital purchases of \$5,000 or more reported as capital outlays in the financial statements. Minor capital outlays of less than \$5,000 are included in the regular operating budget.

Spending of resources happen in the following order (they are categorized according to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for state and local governments, with the following general definitions):

• <u>Restricted</u> -- Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government) through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.

- <u>Committed</u> -- Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City Commission; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Commission takes action to remove or change the constraint.
- <u>Assigned</u> -- Amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Commission or by an official or body to which the Commission delegates the authority. The City Commission delegates this authority to the City Manager.
- <u>Unassigned</u> -- Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

Long-term debt is limited to capital improvements which cannot be financed from current revenues and repays borrowed funds within a period that does not exceed the expected useful life of the project. The City does not use long-term debt for financing current operations and adheres to a policy of full public disclosure with regard to the issuance of debt.

A minimum level of general fund reserve equal to 2 months of annual revenues, or 16.67%, is maintained. This reserve is committed to be used for: cash flow purposes, accrued employee payroll benefits which are not shown as a liability, unanticipated equipment acquisition and replacement, and to enable the city to meet unexpected expenditure demands or revenue shortfalls.

The City manages and accounts for its financial activity in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The city maintains its accounting records for general governmental operations on a modified accrual basis, with revenues recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures recorded when services or goods are received and liabilities incurred. Accounting records for proprietary fund types and similar trust funds are maintained on an accrual basis, with all revenues recorded when earned and expenses recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, without regard to receipt or payment of cash.

Internal Controls

Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable (but not absolute) assurance of the safeguarding of assets against loss, theft or misuse. They are also designed to aid in the reliability of financial records. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

In developing and evaluating the City's accounting system, great consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. We believe that the City of Bozeman's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

The State of Montana requires a biannual audit of the books of accounts, financial records, and transactions of all administrative departments of the City by independent certified accountants selected by the City Commission. It is the belief of the City Commission and Executive staff that an annual audit assures a higher level of financial management and fiscal responsibility. This policy, along with the legal requirements, has been complied with and the auditors' opinion of Anderson, ZurMuehlen & Co. P.C., has been included in this report.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers' Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Bozeman for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the 35th consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirement and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department, with a special thanks to Assistant Controller Brandi Higgins. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the governing body of the City, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Sincerely,

City Manager

Kristin Donald, MBA Director of Finance

Brian LaMeres, CPA City Controller

GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION CERTIFICATE



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

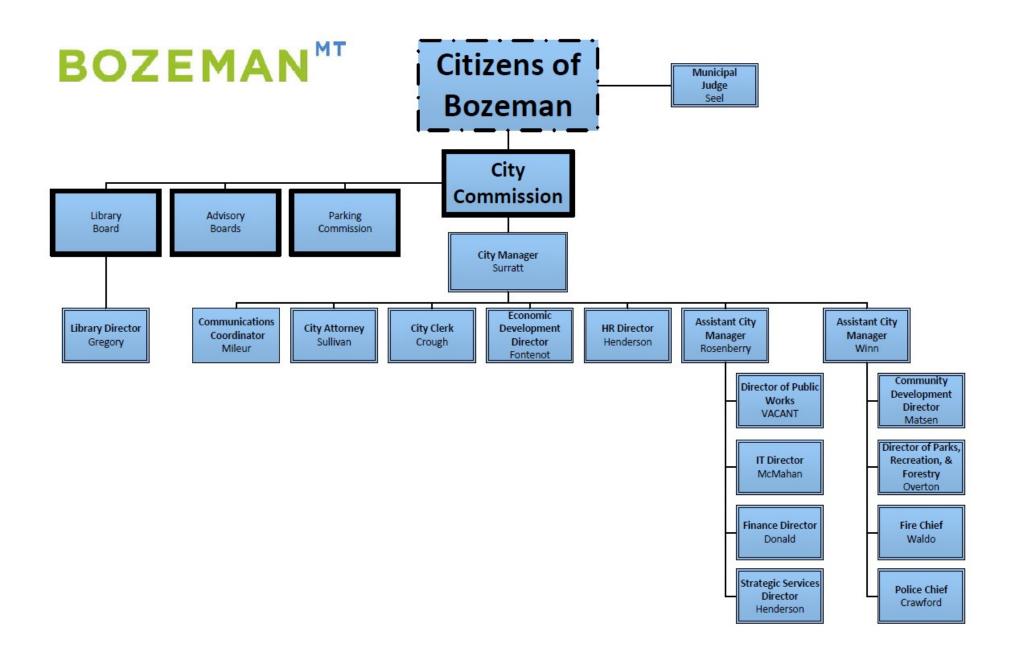
City of Bozeman Montana

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA CITY ELECTED OFFICIALS AND OFFICERS Fiscal Year 2019

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Legislative

Cynthia Andrus Mayor

Christopher MehlDeputy MayorJeffrey KraussCommissionerI-Ho PomeroyCommissionerTerence CunninghamCommissioner

Judicial

Karl Seel Municipal Judge

Colleen Herrington Municipal Judge

OFFICERS

Executive

Andrea Surratt City Manager

Chuck Winn Assistant City Manager
Anna Rosenberry Assistant City Manager

Robin Crough City Clerk

Department of Law

Gregory Sullivan City Attorney
Bekki Mclean Chief Prosecutor

Timothy A. Cooper
Karen Stambaugh
Kyla Murray
Kyla Murray
City Attorney/Prosecutor
Samantha Niesen
City Attorney/Prosecutor
Ed Hirsch
City Attorney/Prosecutor

Department of Finance

Kristin Donald, MBA Finance Director

Brian LaMeres, CPA Controller
Laurae Clark Treasurer

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA CITY ELECTED OFFICIALS AND OFFICERS Fiscal Year 2019

OFFICERS (CONTINUED)

Department of Economic Development

Brit Fontenot Director of Economic Development

Department of Information Technology

Scott McMahan Information Technology Director

Department of Human Resources

James Henderson **Human Resources Director**

Department of Public Safety

Steve Crawford Chief of Police

James Veltkamp Deputy Chief of Police

Fire Chief Josh Waldo

Deputy Fire Chief of Operations Michael Maltaverne

Deputy Fire Chief – Fire Marshal Scott Mueller

Department of Public Service

Vacant (filled 7/15/19) Director of Public Service

Shawn Kohtz City Engineer

Director of Strategic Services Jon Henderson

Superintendent of Water and Waste Water Operations John Alston

Superintendent of Street Operations John Van Delinder Superintendent of Sanitation Operations Kevin Handelin Superintendent of Water Treatment Plant Eric Campbell Thomas Radcliffe Superintendent of Water Reclamation Facility

Superintendent of Facilities Mike Gray

Department of Public Welfare

Mitch Overton Director of Parks & Recreation Thomas White Superintendent of Parks & Cemetery

Recreation Program Manager Jamie Saitta

Elizabeth Hill Aquatics Manager

Susan Gregory Director of Bozeman Public Library

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA CITY ELECTED OFFICIALS AND OFFICERS Fiscal Year 2019

OFFICERS (CONTINUED)

Department of Planning and Community Development

Martin Matsen

Chris Saunders Brian Krueger Director of Planning and Community Development

Community Development Manager Development Review Manager

PART II

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and City Manager of the City of Bozeman, Montana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Bozeman, Montana (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Bozeman, Montana, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information – General Fund and Special Revenue Major Funds, Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB), and Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of Bozeman's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplemental information, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Anderson zur Mushlen ¿ Co., P.C.
Bozeman, Montana

December 16, 2019

| Α. | MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS |
|----|--------------------------------------|
| | |
| | |

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Bozeman's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter on page 1 and the City's financial statements, which begin on page 37.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 37 thru 39) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 40. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins on page 23. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's *net position* and *changes in net position*. You can think of the City's net position, the difference between assets and deferred outflows, what the citizens own, and liabilities and deferred inflows, what the citizens owe, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base, income tax base, and the condition of the City's capital assets (roads, buildings, water and sewer lines) to assess the *overall health* of the City.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities—Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including police, fire, public works, parks, and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services, state shared revenues, court fines, and recreation fees finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities—The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, waste water, storm water, solid waste, and parking systems are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the City's funds begins on page 29. The fund financial statements begin on page 40 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the City Commission establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like Street Maintenance District Funds) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (like grants received from the Office of Violence Against Women). The City's two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds--Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation on pages 42 and 44 of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds—When the City charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of the proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. We use internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities, such as the Vehicle Maintenance Fund and Health Insurance Fund. Internal service fund activity is reported as governmental activity in the government-wide statements since this activity, the financing of goods and services for other funds of the government, is more governmental than business-type in nature.

The City as Trustee

Reporting the City's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for other funds, including the Municipal Court Fund, the Montana Arts Council Fund (Montana Ballet, Bozeman Symphony Orchestra, and Big Sky Association for the Arts), and the CMC Bozeman Asbestos Site Remediation Fund. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The guidelines for the administration of these funds are contained in applicable financial agreements and/or City ordinances. These documents contain the rules governing the receipt, expenditure, and management of the City's fiduciary funds. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position on page 50 and in the Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities-Agency Funds on page 184. As the statements reflect, the financial activity during the year for these funds is nominal. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City's *combined* net position increased by \$26.7 million this year as compared to a \$34.2 million increase last year. The smaller increase this year was mainly due to expenses increasing more than revenues compared to last year. Total revenues this year decreased by \$3.4 million while total expenses increased by \$4.2 million.

The decrease in total revenues was primarily due to a \$2 million decrease in Charges for Services and a \$2.5 million decrease in Restricted Capital Grants & Contributions, which mainly consists of street, water, wastewater, and stormwater infrastructure provided by private developers. These decreases were partially offset by a \$1.3 million increase in Property Tax revenue. The specific contributing factors are outlined in the following discussion. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

The net position of the City's governmental activities increased by \$14.3 million, or 8.5%, from \$166.9 million last year compared to \$181.2 million this year due to revenues exceeding expenses, the details of which are discussed below. *Unrestricted* net position for governmental activities, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements increased by \$11.5 million, or 171.7%, from negative (\$6.7) million to a positive \$4.8 million. The reason for this unrestricted net position being negative in prior years was the implementation

Table 1
Net Position
(in Millions)

| | Governmental | | | Business-type | | | | Total | | | | |
|---|--------------|-------------|----|---------------|--------------|----|-------------|-------|--------------------|----|-------------|--|
| | | Activities | | | Activities | | | | Primary Government | | | |
| | | <u>2019</u> | | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> | | <u>2018</u> | | <u>2019</u> | | <u>2018</u> | |
| Current and Other Assets | \$ | 58.0 | \$ | 61.6 | \$ 44.8 | \$ | 40.7 | \$ | 102.8 | \$ | 102.4 | |
| Capital Assets | _ | 177.1 | | 157.4 | 283.1 | | 274.9 | _ | 460.3 | _ | 432.3 | |
| Total Assets | \$ | 235.2 | \$ | 219.0 | \$ 327.9 | \$ | 315.7 | \$ | 563.1 | \$ | 534.7 | |
| Deferred Outlflows of Resources | | 3.0 | | 6.5 | 0.8 | | 1.8 | _ | 3.8 | _ | 8.3 | |
| Long-term Debt Outstanding | | (43.9) | | (46.7) | (43.8) | | (48.9) | | (87.7) | | (95.6) | |
| Other Liabilities | | (10.1) | | (9.7) | (5.2) | | (3.1) | _ | (15.3) | _ | (12.8) | |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | (54.0) | \$ | (56.4) | \$ (49.0) | \$ | (52.0) | \$ | (103.0) | \$ | (108.4) | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | (2.9) | | (0.8) | (0.8) | | (0.3) | | (3.8) | _ | (1.1) | |
| Net Position: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 155.2 | \$ | 137.1 | \$ 245.2 | \$ | 239.3 | \$ | 400.4 | \$ | 376.4 | |
| Restricted for parking capital projects | | - | | - | 0.1 | | 0.3 | | 0.1 | | 0.3 | |
| Restricted for general government | | 2.5 | | 1.9 | - | | - | | 2.5 | | 1.9 | |
| Restricted for Public Safety | | 4.9 | | 4.4 | - | | - | | 4.9 | | 4.4 | |
| Restricted for Public Service | | 3.2 | | 13.6 | - | | - | | 3.2 | | 13.6 | |
| Restricted for Public Welfare | | 6.6 | | 5.9 | - | | - | | 6.6 | | 5.9 | |
| Restricted for capital projects | | 0.7 | | 3.7 | 9.7 | | 9.3 | | 10.4 | | 13.0 | |
| Restricted for debt service | | 3.3 | | 7.0 | 2.8 | | 3.1 | | 6.2 | | 10.1 | |
| Unrestricted | | 4.8 | | (6.7) | 21.1 | | 14.5 | _ | 25.9 | _ | 7.7 | |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 181.2 | \$ | 166.9 | \$ 278.9 | \$ | 266.4 | \$ | 460.1 | \$ | 433.38 | |

position being negative in prior years was the implementation of GASB Statement 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", which required the City to record its share of employee retirement for the first time.

The net position of the City's business-type activities increased by \$12.5 million, or 4.7%, from \$266.4 million to \$278.9 million, due primarily to a continuing trend of revenues provided by charges for services exceeding total expenses. This operating surplus combined with a decrease in long-term debt outstanding caused *Unrestricted* Net Position to increase by \$6.6 million, or 45.3%, from \$14.5 to \$21.1 million. This net position cannot be used to make up for deficits reported by governmental activities in the event any such deficits were reported. The City generally can only use the net position of business-type activities to finance the continuing operations of the water, wastewater, solid waste, stormwater, and parking operations.

The City's total revenues (excluding special items) decreased by 3.2%, or \$3.4 million, from \$106.5 million to \$103 million, driven primarily by a \$2 million decrease in Charges for Services, (Utility Charges and Street/Tree/Arterial Collector District Assessments) and a \$2.4 million decreased in Restricted Capital Grants & Contributions (which includes water, wastewater, stormwater, road, and park infrastructure provided by private developers).

Property Taxes under General Revenues increased by \$1.3 million, while Unrestricted Operating Grants & Contributions and Other General Revenues decreased by \$1.5 and \$1 million respectively. These will be discussed later in more detail.

The total cost of all programs and services increased by \$4.2 million, or 6%, from \$72.2 million last year to \$76.4 million this year. Public Safety (Police, Fire, and Building Inspection) and Public Service (mainly Street Maintenance) saw increases of \$1.1 and \$1.3 million respectively while General Government increased \$400,000 and Waste water increased \$800,000.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (in Millions)

| | Governmental | | | | Busine | | | Total | | | | |
|---|----------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|-------|--------------------|----|-------------|--|
| | Activities | | | | Activities | | | | Primary Government | | | |
| | <u>2019</u> | | <u>2018</u> | | <u>2019</u> | | <u>2018</u> | | <u>2019</u> | | <u>2018</u> | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$ 21.8 | \$ | 22.5 | \$ | 28.4 | \$ | 29.8 | \$ | 50.3 | \$ | 52.3 | |
| Restricted Operating Grants & Contributions | 5.4 | | 3.0 | | 0.1 | | 0.1 | | 5.5 | | 3.2 | |
| Restricted Capital Grants & Contributions | 6.6 | | 7.7 | | 8.3 | | 9.7 | | 14.9 | | 17.4 | |
| General Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | 23.8 | | 22.5 | | - | | - | | 23.8 | | 22.5 | |
| Unrestricted Operating Grants & Contributions | 4.7 | | 6.2 | | - | | - | | 4.7 | | 6.2 | |
| Other General Revenues | 2.5 | | 2.4 | | 1.4 | _ | 2.5 | _ | 3.9 | | 4.9 | |
| Total Revenues | 64.8 | | 64.3 | | 38.2 | _ | 42.1 | _ | 103.1 | | 106.5 | |
| Program Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | 10.3 | | 9.9 | | - | | - | | 10.3 | | 9.9 | |
| Public Safety | 19.7 | | 18.6 | | - | | - | | 19.7 | | 18.6 | |
| Public Service | 9.9 | | 8.6 | | - | | - | | 9.9 | | 8.6 | |
| Public Welfare | 9.7 | | 9.5 | | - | | - | | 9.7 | | 9.5 | |
| Interest and Fiscal Fees | 0.8 | | 0.8 | | - | | - | | 0.8 | | 0.8 | |
| Water | - | | - | | 10.0 | | 9.8 | | 10.0 | | 9.8 | |
| Waste Water | - | | - | | 9.3 | | 8.5 | | 9.3 | | 8.5 | |
| Solid waste | - | | - | | 4.7 | | 4.5 | | 4.7 | | 4.5 | |
| Non-major activities | | | <u> </u> | | 2.0 | _ | 2.0 | _ | 2.0 | | 2.0 | |
| Total Expenses | 50.4 | | 47.4 | | 26.1 | | 24.8 | | 76.4 | | 72.2 | |
| Excess (deficiency) before | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| special items and transfers | 14.4 | | 16.9 | | 12.1 | | 17.3 | | 26.8 | | 34.3 | |
| Sale of Capital Assets | 0.2 | | 0.0 | | (0.2) | | - | | (0.0) | | 0.0 | |
| Transfers | (0.5) | | (0.7) | | 0.5 | _ | 0.7 | _ | | _ | | |
| Increase (decrease) in net position | \$ 14.1 | \$ | 16.2 | \$ | 12.4 | \$ | 18.0 | \$ | 26.6 | \$ | 34.2 | |
| Net position - beginning | 166.9 | | 150.7 | _ | 266.5 | _ | 248.5 | _ | 433.3 | _ | 399.2 | |
| Net position - ending | \$ 181.0 | \$ | 166.9 | \$ | 278.9 | \$ | 266.5 | \$ | 460.0 | \$ | 433.4 | |

Our analysis on the following pages separately considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the year from governmental activities increased by .9%, or \$500,000, from \$64.3 million to \$64.8 million, while total expenses increased by 6.1%, or \$2.9 million, from \$47.4 million to \$50.4 million. Property Tax revenues increased by \$1.3 million, or 5.7%, from \$22.5 million to \$23.8 million. Charges for services, which include Street Assessments and Fire and Street Impact Fees, realized a net decrease of \$700,000, or 2.9%, from \$22.5 million to \$21.8 million.

Restricted Capital Grants and Contributions (developer-provided infrastructure reported under Program Revenues) decreased by 1.1 million, or 14%, from \$7.7 million to \$6.6 million. These and the other contributing factors listed below are primarily responsible for this year's change in net position.

Charges for services decreased by \$600,000, or 2.9%, from \$22.5 million last year to \$21.8 million this year. Street Impact Fees decreased by \$1.2 million, or 22%, from \$5.5 million last year to \$4.3 million due to a decrease in development requiring expansion of the City's transportation system. Street Maintenance District assessment revenue increased by 5% by \$252,362 from \$5.46 to \$5.7 million due to rate increases approved by the City Commission pursuant to policy adopted to address deferred street infrastructure maintenance and to build a reserve for curb and sidewalk replacement. However, Arterial & Collector District assessment revenue decreased by 28%, or \$506,876, from \$1.8 to \$1.3 million due to a planned reduction in assessments which was offset by an increase in intergovernmental Gas Tax revenue. Fire impact fee revenues also decreased this year, falling 12.3%, or \$73,536, from \$600,000 to \$525,828.

<u>Property Tax collections</u> increased by nearly \$1.3 million, or 5.7%, from \$22.5 million last year to \$23.8 million this year. The number of total property tax mills levied increased by 3.91 mills from 187.33 to 191.24, or 2.1%. The mill value also increased by 3.1%, or \$3,126, from \$89,325 to \$101,195. These two factors combined with new construction and continued growth in the number of taxpayers fueled this year's increase in property tax revenue.

Property Tax revenues in each of the City's Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts also increased moderately this year, with the exception of the North Park Urban Renewal District where revenues decreased by \$41,922, or 74.8%, from \$56,062 last year to \$14,140 as the result of the latest property reappraisal continued to take effect after the Montana Department of Revenue changed its appraisal cycle from every 6 years to every 2 years, which also had the effect of shifting the tax burden from commercial to residential property owners.

While property tax revenues did increase City-wide, it is important to note that this year's tax levy was still 15.89 mills, or approximately \$1,657,661, below the statutory maximum allowable tax rate.

Restricted Capital Grants and Contributions (reported under Program Revenues) decreased by \$1.1 million, or 14%, from \$7.7 million to \$6.6 million, due to the dollar amount of general infrastructure provided by developers being lower this year than last. Contributed road/transportation infrastructure did increase by \$857,223, or 21.7%, from \$3.9 million last year to \$4.8 million this year. However, contributed parkland and infrastructure declined by 47.9%, or \$1.2 million, from \$2.6 million last year to \$1.4 million this year, and there was no contributed recreation capital this year compared to the \$1 million Boys & Girls Club building at the Story Mill Community Park which was reported last year.

<u>Program Expenses</u> increased by 6.1%, or \$3 million, from \$47.4 million to \$50.4 million with Public Safety and Public Service being the primary drivers of the increase at \$1.1 and 1.3 million respectively. Personnel costs for Public Safety accounted for \$723,000 of this increase due to departments being closer to fully-staffed than in previous years, with Police, Fire and Building Inspection increasing 4%, 3%, and 14% respectively. Additional information about Police and Fire is available in the later discussion of the General Fund. Supplies and Contracted Service expenses charged to the Police Department increased by 13%, or \$83,592, from \$660,293 last year to \$743,885 this year due to new mobile computers and accessories in addition to new contracted services this year with Rocky Mountain Security amounting to \$31,257.

Public Service expenses reported under Governmental Activities consist mainly of street maintenance and reconstruction activities. Personnel costs remained fairly steady, so significant increases this year were due to non-personnel operational costs, including supplies and materials and non-construction contracted maintenance services such as seal-coating and pavement marking, which increased by \$862,951, or 26%, from \$3.3 million to \$4.1 million.

The cost of all *governmental activities* this year was \$50.4 million compared to \$47.4 million last year. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on page 43 under Net (Expense) Revenue for Total governmental activities, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through City taxes and other general revenues was only \$16,442,349 because some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$21,849,866 in Charges for Services) or by other governments, organizations, or developers that subsidized certain programs with operating and capital grants and contributions (\$5,419,750 plus \$6,593,221 = \$12,013,092).

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's six largest programs—Police, Fire, Public Service, Library, Parks and Recreation—as well as each program's *net cost* (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Business-type Activities

Total revenues of the City's business-type activities (see Table 2) decreased by \$4.1 million, or 9.4% (\$38.2 million this year compared to \$42.1 million last year) while expenses increased by \$1.3 million, or 4.7% (\$26.1 million compared to \$24.8 million last year).

The decrease in revenues was due in part to a \$1.4 million decrease in Restricted Capital Grants & Contributions, which consisted primarily of privately constructed water, wastewater, and stormwater infrastructure that was contributed to the City by developers. Charges for Services also decreased by \$1.4 million and Other General Revenues decreased by \$1.1 million. The details are explained in the following section.

Table 3 Governmental Activities (in Millions)

Net Cost

Total Cost

| | | of Service | | | of Services | | | | | | |
|----------------|----|------------|-------------|----|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2 | <u>019</u> | <u>2018</u> | 2 | 019 | <u>2018</u> | | | | | |
| Police | \$ | 9.6 \$ | 9.1 | \$ | 8.2 \$ | 7.8 | | | | | |
| Fire | | 6.9 | 6.9 | | 5.5 | 5.6 | | | | | |
| Public Service | | 9.9 | 11.3 | | (3.7) | (3.4) | | | | | |
| Library | | 2.6 | 2.5 | | 1.8 | 1.7 | | | | | |
| Parks | | 2.0 | 2.0 | | 1.7 | 1.7 | | | | | |
| Recreation | | 1.8 | 1.6 | | 1.2 | 1.1 | | | | | |
| All Others | | 17.5 | 14.0 | | 1.6 | (0.2) | | | | | |
| Totals | \$ | 50.3 | 47.4 | \$ | 16.3 \$ | 14.3 | | | | | |

The increase in expenses this year was due to overall increased non-personnel operating costs of \$1.4 million including a \$177,459 expense recorded in Solid Waste to account for the updated estimate of the Story Mill Landfill post-closure liability.

Specific factors driving these and other regular operating results include:

Water The City's water system operating revenue (charges for services) have steadily increased over the past decade as a result of both an increase in the customer base and due to regular rate increases. However, the City Commission voted to hold water rates steady in fiscal years 2014 and 2015 followed by 2.5% rate increases in each of fiscal years 2016 and 2017 and a 2% increase last year. This year's water rate increase amounted to a 3% increase to flat monthly charges and a 5% increase on actual water usage. These rate increases have allowed the City to continue its water distribution pipe replacement program and replace or rehabilitate aging infrastructure every year instead of every two years.

The City's customer-base growth grew by 410 customers, or 3.2%, from 12,852 average active customer accounts last year to 13,262 this year. This level of growth rate is trending more closely to the 5% growth experienced between 2005-2008.

Four years ago the cost of Public Works Administration was reported in the Water Fund instead of the General Fund as in the past, and the Water Fund's administrative overhead was in turn charged out to the various departments which benefit from Public Works Administration. This resulted in \$1,011,644 of administration reimbursement revenue being recorded as part of the \$1,086,293 reported under "Other income" last year. This year a new Internal Service Fund was created to record and report the cost of Public Works Administration, which decreased the amount of "Other income" reported in the Water Fund for this year by 86.9%, or \$944,086, to \$142,207.

Despite the increase in the water rate and in the number of utility customers, total water operating revenues decreased by \$761,717 or 7.5% from \$10.2 million to \$9.4 million. This is because last year was an exceptionally busy year for development for development requiring the provision of water rights, resulting in higher-than-normal revenues related to construction, such as cash-in-lieu of water right revenue. Contributing projects last year included the South University District mixed-use residential/commercial complex, Bozeman High School stadium improvements, and The Springs Assisted Living Facility. This year saw a sharp decline compared to last year's spike, with revenues decreasing \$766,586, or 65%, decrease in cash-in-lieu-of-water-right revenue from \$1,180,122 to \$413,536.

Additionally, the amount of infrastructure contributed by private developers decreased this year. This amount, reported under Restricted Capital Grants and Contributions, decreased by \$495,000, or 10.2%, from \$4.9 million to \$4.4 million this year. Water impact fee revenues also decreased by \$715,241, or 25.9%, from \$2,757,566 to \$2,042,324 due to a decrease in impact-fee qualifying construction during the year. Major collections included \$280,532 for the Icon Apartments at Ferguson Farm, \$110,883 for the One 11 Lofts downtown residential project, \$147,698 for improvements to the stadium at Bozeman High School.

Total operating expenses increased moderately this year by \$166,557, 1.8%, from \$9,237,639 to \$9,404,196. Amounts spent on major projects undertaken during the year include: \$2.7 million on the Sourdough Storage Reservoir, \$232,341 Pear Street Booster Station, \$265,873 South Tracy Avenue Reconstruction, \$160,339 for the Lyman Creek supply system, and \$110,588 for the lead service water line replacement program.

Wastewater Revenues in the Wastewater Fund have generally been increasing over the past 10 years and are estimated at just over \$10 million for the upcoming year. Eight years ago the City borrowed significantly to construct the new Water Reclamation Facility. This debt is being repaid by system users over the subsequent 20 years. Accordingly, the City Commission adopted a two-year rate resolution of a 6% increase for fiscal years 2012 and 2013 and 3% for fiscal years 2014 through fiscal year 2017, a 2% increase last year. This year's water rate increase amounted to a 3% increase to flat monthly charges and a 4% increase on actual wastewater consumption.

Despite the rate increase, combined with the same customer growth experienced in the water system of 410 customers, operating revenues for the year actually decreased by \$459,990, or 4.9%, from \$8,876,017 to \$9,336,007 this year. This is mainly due to last year being an exceptionally busy year with several major projects occurring simultaneously, including the same projects listed under the Water Fund: The South University District, Bozeman High School, and The Springs Assisted Living Facility.

Wastewater impact fee revenues decreased by \$701,309, or 38.7%, from \$1.8 million last year to \$1.1 million this year. Again, the reason for the decrease this year compared to last is mainly because last year was an exceptionally high-volume year. Major wastewater impact fee collections this year included \$109,125 for the Icon Apartments at Ferguson Farm, \$64,865 for the One 11 Lofts downtown residential project, \$43,510 for improvements to the stadium at Bozeman High School.

Wastewater operating expenses increased by \$852,926, or 10.7%, from \$7,958,309 last year to \$8,811,235 driven mainly by a \$181,000 increase in personnel costs and a \$279,300 increase in depreciation expense due to recently-constructed or acquired assets being depreciated for the first time after their first full year of service. Spending on major projects during the year included: \$185,000 for the Peach Street project in the Northeast Urban Renewal Tax Increment Financing District, \$184,000 in planned annual wastewater pipe replacement, \$167,500 for the wastewater infrastructure component of the East Olive Street reconstruction, and \$547,000 in various ongoing "small works" projects to repair and replace equipment at the Water Reclamation Facility in an effort to prevent failure in an emergency situation.

Solid Waste Operating revenues in the Solid Waste fund increased by \$301,978, or 7.7%, from \$3,926,123 to \$4,228,101, due mainly to an increase in the customer base because rates for both for both garbage and recycling did not change for this year. The number of garbage collection customers increased by 560, or 5.4%, from 10,308 last year to 10,868 this year. The number of recycling customers increased by 543, or 15.4%, from 3,513 last year to 4,056 this year.

Operating expenses increased by \$203,846, or 4.5%, from \$4.54 million to \$4.74 million driven mainly by a 34.2% increase in non-personnel operating costs, including \$45,075 for a Solid Waste Rate Study, and a \$95,000 increase, or 150% from \$63,402 to \$158,408, in the amount paid to Four Corners Recycling for processing charges.

The expense recorded this year for the change in estimated post-closure costs of the city landfill was \$177,459 compared to a \$256,903 adjustment last year. Additional information is available in Note 21 on page 120 and in Note 12 on page 81. Spending on other major projects during the year included \$40,000 tank hook system for solid waste collection.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on pages 40-41) reported a *combined* fund balance of \$46,908,475. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is a positive General Fund balance of \$7,739,584, up 3.7% or \$274,816 from \$7,464,768. The following five separate categories of fund balance are recognized, based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts can be spent: nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance. The total of the last three categories, which include only resources without a constraint on spending or for which the constraint on spending is imposed by the government itself, is termed *unrestricted fund balance*. The Government Finance Officers Association's recommends maintaining an *unrestricted general fund balance* of no less than two months of regular general fund operating revenues, or \$5,509,530 for the end of this year. The City's ending general fund balance of \$7,739,584 exceeds this recommendation by \$2,230,054. However, there are other significant assignments detailed below, and these other assignments combined with the minimum reserve requirement leave an Unassigned General Fund Balance of \$-0-. The contributing factors to this year's ending General Fund balance are explained after the table below, followed by an analysis of each of the City's other Major Funds. The general fund balance of \$7,739,584 has been assigned as shown:

| | FY19 ENDING GENERAL FUND BALANCE - TOTAL: | | | | | \$ | 7,739,584 | | |
|---------------------------------|---|----|---------|----|-----------|----|-----------|--|--|
| ASS | IGNMENTS: | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | CIP / CAPITAL CARRY-OVER BUDGETED IN FY19 BUT NOT TO BE SPENT UNTIL FY20: | | | | | | | | |
| | Cemetery: GF231 Cemetery Irrigation Project | \$ | 195,196 | | | | | | |
| | Cemetery: GF268 Southwest Montana Veteran's Cemetery | \$ | 86,084 | | | | | | |
| | Cemetery: GF116 Cemetery Vehicle Replacements | \$ | 50,000 | | | | | | |
| | Facilities: GF199 Professional Building Remodel | \$ | 37,031 | | | | | | |
| | Facilities: GF241 City Hall Air Handler Unit Replacement | \$ | 50,000 | | | | | | |
| | Facilities: GF244 Fiscal Year 2017 Library Site Drainage | \$ | 11,000 | | | | | | |
| | Facilities: GF258 Library Exterior Door ADA Operator Replacement | \$ | 12,000 | | | | | | |
| | Facilities: GF274 City Hall - Bozeman Creek Improvements | \$ | 16,500 | | | | | | |
| | Human Resources: Office Equipment & Furniture | \$ | 5,000 | | | | | | |
| | Information Technology: GF199 Professional Building Remodel | \$ | 136,186 | | | | | | |
| | Parks: GF115 Park Vehicle Replacements | \$ | 50,000 | | | | | | |
| | Police: GF053 Patrol Vehicle Replacement | \$ | 56,974 | | | | | | |
| | Recreation: GF297 Swim Center Roor Replacement | \$ | 26,000 | | | | | | |
| | Sustainability: Climate Action & Resilience Plan | \$ | 83,957 | | | | | | |
| | TOTAL CIP / CAPITAL-CARRY OVER ITEMS: | | | \$ | 815,928 | | | | |
| 2 | 16.67% MINIMUM RESERVE LEVEL REQUIRED BY CITY CHARTER (2 MONTHS OF REVENUES): | | | \$ | 5,509,530 | | | | |
| 3 | FY20 BUDGET: FY19 YEAR-END FUND BALANCE NEEDED TO BALANCE FY20 BUDGET: | | | \$ | 1,414,126 | _ | | | |
| TOTAL GENERAL FUND ASSIGNMENTS: | | | | | | | | | |
| | UNASSIGNED GENERAL FUND BALANCE - FY19: | | | | | \$ | 0 | | |

General Fund The City's general fund balance increased by \$274,816, or 3.7%, from \$7,464,768 last year to \$7,739,584 this year. The City had budgeted for ending fund balance to actually decrease by \$2.1 million, but actual revenues and other financing sources ended up exceeding budgeted expectations by \$251,000 while actual expenditures and other financing uses were under budget by \$2.2 million. Some of this budget savings is reflected in the unspent TOTAL CIP/CAPITAL CARRY-OVER ITEMS listed in the preceding table while other savings were realized through careful and conservative budgetary management practices implemented throughout all City departments.

Property tax revenues increased in the General Fund by \$971,146 or 6.2%, from \$15,689,264 to \$16,660,410, and the number of total property tax mills levied increased by 5.3 mills, or 3.9%, from 134.39 to 139.69. This increase in the number of mills levied and the increase in the value of one mill of \$3,126, or 3.1%, from \$101,195 to \$104,321 drove the increase in General Fund property tax revenues, which was also fueled by continued growth in the number of City taxpayers. This year's results continue the trend reported two years ago, which saw a 3.2% increase in mill value, compared to a 13.3% spike last year due to the timing and nature of the property appraisal cycle change by the State. In 2017, the Montana Department of Revenue accelerated its appraisal cycle from every 6 years to every 2 years.

Intergovernmental revenues increased by \$226,192, or 2.9%, from \$7,686,022 last year to \$7,912,214, compared to a \$292,320, or 4%, increase reported last year. Montana State Entitlement Share revenue accounted for \$91,505, or 40%, of this increase. Entitlement Share began in 2001 as a replacement to the City's dedicated revenue sources from personal property tax reimbursements and taxes on motor vehicles, gaming, alcohol, and banking, among others. After several stagnant years of minimal or no change, Entitlement Share increased steadily over each of the past five years including a 4% increase two years ago. This year's increase from \$4,324,831 to \$4,416,336 amounted to 2.1%, up from only a .01% increase last year.

The State of Montana's share of City employee retirement (recorded as a revenue) increased modestly by \$10,994, or .4%, from \$2,646,501 to \$2,657,495 compared to a 4% increase last year when this intergovernmental revenue increased by \$246,153 from \$2,400,348 to \$2,646,501. The primary reason for the increase last year and the stabilizing trend this year is due to a new revenue source, Coal Severance Tax contributions, to the State of Montana the Public Employee Retirement System (PERS only).

It is important to note that this revenue and all other amounts reported as regular on-behalf State share of retirement contributions are non-cash book-entries made only in the City's accounting ledger (mostly in Public Safety for Police and Fire employees), which are offset by an equivalent expenditure, resulting in no change to ending fund balance reported in the General Fund.

Total general fund expenditures increased by \$1,785,134, or 6.5%, from \$29,503,543 to \$31,414,549. The largest general fund expenditures continued to be in Public safety, with \$9.5 million (30%) spent on Police and \$6.5 million (21%) spent on Fire. Payroll expenditures across all functions (General government, Public safety, Public service, Public welfare) increased by \$842,013, or 3.7% from \$22,531,001 to \$23,373,014. This increase was due in part to positions continuing to be filled pursuant to the public safety mill levy beginning in 2009. As the department moved closer to being fully staffed, police personnel costs (net of State Share of Retirement) increased by \$307,350 or 4.8%, from \$6,342,270 to \$6,649,620. Fire Department personnel costs (net of State Share of Retirement) increased by \$177,904, or 3.8%, from \$4,685,654 to \$4,863,558.

Other factors contributing to increased expenditures in the General Fund include Public Welfare expenditures (Cemetery, Parks, Recreation, and Library) which increased 227,093, or 3.7% from 6,170,061 to \$6,397,154 and Capital Outlays, which increased by \$750,260 or 107%, from \$704,076 to \$1,454,336. However, while the spending in these categories did increase over last year, expenditures were still under budget. Significant budgeted expenditures which remained unspent at year-end are listed on the previous page under ASSIGNMENTS: CIP / CAPITAL CARRY-OVER.

Notable expenditures in the general fund for the year included a \$546,697 payment to Gallatin County 9-1-1 for the police department's share of the new Motorola radio system, \$168,321 granted to the local Streamline bus system, and a one-time transfer of \$166,188 to the Community Housing Special Revenue Fund.

Also contributing to the strength and relative stability of the General Fund balance is the utilization of conservative budgetary practices. Conservative, yet realistic, revenue estimates, combined with departments operating within their original budgets, naturally has a favorable effect on the bottom line. Maintaining adequate reserves has several internal and external benefits. Internally, reserves can provide for cash flow needs until property tax revenues are received, reducing or eliminating the need for cash flow borrowing; provide funds to leverage state or federal grants; and provide for the unexpected. Externally, reserves tend to be viewed favorably by investors, rating agencies, and local banks with which we do business, thus benefiting rating and the potential need for lines of credit.

The City's General Fund balance was a primary focus of a recent upgrade in the City's General Obligation Bond rating to from Aa2 to Aa1 by Moody's Investor Services. Previously Moody's had assigned a debt rating of Aa3 in November of 2013 and a rating of Aa3 "Positive Outlook" in November of 2015 for the two issuances of Trails, Open Space and Parks general obligation bonds. This affirmed Moody's rating assigned in May, 2012 of Aa3 to the City's General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, issued in the amount of \$3.1 million.

At the same time, Moody's also affirmed the Aa3 rating on the city's rated outstanding general obligation debt not being refunded by this issue, which included \$.6 million outstanding for the 2003 refinancing of the City's General Obligation Transportation Bonds and the remaining bonds issued in 2003 for the new Library. In each instance bond analysts looked favorably on the amount and trend of the General Fund balance in determining the City's bond rating. The recent Moody's Credit Rating Action upgrading the City's General Obligation Bond rating to Aa1 is discussed further in the Debt section on page 36.

As shown on page 138, variances in the General Fund between the original budget of \$34,077,187 and the final budget of \$31,086,187 netted to an overall increase of \$9,000, with some functions reporting increases while others reported decreases to their original budget. Most of this was intentional and done in order to avoid confusing the public safety departments during the year by giving the impression that they had excess budget to spend, and it relates to the State's Share of Retirement entry that is booked annually at fiscal year-end. The \$1.9 million increase to the *Public safety* budget (from \$13,494,338 to \$15,385,838) and \$1.9 million of the \$2.1 million decrease to *Other* (from \$3,356,214 to \$1,182,714) both relate to opposite sides of the same budget amendment made for the State of Montana's share of Police officer and Firefighter retirement. By design, the \$1.9 million of appropriation authority ultimately needed for *Public Safety* was initially budgeted under *Other* to avoid confusion throughout the year, and at year-end this amount was shifted to the *Public Safety* budget to cover the increase in reported expenditures required by this book entry. It is important to note that the entire amount of the State Share of Retirement book entry only/non-cash expenditure is offset ("reimbursed") by intergovernmental revenue booked in the same amount.

Street Maintenance Special Revenue Continuing to rebound from the \$335,227 decrease reported two years ago followed by a \$89,039 increase last year, fund balance increased this year by \$110,191 or 20.8%, from \$528,761 last year to \$638,951 this year, once again due to due to actual revenues exceeding budgeted revenues and actual expenditures being less than budgeted.

Total revenues increased by \$252,590, or 4.4%, from \$5,757,906 last year to \$6,010,497 this year driven primarily by a 5% increase in street maintenance assessment rates combined with a \$219,861 federal air quality grant for a new street sweeper. Actual street maintenance charges for services increased by \$252,361, or 5%, from \$5,460,337 to \$5,712,698 due to this year's rate increase. The customer base increased by 584 parcels this year, or 584, from 17,774 last year to 18,358. Street maintenance revenues would have actually increased by 5.6% due to this if not for a \$52,300 adjustment made for an overbilled account that was billed on its entire square footage instead of being capped at 15,000 square feet as per City Commission Resolution.

Factors driving this year's rate increase include the continued expansion of the City's Street Maintenance Assessment program to include major street reconstruction projects. The first of these was the reconstruction of South 8th Avenue four years ago, followed by Story Street and North Wallace Avenue three years ago, East Olive Street two years ago, and South Tracy Avenue which began last year and continues through this year. Transfers out of the Street Maintenance fund totaled \$695,478 transferred to the Capital Projects Fund to finance the capital expenditures related to the South Tracy Avenue reconstruction project. Debt service payments totaled \$269,723 including \$146,595 for repayment of the State of Montana Intercap loan for the reconstruction of South 8th Avenue. These projects demonstrate the City Commission's continued commitment to addressing deferred street and curb maintenance.

Other major expenditures during the year included \$647,258 spent on general street, curb, and sidewalk improvements, \$223,395 booked for a new grader lease, \$177,687 for a new tandem axle dump truck, \$153,045 for a new dump truck with plow and sander, \$122,517 on sidewalk pedestrian ramps, and \$96,189 spent on advertising street construction updates to the public.

As the very minor \$768 variance of budgeted to actual expenditures indicates, most of the budget was spent this year and there were no significant projects budgeted for but not started by the end of the fiscal year.

Capital Projects Fund Fund balance decreased by \$3,493,898, or 59.6%, from \$5,863,108 last year to \$2,369,210 due to significant spending this year of revenues accumulated in prior years from the issuance of \$15 million in Trails and Open Space (TOP) General Obligation Bonds. Interest income, mainly on the unspent portion of these bond proceeds, totaled \$427,900 this year. Intergovernmental revenue of \$186,670 included a \$125,000 federal grant for the restroom at the TOP Sports Complex and \$61,670 from the federal highway administration to reimburse right-of-way acquisition costs for the TOP Trail to the M project. Other revenue included a \$25,000 donation from the Kiwanis Club for the pavilion at the TOP Sports Park and \$64,100 for cash-in-lieu of required infrastructure payments made by private developers during the year.

Transfers-in from other funds totaled \$1,037,050 and consisted mainly of \$695,478 from the Street Maintenance special revenue fund as the city-wide (non-local) share of the South Tracy Avenue reconstruction project in addition to \$229,900 transferred from the Northeast Urban tax increment financing district special revenue fund to cover the deficit in that district's capital projects budget.

Debt issuance proceeds amounted to \$2,283,000 and included \$583,000 as the final draw of a \$1.4 million tax increment financing bond issued for the Northeast Urban Renewal District (NEURD) to finance various street and infrastructure projects. The remaining \$1.7 million of long-term debt issuance was a loan for the TOP Sports Park project to finance sports field and infrastructure construction and maintenance. The debt will be repaid by fees assessed to the users of the fields.

Major expenditures for the year included \$3.98 million spent on the TOP Sports Park, \$1.27 million spent on the TOP Story Mill Community Park, and \$930,129 spent on the NEURD projects, mostly on reconstruction of Tamarack and Peach Streets.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets As shown in Table 4, at the end of 2019 the City had \$460.3 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads, and water and sewer lines. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of roughly \$28 million, or 6.5% over last year. Refer to capital assets disclosure Note 7 beginning on page 65 for more information.

Table 4
Capital Assets at Year-end
(in Millions)

| | Governmental | | | | Busine | • | • | _ | _ | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|--------|-------------|-------------|----|-------------|
| | Activities | | | | Activ | vities | <u> </u> | Totals | | |
| | <u>2019</u> | | <u>2018</u> | | <u>2019</u> | | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> | | <u>2018</u> |
| Land | \$ 23.9 | \$ | 22.5 | \$ | 2.2 | \$ | 2.2 | \$ 26.2 | \$ | 24.7 |
| Water Rights | - | | - | | 2.1 | | 2.1 | 2.1 | | 2.1 |
| Buildings | 34.4 | | 34.1 | | 113.6 | | 113.5 | 148.0 | | 147.6 |
| Other Structures and Improvements | 1.1 | | 1.1 | | 30.5 | | 30.5 | 31.7 | | 31.6 |
| Machinery & Equipment | 15.6 | | 13.3 | | 10.3 | | 10.2 | 26.0 | | 23.5 |
| Property under Capital Lease | 0.8 | | 0.8 | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | 1.3 | | 1.3 |
| Vehicle | 3.9 | | 3.8 | | 2.2 | | 2.2 | 6.1 | | 6.0 |
| Infrastructure | 211.1 | | 190.3 | | 324.5 | | 310.0 | 535.7 | | 500.3 |
| Subtotal | 290.8 | | 265.9 | | 485.9 | | 471.2 | 777.1 | | 737.1 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | (113.9) | | (108.5) | | (202.8) | | (196.3) | (316.7) | | (304.8) |
| Total Capital Assets | \$ 176.9 | \$ | 157.4 | \$ | 283.1 | \$ | 274.9 | \$ 460.4 | \$ | 432.3 |

Major additions and capital projects underway include the following expenditures made during this year:

| Trail and Open Space Bond: Sports Complex | \$ 3,981,753 |
|--|-----------------|
| Sourdough Water Storage Reservoir | \$ 2,746,989 |
| Baxter Lane improvements: 7th to 19th Avenue | \$ 2,239,342 |
| Baxter and Davis Lane Intersection | \$ 2,117,348 |
| Baxter Lane improvements: 19th Avenue to Davis | \$ 1,436,649 |
| Trail and Open Space Bond: Story Mill Park | \$ 1,271,281 |
| South Tracy Avenue Reconstruction Special Improvement District | \$ 1,263,549 |
| Public Safety 9-1-1 Radios: Police & Fire | \$ 1,009,999 |
| Northeast Urban Renewal District TIF Improvements: Tamarack Street | \$ 919,356 |
| Front Street Interceptor Wastewater Pipeline | \$ 667,765 |
| Street Improvements - Gas Tax: Chip Seal | \$ 628,775 |
| Baxter Lane construction: Ferguson Avenue to Cottonwood Street | \$ 531,996 |
| Street Improvements - Gas Tax: Mill & Overlay | \$ 524,741 |
| South University District / Cattail Creek Basin wastewater line extension | \$ 492,210 |
| (2) Street Sweepers: Street Maintenance District sweeper replacement program | \$ 476,322 |

Debt

At year-end, the City had \$59.6 million in bonds and notes outstanding versus \$57.5 million last year – an increase of \$2.1 million, or 3.7%, as shown in Table 5. This increase was due to new debt issuances (\$6.2 million) exceeding debt repayment for the year (\$4.1 million) during the year.

New debt included additional draws amounting to \$3.1 million for the 5.3 million-gallon Sourdough water storage tank, a \$1.7 million loan for additional turf fields at the TOP Sports Park Complex, \$583,000 for the Northeast Urban Renewal Tax Increment Financing District project improvements, and a \$344,167 Intercap loan for improvements to the Story Mill Park Center and to Bronken Park. Debt repayment included \$1.1 million for the Water Reclamation Facility; \$872,000 for the new Water Plant; \$154,173 for the Stormwater-backed landfill mitigation system loan; \$260,000 for the refinanced transportation General Obligation (GO) Bonds; \$635,000 for the TOP GO Bonds; \$220,000 for the Downtown TIF District Bonds to finance the Parking Facility; and \$234,500 in Special Improvement District debt.

General obligation debt still outstanding, which is reported under Governmental Activities, consists of \$12.4 million for the TOP Bonds along with \$535,000 million in Series 2012 Refunding Bonds issued to refinance both the Series 2003A Transportation Refunding bonds and the Series 2001A / Series 2003B Library Construction Project bonds. Debt reported under Business-Type Activities includes \$21 million of water revenue bonds and \$15.2 million of wastewater revenue bonds issued to finance construction of the new Water Treatment Plant, Water Storage Tank, and Wastewater Reclamation Facility.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt, at Year-end
(in Millions)

| | Governmental | | | tal | Busine | ss-type | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------------|----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | Activities | | | Activ | | | als |
| | | <u>2019</u> | | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> |
| General obligation | | | | | | | | |
| bonds (backed by the City) | \$ | 12.9 | \$ | 13.8 | - | \$ - | \$ 12.9 | \$ 13.8 |
| Tax Increment Financing | | | | | | | | |
| District (TIFD) bonds | | 5.3 | | 5.0 | - | - | 5.3 | 5.0 |
| Special Improvement | | | | | | | | |
| District Debt | | 0.2 | | 0.4 | - | - | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| Notes Payable | | 2.6 | | 0.8 | - | - | 2.6 | 0.8 |
| Lease Payable | | 0.6 | | 0.5 | - | - | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| Water Revenue Bonds | | | | | | | | |
| (backed by specific fee revenues) | | - | | - | 21.0 | 19.1 | 21.0 | 19.1 |
| Wastewater Revenue Bonds | | | | | | | | |
| (backed by specific fee revenues) | | - | | - | 15.2 | 16.4 | 15.2 | 16.4 |
| Stormwater Revenue Bonds | | | | | | | | |
| (backed by specific fee revenues) | | - | | - | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.3 |
| Stormwater Lease Payable | | | | | | | | |
| (backed by specific fee revenues) | | - | | | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Totals | \$ | 21.6 | \$ | 20.5 | \$ 37.8 | \$ 37.0 | \$ 59.4 | \$ 57.5 |

Moody's Investor Services assigned a debt rating of Aa3 in November of 2013 for the first issuance of TOP general obligation bonds. Moody's views the city's financial operations as sound, noting in their report that City officials have delivered operating surpluses in four of the last five audited financial years and that the City has a moderately-sized tax base that did not decline during the recession, in addition to a low debt burden. This affirmed the rating assigned by Moody's in May, 2012 of Aa3 to the City's General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, issued in the amount of \$3.1 million. In October of 2016, Moody's upgraded this rating to Aa2 from Aa3, stating in their Credit Opinion "The Aa2 rating reflects the city's fairly large, growing tax base anchored by Montana State University (Aa3/Stable), improved wealth measures, a trend of sound financial operations and healthy reserve levels, and a limited debt burden that is expected to remain at similar levels in the near-term". Most recently Moody's upgrade the City's bond rating to Aa1. Per Moody's, the upgrade reflects the considerable growth and development in the city's tax base and local economy that is expected to continue. Strong financial management will ensure maintenance of the city's healthy reserves and positive operations going forward. In their Summary Rating Rationale, Moody's goes on to say "The city has considerable operating flexibility with substantial capacity and authority to increase taxes, as well as additional funds outside of the general fund that can be used for operations. The Aa1 also takes into consideration the stabilizing presence of Montana State University. Resident wealth measures are improving, but lag Aa1 medians. Pension liabilities and costs are rising, but manageable given modest debt burden and operating flexibility". More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 9 to the financial statements.

As expressed in the fiscal year 2020 Approved Budget, City officials expect to end next fiscal year with a general fund balance totaling \$5.6 million, which meets the required minimum reserve. This budget adheres to the minimum level of 16 2/3% of operating revenues required by City Charter, which in May of 2011 was amended to include adoption of GFOA's Best Practice for Unreserved General Fund Balance into the City's Budget Administration Ordinance.

Property taxes continue to be the City's primary general revenue source (73.6%), followed by unrestricted grants and contributions (14.4%), and investment earnings (7.7%).

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when adopting the 2019-2020 budget for next fiscal year's tax rates and for fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. Some of these factors include: capital improvements identified in the City's Capital Improvement Program, inflation rates, the City's collective bargaining units, the local economy, and the citizen's ability to pay.

For the year, inflation rates continued to remain at relatively low yet increasing levels. The Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor reported the Consumer Price Index-Unadjusted for All Items at 1.9% for the last calendar year and over the last 12 months the all items index rose 1.8% (as of this report date and before seasonal adjustment), with the energy index actually declining 4.2% over that same time period although increasing again as of the report date. Inflation rates have historically had a significant impact on the cost of City capital projects.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the City's Controller, Assistant Controller, or Finance Director at the City of Bozeman, 121 North Rouse Avenue, Bozeman, Montana 59715.





CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | Total |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| ASSETS | | Activities | Activities | 1 Otal |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 35,254,582 | \$ 25,716,577 | \$ 60,971,159 |
| Restricted cash and investments | Ф | 15,105,705 | 16,933,873 | 32,039,578 |
| | | | | |
| Accrued interest | | 89,969 | 87,030 | 176,999 |
| Receivables, net | | 6,719,086 | 2,032,875 | 8,751,961 |
| Notes receivable | | 556,447 | - | 556,447 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 293,250 | | 293,250 |
| | | 58,019,039 | 44,770,355 | 102,789,394 |
| Capital assets: | | | | |
| Non-depreciable land and water rights | | 23,946,240 | 4,325,355 | 28,271,595 |
| Other capital assets, net of depreciation | | 153,193,037 | 278,816,847 | 432,009,884 |
| Total capital assets | | 177,139,277 | 283,142,202 | 460,281,479 |
| Total assets | | 235,158,316 | 327,912,557 | 563,070,873 |
| Deferred outflows of resources: | | | | |
| Other post-employment benefits | | 158,456 | 34,723 | 193,179 |
| Pension plan contributions | | 2,860,689 | 763,564 | 3,624,253 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | | 3,019,145 | 798,287 | 3,817,432 |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | \$ | 238,177,461 | \$ 328,710,844 | \$ 566,888,305 |

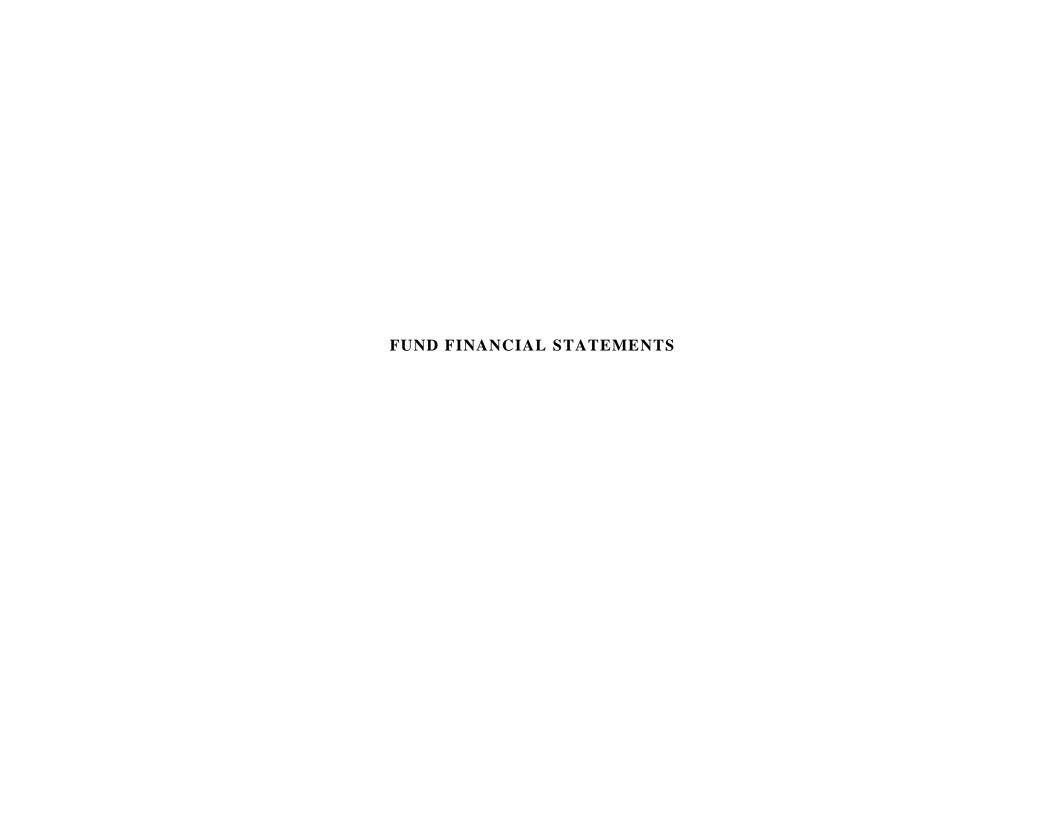
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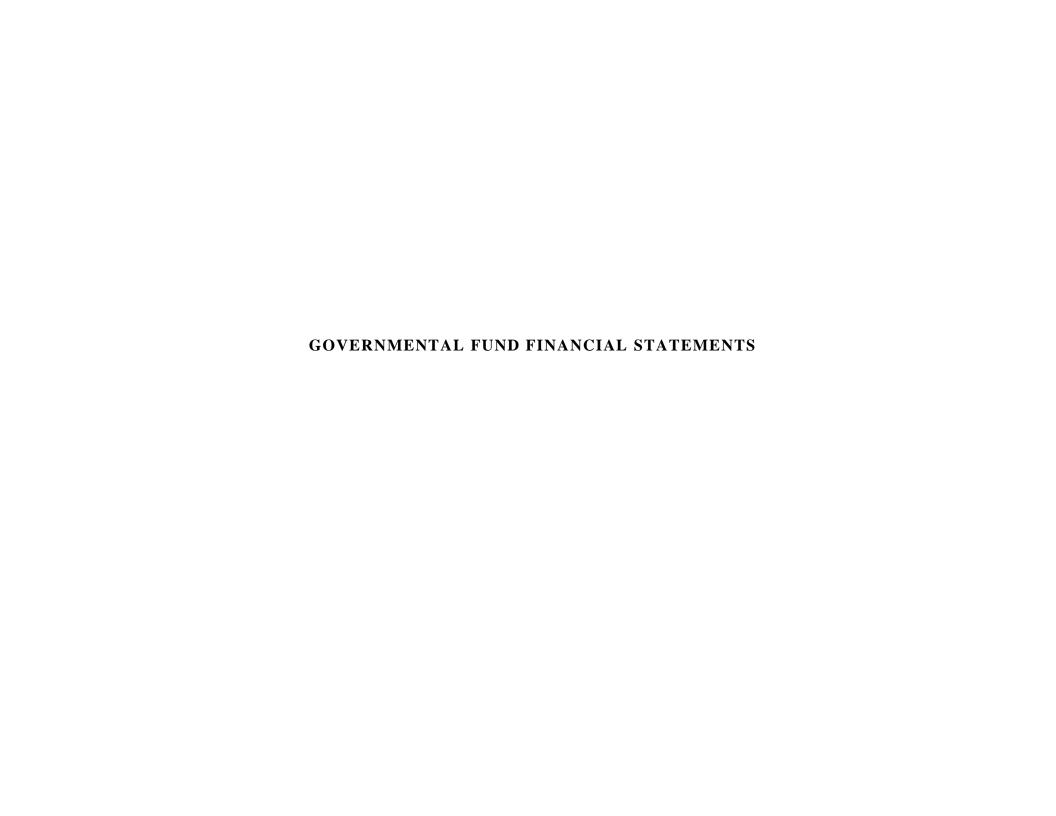
CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) June 30, 2019

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | | Total |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|------------|------|-------------|
| LIABILITIES | | 7101111105 | | Tettvities | | Total |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ | 6,837,189 | \$ | 1,965,615 | \$ | 8,802,804 |
| Unearned revenue | | 56,343 | | - | | 56,343 |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities: | | , | | | | , |
| Compensated absences payable | | 1,589,571 | | 264,262 | | 1,853,833 |
| Capital leases | | 254,236 | | 130,541 | | 384,777 |
| Closure and post-closure care costs | | _ | | 362,000 | | 362,000 |
| Bonds and notes | | 1,378,324 | | 2,460,000 | | 3,838,324 |
| Long-term liabilities, due in more than one year: | | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | | 1,059,462 | | 250,315 | | 1,309,777 |
| Capital leases | | 397,217 | | 71,075 | | 468,292 |
| Closure and post-closure care costs | | _ | | 1,745,351 | | 1,745,351 |
| Pollution remediation obligations | | - | | 1,265,323 | | 1,265,323 |
| Other post-employment health benefits - implicit rate subsidy | | 2,150,377 | | 417,452 | | 2,567,829 |
| Due to other governments and other liabilities | | - | | 702 | | 702 |
| Bonds and notes | | 19,917,589 | | 35,290,000 | | 55,207,589 |
| Net pension liability | | 20,406,405 | | 4,740,330 | | 25,146,735 |
| Total liabilities | | 54,046,713 | | 48,962,966 | 1 | 103,009,679 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| Other post-employment health benefits - implicit rate subsidy | | 809,667 | | 163,733 | | 973,400 |
| Pension deferrals | | 2,127,694 | | 668,105 | | 2,795,799 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 2,937,361 | | 831,838 | | 3,769,199 |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 155,191,911 | 2 | 45,190,586 | _ | 100,382,497 |
| Restricted: | | | | | | |
| Restricted for parking capital projects | | _ | | 130,316 | | 130,316 |
| Restricted for general government | | 2,477,876 | | - | | 2,477,876 |
| Restricted for public safety | | 4,925,354 | | - | | 4,925,354 |
| Restricted for public service | | 3,154,745 | | - | | 3,154,745 |
| Restricted for public welfare | | 6,634,127 | | - | | 6,634,127 |
| Restricted for capital projects | | 671,195 | | 9,713,282 | | 10,384,477 |
| Restricted for debt service | | 3,338,753 | | 2,828,333 | | 6,167,086 |
| Unrestricted | | 4,799,426 | | 21,053,523 | | 25,852,949 |
| Total net position | \$ | 181,193,387 | \$ 2 | 78,916,040 | \$ 4 | 160,109,427 |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | | | Program Revenue | s | Net (Expense) Re | evenue and Change | es in Net Position |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | | | Operating | Capital | P | rimary Governme | nt |
| | | Charges for | Grants and | Grants and | Governmental | Business-type | |
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | Services | Contributions | Contributions | Activities | Activities | Total |
| Primary Government | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 10,310,075 | \$ 3,777,184 | \$ 151,095 | \$ - | \$ (6,381,796) | | \$ (6,381,796) |
| Public safety | 19,699,377 | 4,158,560 | 2,832,547 | - | (12,708,270) | | (12,708,270) |
| Public service | 9,850,802 | 12,189,258 | 1,319,108 | 6,372,195 | 10,029,759 | | 10,029,759 |
| Public welfare | 9,658,817 | 1,724,864 | 1,117,121 | 221,026 | (6,595,806) | | (6,595,806) |
| Interest and fiscal fees | 786,236 | | | | (786,236) | | (786,236) |
| Total governmental activities | 50,305,307 | 21,849,866 | 5,419,871 | 6,593,221 | (16,442,349) | | (16,442,349) |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | |
| Water | 9,984,114 | 11,438,495 | 25,515 | 4,379,785 | | \$ 5,859,681 | 5,859,681 |
| Waste water | 9,291,509 | 10,445,185 | 27,723 | 2,795,394 | | 3,976,793 | 3,976,793 |
| Solid waste | 4,739,710 | 4,228,099 | 18,822 | - | | (492,789) | (492,789) |
| Parking | 1,119,466 | 958,504 | 4,674 | - | | (156,288) | (156,288) |
| Stormwater | 924,282 | 1,349,678 | 6,530 | 1,149,581 | | 1,581,507 | 1,581,507 |
| Total business-type activities | 26,059,081 | 28,419,961 | 83,264 | 8,324,760 | | 10,768,904 | 10,768,904 |
| Total primary government | \$ 76,364,388 | \$ 50,269,827 | \$ 5,503,135 | \$ 14,917,981 | (16,442,349) | 10,768,904 | (5,673,445) |
| | | General revenues | | | | | |
| | | Property taxes | | | 23,823,994 | - | 23,823,994 |
| | | | nts and contribution | ns | 4,658,177 | _ | 4,658,177 |
| | | Investment earni | | | 1,490,286 | 1,010,849 | 2,501,135 |
| | | Miscellaneous | | | 1,009,437 | 362,631 | 1,372,068 |
| | | Gain on sale of a | ssets | | 167,291 | (172,428) | (5,137) |
| | | Transfers | | | (475,000) | 475,000 | - |
| | | Total general r | evenues and trans | fers | 30,674,185 | 1,676,052 | 32,350,237 |
| | | Change in net po | eition | | 14,231,836 | 12,444,956 | 26,676,792 |
| | Change in het position | | | | | | |
| | Net position, be | eginning of the year | r | 168,066,231 | 265,248,223 | 433,314,454 | |
| | Restatement, | other post-employ | yment health bene | fits and pension□ | (1,104,680) | 1,222,861 | 118,181 |
| | Net position, be | eginning of the year | r as restated | | 166,961,551 | 266,471,084 | 433,432,635 |
| | Net position, en | d of the year | | | \$ 181,193,387 | \$ 278,916,040 | \$ 460,109,427 |





MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>General Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the financial operations of the City, which are not accounted for in any other Fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, state and local shared revenues, licenses and permits, and charges for services provided to other Funds. Principal expenditures in the general fund are made for police and fire protection, public works, and general government.

<u>Street Maintenance</u> – This special revenue fund accounts for special assessment revenues levied, received, and expended for street maintenance provided to specific property owners.

<u>General Improvements Capital Projects Fund</u> – Accounts for the construction of general improvement projects financed by special assessments other than those financed by proprietary funds.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

| | General Fund | Ма | Street aintenance ial Revenue | - | onstruction oital Projects | Other Governmental Funds | | G | Total overnmental Funds |
|---------------------------------|------------------|----|-------------------------------------|----|----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|----|-------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ 7,990,114 | \$ | 788,787 | | 1,761,670 | \$ | 23,691,693 | \$ | 34,232,264 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 1,176,560 | | - | | - | | 505,649 | | 1,682,209 |
| Accrued interest | 10,549 | | - | | 43,082 | | 36,338 | | 89,969 |
| Customers, net | 2,299,090 | | 2,796 | | 39,223 | | 322,097 | | 2,663,206 |
| Special assessments | 120 | | 109,195 | | - | | 1,999,318 | | 2,108,633 |
| Other governments | 137,458 | | - | | - | | 95,092 | | 232,550 |
| Due from other city funds | 144,193 | | - | | - | | - | | 144,193 |
| Advances to other city funds | - | | - | | - | | 472,483 | | 472,483 |
| Prepaid expenditures | - | | - | | - | | 293,250 | | 293,250 |
| Notes receivable | - | | - | | - | | 556,447 | | 556,447 |
| Restricted cash and investments | | | _ | | 1,215,739 | | 13,889,965 | | 15,105,704 |
| Total assets | \$ 11,758,084 | \$ | 900,778 | \$ | 3,059,714 | \$ | 41,862,332 | \$ | 57,580,908 |

(continued)

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

| | | | | Street | | Other | | Total | | |
|---|----|------------|------|-------------|-----|----------------|--------------|------------|-------|-------------|
| | | General | Ma | aintenance | Co | onstruction | Governmental | | Go | overnmental |
| | | Fund | Spec | ial Revenue | Cap | oital Projects | | Funds | Funds | |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 2,493,698 | \$ | 180,769 | \$ | 412,509 | \$ | 2,980,994 | \$ | 6,067,970 |
| Escheat property payable | | 80,174 | | 678 | | - | | 20,048 | | 100,900 |
| Accrued employee benefits | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Appearance bonds and other liabilities | | - | | - | | 277,995 | | 217,455 | | 495,450 |
| Advanced from other city funds | | | | | | | | 480,109 | | 480,109 |
| Total liabilities | | 2,573,872 | | 181,447 | | 690,504 | | 3,698,606 | | 7,144,429 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue-property taxes | | 61,922 | | - | | - | | 42,665 | | 104,587 |
| Unavailable revenue-special assessments | | - | | 80,381 | | - | | 1,960,328 | | 2,040,709 |
| Unavailable revenue-court fines | | 1,382,708 | | - | | - | | _ | | 1,382,708 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | _ | 1,444,630 | | 80,381 | | - | | 2,002,993 | | 3,528,004 |
| Fund balances | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | - | | _ | | - | | 1,735,591 | | 1,735,591 |
| Restricted | | - | | 638,950 | | 671,195 | | 21,819,096 | | 23,129,241 |
| Committed | | - | | _ | | 405,810 | | 3,873,281 | | 4,279,091 |
| Assigned | | 7,739,582 | | - | | 1,292,205 | | 1,231 | | 9,033,018 |
| Unassigned | | - | | - | | - | | 8,731,534 | | 8,731,534 |
| Total fund balances | | 7,739,582 | | 638,950 | | 2,369,210 | | 36,160,733 | | 46,908,475 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows, | | | | | | | | | | |
| and fund balances | \$ | 11,758,084 | \$ | 900,778 | \$ | 3,059,714 | \$ | 41,862,332 | \$ | 57,580,908 |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

| Fund balances - total governmental funds | | \$ 46,908,475 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds | | |
| Governmental capital assets | \$ 290,990,411 | |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | (113,851,134) | 177,139,277 |
| Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and | | |
| liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. | | |
| Net position | 79,328 | |
| Less: capital assets included in governmental activities | (2,098,582) | |
| Plus: accumulated depreciation included in governmental activities | 832,752 | |
| Plus: compensated absences included in governmental activities | 123,514 | |
| Plus: capital lease obligations included in governmental activities | 27,488 | |
| Plus: other post-employment health benefits and related deferred outflows and inflows included in governmental activities | 179,755 | |
| Plus: net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows included in governmental activities | 1,601,111 | 745,366 |
| Deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. | | 3,528,004 |
| Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions and other liabilities are not payable in the current period and, therefore, | | |
| are not reported in the governmental funds. | | 3,019,145 |
| Pension plan deferrals are deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. | | (2,127,694) |
| The assumption change gain in the total other post-employment benefits liability (TOL) is a deferred inflow of resources and is amortized over the expected future service life; therefore, the balance is deferred and not reported in governmental funds. | | (809,667) |
| Bond premiums are other financing source revenue in the governmental funds. They are a liability for the statement of net position and amortized over the life of the issuance. | | |
| Bond premium | (269,154) | |
| Less: amortization | 60,561 | (208,593) |
| Impact fee credits do not affect current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. | | (56,343) |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. | | |
| Bonds and notes payable, net of bond premium | (21,087,315) | |
| Net pension liability | (20,406,405) | |
| Capital lease obligations | (651,453) | |
| Post-employ ment health benefits | (2,150,377) | |
| Compensated absences | (2,649,033) | (46,944,583) |
| Net position of governmental activities | | \$ 181,193,387 |
| T G. | | ,-,-,-,- |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | General | Street Maintenance Special Revenue | Construction Capital Projects | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 16,660,409 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 7,127,609 | \$ 23,788,018 |
| Special assessments | 372 | 29,796 | - | 1,086,757 | 1,116,925 |
| Licenses and permits | 383,320 | 20,311 | - | 1,988,450 | 2,392,081 |
| Intergovernmental | 7,912,214 | 241,814 | 186,670 | 2,147,964 | 10,488,662 |
| Charges for services | 3,182,506 | 5,712,696 | - | 8,092,420 | 16,987,622 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 1,099,673 | - | - | 134,651 | 1,234,324 |
| Interest on investments | 128,671 | 17,414 | 427,900 | 865,758 | 1,439,743 |
| Interest on loans receivable | - | - | - | 31,695 | 31,695 |
| Other | 189,769 | 9,250 | 125,227 | 671,307 | 995,553 |
| Total revenues | 29,556,934 | 6,031,281 | 739,797 | 22,146,611 | 58,474,623 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | |
| General government | 7,322,843 | _ | 5,487 | 1,453,748 | 8,782,078 |
| Public safety | 15,385,416 | _ | 216 | 2,620,312 | 18,005,944 |
| Public service | 168,321 | 3,623,015 | 305,788 | 1,677,659 | 5,774,783 |
| Public welfare | 6,447,144 | - | 21,821 | 1,870,920 | 8,339,885 |
| Other | 623,028 | _ | - | 105,614 | 728,642 |
| Capital outlay | 1,454,336 | 1,625,341 | 7,211,411 | 8,815,022 | 19,106,110 |
| Debt service | -,, | -,, | ,,,, | -,, | ,, |
| Principal payments | 12,437 | 230,312 | _ | 1,392,620 | 1,635,369 |
| Interest and fiscal fees | 1,024 | 39,411 | 9,022 | 736,781 | 786,238 |
| Total expenditures | 31,414,549 | 5,518,079 | 7,553,745 | 18,672,676 | 63,159,049 |
| | | | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (1,857,615) | 513,202 | (6,813,948) | 3,473,935 | (4,684,426) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 2,385,362 | 31,900 | 1,037,050 | 748,513 | 4,202,825 |
| Transfers out | (602,863) | (695,478) | - | (3,379,484) | (4,677,825) |
| Issuance of long term debt | 344,167 | 232,431 | 2,283,000 | - | 2,859,598 |
| Sale of capital assets | 5,763 | 28,135 | - | - | 33,898 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 2,132,429 | (403,012) | 3,320,050 | (2,630,971) | 2,418,496 |
| Net change in fund balances | 274,814 | 110,190 | (3,493,898) | 842,964 | (2,265,930) |
| FUND BALANCE, beginning of year | 7,464,768 | 528,760 | 5,863,108 | 35,317,769 | 49,174,405 |
| FUND BALANCE, end of year | \$ 7,739,582 | \$ 638,950 | \$ 2,369,210 | \$ 36,160,733 | \$ 46,908,475 |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | | \$ (2,265,930) |
|---|---|----------------|
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays and donated infrastructure exceeded depreciation expense in the current period | l. | |
| Expenditures for capital assets Donated infrastructure Less: current year depreciation | \$ 19,106,110 6,152,334 (5,648,555) | 19,609,889 |
| Governmental funds report asset disposals as sale of capital assets for the cash received. In the statement of activities, those gains and losses must be adjusted by the assets basis, net of any depreciation. | | (33,672) |
| The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities, unless immaterial. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. | | (1,210,772) |
| Some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. The change in deferred inflows of resources is preser in the statement of activities. | nted | 46,027 |
| Governmental funds do not report a liability for compensated absences. The change in the liability is presented in the statement of activities. | | (15,428) |
| Governmental funds do not report a liability for other post-employment health benefits. The change in the liability presented in the statement of activities. | is | (132,315) |
| Contributions to the pension plans in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows in the Statement of Net Position The change in the deferred outflows for pension plan contributions presented in the statement of activities. | | (2,091,901) |
| Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported in the governmental activities. | | 325,938 |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | | \$ 14,231,836 |



MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

These funds are used to account for the financing, acquisition, operation and maintenance of water, sewer, and solid waste facilities, which are supported by user charges.

Major Enterprise Funds -

Water Fund – Accounts for the City's water utility operations and to collect and administer water impact fees.

Waste Water Fund – Accounts for the City's sewer utility operations and to collect and administer waste water impact fees.

<u>Solid Waste Fund</u> – Accounts for the City's garbage collection service and recycling operations.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> – used to account for the goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2019

| | Business-type Activities | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|----------------|---|------------------|----------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | | | Enterprise Funds | | | Activities | | | |
| | | Waste | Solid | Nonmajor | | Internal | | | |
| | Water Fund | Water Fund | Waste Fund | Enterprise Funds | Total | Service Funds | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ 17,975,538 | \$ 5,638,008 | \$ 288,593 | \$ 1,814,438 | \$ 25,716,577 | \$ 1,022,315 | | | |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | | |
| Accrued interest | 63,985 | 23,045 | - | _ | 87,030 | - | | | |
| Customers, net | 664,326 | 751,626 | 375,922 | 240,344 | 2,032,218 | 32,487 | | | |
| Special assessments | 32 | - | 324 | 301 | 657 | - | | | |
| Prepaid expenses | - | - | - | _ | _ | - | | | |
| Total current assets | 18,703,881 | 6,412,679 | 664,839 | 2,055,083 | 27,836,482 | 1,054,802 | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Other assets: | | | | | | | | | |
| Notes receivable | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | | | |
| Restricted cash and investments | 10,913,034 | 5,483,543 | 35,367 | 501,929 | 16,933,873 | _ | | | |
| Total other assets | 10,913,034 | 5,483,543 | 35,367 | 501,929 | 16,933,873 | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | | | | | | | | | |
| Nondepreciable: | | | | | | | | | |
| Land | 573,847 | 1,099,257 | 228,673 | 303,436 | 2,205,213 | _ | | | |
| Water rights | 2,120,142 | | ======================================= | - | 2,120,142 | _ | | | |
| Depreciable: | 2,120,112 | | | | 2,120,112 | | | | |
| Buildings | 40,566,823 | 60,358,823 | 746,509 | 11,877,855 | 113,550,010 | 1,441,395 | | | |
| Other structures and improvements | 13,646,910 | 14,745,401 | 2,155,300 | - | 30,547,611 | | | | |
| Machinery and equipment | 1,493,708 | 3,040,201 | 5,213,924 | 587,719 | 10,335,552 | 459,831 | | | |
| Vehicles | 570,775 | 755,997 | 592,580 | 248,145 | 2,167,497 | 197,356 | | | |
| Infrastructure | 194,005,185 | 126,418,555 | 118,081 | 4,004,170 | 324,545,991 | 177,330 | | | |
| Property under capital lease | 174,005,105 | 120,410,555 | 110,001 | 519,943 | 519,943 | _ | | | |
| Accumulated depreciation and amortization | (109,941,793) | (81,132,392) | (6,755,723) | * | (202,849,757) | (832,752) | | | |
| Net property, plant and equipment | 143,035,597 | 125,285,842 | 2,299,344 | 12,521,419 | 283,142,202 | 1,265,830 | | | |
| Total non-current assets | 153,948,631 | 130,769,385 | 2,334,711 | 13,023,348 | 300,076,075 | 1,265,830 | | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | | | | | | | | |
| Other post-employment benefits | 10,397 | 9,480 | 9,033 | 5,813 | 34,723 | 11,068 | | | |
| Pension plan contributions | 233,983 | 254,228 | 172,609 | 102,744 | 763,564 | 256,050 | | | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 244,380 | 263,708 | 181,642 | 108,557 | 798,287 | 267,118 | | | |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | \$ 172,896,892 | \$ 137,445,772 | \$ 3,181,192 | \$ 15,186,988 | \$ 328,710,844 | \$ 2,587,750 | | | |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2019

| | Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds | | | | | | | | | Governmental Activities | | |
|--|---|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------------|----------|---------------|----|----------------------------|-----|-------------|
| | | | Waste | | Solid | | Nonmajor | | | | | Internal |
| LIA DILIMINO | Water F | und | W | ater Fund | W | aste Fund | Ente | erprise Funds | | Total | Sei | rvice Funds |
| LIABILITIES Current liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ 86 | 0,499 | \$ | 620,937 | \$ | 355,906 | \$ | 128,273 | \$ | 1,965,615 | \$ | 172,869 |
| Compensated absences payable | | 0,499 | Ф | 156,014 | Ф | 62,689 | Ф | 34,868 | Ф | 264,262 | Φ | 172,809 |
| Due to other city funds | 1 | 0,091 | | 130,014 | | 02,009 | | 34,606 | | 204,202 | | 136,567 |
| Capital lease obligations due in one year | | 4,248 | | _ | | _ | | 126,293 | | 130,541 | | 6,023 |
| Closure and post-closure care costs, current portion | | -,2-0 | | | | 362,000 | | 120,273 | | 362,000 | | 0,023 |
| Bonds, notes, and loans payable | 1 21 | 0,000 | | 1,172,000 | | 302,000 | | 78,000 | | 2,460,000 | | _ |
| Total current liabilities | | 5,438 | - | 1,948,951 | | 780,595 | | 367,434 | | 5,182,418 | | 438,973 |
| Total various monates | | 2,.20 | | 1,5 10,501 | - | 700,070 | | 207,121 | | 2,102,110 | | 100,570 |
| Noncurrent liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Closure and post-closure care costs | | - | | - | | 1,745,351 | | - | | 1,745,351 | | - |
| Revenue bonds due after one year | 19,79 | 1,000 | | 14,057,000 | | - | | 1,442,000 | | 35,290,000 | | - |
| Compensated absences payable | 18 | 5,522 | | - | | 64,793 | | - | | 250,315 | | - |
| Capital lease obligations | 1 | 5,140 | | - | | - | | 55,935 | | 71,075 | | 21,465 |
| Other post-employment health benefits | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| implicit rate subsidy | 11 | 5,408 | | 149,233 | | 108,016 | | 44,795 | | 417,452 | | 137,553 |
| Appearance bond and other liabilities | | - | | - | | - | | 702 | | 702 | | - |
| Solvent site remediation liability | | - | | 1,265,323 | | - | | - | | 1,265,323 | | - |
| Net pension liability | 1,45 | 2,605 | | 1,578,289 | | 1,071,585 | | 637,851 | | 4,740,330 | | 1,616,913 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 21,55 | 9,675 | | 17,049,845 | | 2,989,745 | | 2,181,283 | | 43,780,548 | | 1,775,931 |
| Total liabilities | 23,64 | 5,113 | | 18,998,796 | | 3,770,340 | | 2,548,717 | | 48,962,966 | | 2,214,904 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other post-employment benefits | Δ | 6,914 | | 52,995 | | 42,550 | | 21,274 | | 163,733 | | 53,270 |
| Pension deferrals | | 4,731 | | 222,445 | | 151,030 | | 89,899 | | 668,105 | | 240,248 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 1,645 | | 275,440 | | 193,580 | | 111,173 | | 831,838 | | 293,518 |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 122,01 | 5 200 | 1 | 10,056,842 | | 2,299,344 | | 10,819,191 | | 245,190,586 | | 1,238,342 |
| Restricted for impact capital projects | | 6,158 | 1 | 3,547,124 | | 2,299,344 | | 10,619,191 | | 9,713,282 | | 1,236,342 |
| Restricted for impact capital projects Restricted for infrastructure capital projects | , | 9,830 | | 3,347,124 | | _ | | _ | | 59,830 | | - |
| Restricted for parking capital projects | 2 | -,050 | | _ | | _ | | 130,316 | | 130,316 | | _ |
| Restricted for debt service | 80 | 8,929 | | 1,811,286 | | _ | | 58,288 | | 2,768,503 | | _ |
| Unrestricted | | 0,008 | | 2,756,284 | | (3,082,072) | | 1,519,303 | | 21,053,523 | | (1,159,014) |
| Total net position | 149,00 | | 1 | 18,171,536 | | (782,728) | | 12,527,098 | | 278,916,040 | | 79,328 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position | \$ 172,89 | 6,892 | \$ 1 | 37,445,772 | \$ | 3,181,192 | \$ | 15,186,988 | \$ | 328,710,844 | \$ | 2,587,750 |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | | | Governmental Activities | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|-------------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | Waste | Solid | Nonmajor | | Internal |
| | Water Fund | Water Fund | Waste Fund | Enterprise Funds | Totals | Service Funds |
| OPERATING REVENUES | \$ 9,396,171 | \$ 9,336,005 | \$ 4,228,099 | \$ 2,308,182 | \$ 25,268,457 | \$ 8,813,996 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | | |
| Salaries and benefits | 2,144,077 | 2,168,558 | 1,511,044 | 941,088 | 6,764,767 | 2,248,918 |
| Materials and supplies | 811,019 | 343,650 | 419,966 | 48,849 | 1,623,484 | 797,952 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 83,962 | 129,997 | 284,928 | 25,895 | 524,782 | 11,895 |
| Utilities | 265,656 | 666,614 | 598,917 | 36,412 | 1,567,599 | 28,027 |
| Administrative charges | 1,710,461 | 1,432,081 | 712,434 | 186,678 | 4,041,654 | 159,167 |
| Insurance claims | - | - | - | - | - | 4,857,152 |
| Other expenses | 1,595,039 | 1,004,207 | 646,716 | 271,653 | 3,517,615 | 494,267 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 2,793,982 | 3,066,128 | 388,246 | 492,611 | 6,740,967 | 106,765 |
| Changes in estimated closure and | | | | | | |
| post-closure care costs | | | 177,459 | | 177,459 | |
| Total operating expenses | 9,404,196 | 8,811,235 | 4,739,710 | 2,003,186 | 24,958,327 | 8,704,143 |
| Operating income (loss) | (8,025) | 524,770 | (511,611) | 304,996 | 310,130 | 109,853 |
| NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | | | | | |
| Interest income | 649,263 | 298,822 | 3,352 | 59,412 | 1,010,849 | 7,686 |
| Interest expense | (579,918) | (480,274) | - | (40,562) | (1,100,754) | (2,299) |
| Other income | 142,207 | 165,966 | 29,513 | 24,945 | 362,631 | 13,883 |
| Intergovernmental income | 25,515 | 27,723 | 18,822 | 11,204 | 83,264 | 29,750 |
| Impact fees | 2,042,324 | 1,109,180 | - | - | 3,151,504 | · - |
| Gain (loss) on disposal of assets | (173,743) | (35) | - | 1,350 | (172,428) | 167,065 |
| Total non-operating revenues (expenses) | 2,105,648 | 1,121,382 | 51,687 | 56,349 | 3,335,066 | 216,085 |
| Income (loss) before contributions and transfers | 2,097,623 | 1,646,152 | (459,924) | 361,345 | 3,645,196 | 325,938 |
| Contributions of infrastructure - developers | 4,379,785 | 2,795,394 | - | 1,149,581 | 8,324,760 | _ |
| Transfers in | 600,000 | - | 250,000 | 225,000 | 1,075,000 | - |
| Transfers out | (600,000) | - | - | - | (600,000) | - |
| Change in net position | 6,477,408 | 4,441,546 | (209,924) | 1,735,926 | 12,444,956 | 325,938 |
| NET POSITION, beginning of year | 141,314,745 | 113,724,190 | (578,328) | 10,787,616 | 265,248,223 | 948,240 |
| Restatement, other post-employment benefits and pension | 1,207,981 | 5,800 | 5,524 | 3,556 | 1,222,861 | (1,194,850) |
| NET POSITION, beginning of year, restated | 142,522,726 | 113,729,990 | (572,804) | 10,791,172 | 266,471,084 | (246,610) |
| NET POSITION, end of year | \$ 149,000,134 | \$ 118,171,536 | \$ (782,728) | \$ 12,527,098 | \$ 278,916,040 | \$ 79,328 |

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2019

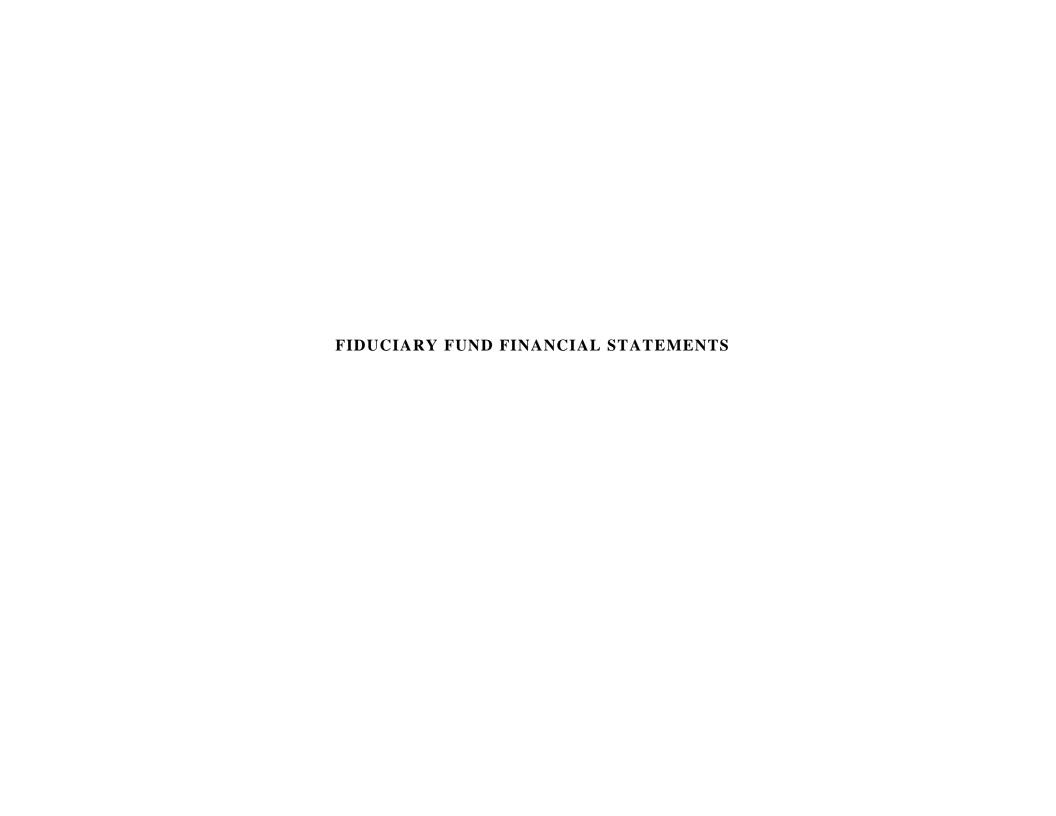
| | | Bu | siness-type Activit Enterprise Funds | ties | | Governmental Activities |
|--|---------------|---------------------|---|--------------|---------------|----------------------------|
| | | Waste | Solid | Nonmajor | | Internal |
| | Water Fund | Waste Water Fund | Waste Fund | Funds | Total | Service Funds |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | water Fund | water Fund | waste Fullu | Tulius | Total | Service Funds |
| Receipts from customers | \$ 9,410,943 | \$ 9,759,691 | \$ 4,183,197 | \$ 2,304,516 | \$ 25,658,347 | \$ 8,792,709 |
| Receipts from others | 142,207 | 165,966 | 29,513 | 24,945 | 362,631 | 43,633 |
| Operating loans from other City funds | - 112,207 | - | 27,515 | 21,713 | 502,051 | 68.484 |
| Payments to suppliers | (3,202,274) | (2,367,211) | (2,847,797) | (557,004) | (8,974,286) | 33,160 |
| Payments to employees | (2,023,292) | (1,981,076) | (1,408,528) | (868,998) | (6,281,894) | (8,054,936) |
| Payments to internal service funds and administrative fees | (1,710,461) | (1,432,081) | (712,434) | (186,678) | (4,041,654) | (159,167) |
| Net cash flows from operating activities | 2,617,123 | 4,145,289 | (756,049) | 716,781 | 6,723,144 | 723,883 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL | | | | | | |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 600,000 | - | 250,000 | 225,000 | 1,075,000 | - |
| Transfers out | (600,000) | - | - | - | (600,000) | - |
| Receipts from grants and intergovernmental sources | 25,515 | 27,688 | 18,822 | 11,204 | 83,229 | - |
| Net cash flows from non-capital financing activities | 25,515 | 27,688 | 268,822 | 236,204 | 558,229 | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | |
| Acquisition of capital assets | (3,548,958) | (2,499,155) | (51,663) | (690,378) | (6,790,154) | (129,979) |
| Principal paid on bonds, interfund loans, loans and leases | (1,179,640) | (1,139,000) | - | (154,173) | (2,472,813) | (5,162) |
| Interest paid on bonds, interfund loans, loans and leases | (579,918) | (480,274) | - | (40,562) | (1,100,754) | (2,299) |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | 3,092,531 | - | - | 349,084 | 3,441,615 | 32,649 |
| Impact fees received | 2,042,324 | 1,109,180 | - | - | 3,151,504 | - |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Net cash flows from capital and | 2,620 | | | 1,350 | 3,970 | (19) |
| related financing activities | (171,041) | (3,009,249) | (51,663) | (534,679) | (3,766,632) | (104,810) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | |
| Collections on notes | - | - | - | 9,442 | 9,442 | - |
| Interest on investments | 668,958 | 322,118 | 3,352 | 59,412 | 1,053,840 | 7,686 |
| Net cash flows from investing activities | 668,958 | 322,118 | 3,352 | 68,854 | 1,063,282 | 7,686 |
| Net change in cash and investments | 3,140,555 | 1,485,846 | (535,538) | 487,160 | 4,578,023 | 626,759 |
| Cash and investments, beginning of year | 25,748,017 | 9,635,705 | 859,498 | 1,829,207 | 38,072,427 | 395,556 |
| Cash and investments, end of year | \$ 28,888,572 | \$ 11,121,551 | \$ 323,960 | \$ 2,316,367 | \$ 42,650,450 | \$ 1,022,315 |
| Classified as: | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ 17,975,538 | \$ 5,638,008 | \$ 288,593 | \$ 1,814,438 | \$ 25,716,577 | \$ 1,022,315 |
| Restricted cash and investments | 10,913,034 | 5,483,543 | 35,367 | 501,929 | 16,933,873 | |
| Totals | \$ 28,888,572 | \$ 11,121,551 | \$ 323,960 | \$ 2,316,367 | \$ 42,650,450 | \$ 1,022,315 |

(continued)

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds | | | | | | | | | Governmental Activities | | |
|--|--|-----------|------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|----|-------------------------|----------|------------|
| | | | | Waste | Solid Waste Fund | | Nonmajor Funds | | | | Internal | |
| | W | ater Fund | Water Fund | | | | | | | Total | Serv | vice Funds |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | (8,025) | \$ | 524,770 | \$ | (511,611) | \$ | 304,996 | \$ | 310,130 | \$ | 109,853 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| to net cash flows from operating activities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 2,793,982 | | 3,066,128 | | 388,247 | | 492,611 | | 6,740,968 | | 106,765 |
| Change in estimated closure and | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| post-closure care costs | | - | | - | | (184,902) | | - | | (184,902) | | - |
| Change in solvent site remediation obligation | | - | | (302,678) | | - | | - | | (302,678) | | - |
| Other income | | 142,207 | | 165,966 | | 29,513 | | 24,945 | | 362,631 | | 43,633 |
| Change in assets and liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Increase) Decrease in: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | | 67,570 | | 476,484 | | (44,903) | | (3,666) | | 495,485 | | (21,287) |
| Prepaid expenses | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Increase (Decrease) in: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | (446,598) | | 79,935 | | (534,909) | | (174,195) | | (1,075,767) | | 128,197 |
| Due from other city funds | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 68,484 |
| Accrued employee benefits payable | | 987,632 | | 102,556 | | 23,377 | | 13,790 | | 1,127,355 | | 247,758 |
| Deferred inflows - unavailable revenue | | (52,798) | | (52,798) | | - | | - | | (105,596) | | - |
| Net pension | | (866,847) | | 84,926 | | 79,139 | | 58,300 | | (644,482) | | 40,480 |
| Total adjustments | | 2,625,148 | | 3,620,519 | | (244,438) | | 411,785 | | 6,413,014 | | 614,030 |
| Net cash flows from operating activities | \$ | 2,617,123 | \$ | 4,145,289 | \$ | (756,049) | \$ | 716,781 | \$ | 6,723,144 | \$ | 723,883 |
| SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Noncash transactions: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transferred Fixed Assets | \$ | (173,743) | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 167,065 |
| Donated infrastructure | | 4,379,785 | | 2,795,394 | | _ | | 1,149,581 | | 8,324,760 | | - |
| Total noncash transactions | \$ | 4,206,042 | \$ | 2,795,394 | \$ | | \$ | 1,149,581 | \$ | 8,324,760 | \$ | 167,065 |



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

<u>Municipal Court</u> – Accounts for monies held for appearance bonds and restitution.

<u>CMC Bozeman Site Remediation</u> – Accounts for pass-through monies provided by the State of Montana Department of Environmental Quality to Olive & Wallace, LLC, to reimburse the cost of work performed as part of the Voluntary Cleanup Plan of the CMC Asbestos Bozeman Facility.

<u>Tourism Business Improvement District</u> – Accounts for amounts collected from hotels on behalf of the District, a special-purpose government, whose purpose is to enhance the economic vitality of Bozeman by promoting tourism through sales and marketing strategies.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

| | Agency Funds | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 506,142 | | |
| Customer receivables | 2,524 | | |
| Special assessments | 19,497 | | |
| Total assets | \$ 528,163 | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 528,163 | | |
| Total liabilities | \$ 528,163 | | |



CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Bozeman of Gallatin County, Montana (the City) was incorporated as a municipal corporation in 1883. The present City Code of Ordinances was adopted October 3, 2011. Under the charter, the City is governed by a mayor and commission members who comprise the City Commission. The day-to-day affairs of the City are conducted under the supervision of the City Manager, who is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of a majority of the City Commission.

The accompanying financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. In June 1999 the GASB issued Statement 34 Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments (GASB 34). This Statement establishes financial reporting requirements for state and local governments throughout the United States.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position of the City and the various funds and fund types, the results of operations of the City and the various funds and fund types, and the cash flows of the proprietary funds. The financial statements are presented as of June 30, 2019, and for the year then ended. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

New Accounting Pronouncement

The City implemented the provisions of the following GASB pronouncements for the year ended June 30, 2019:

• Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. Implementing the pronouncement has no effect on the net position as of June 30, 2019.

Restatement

The restatement to the beginning net position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, proprietary funds and internal service funds is a result of the following:

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The net restatement of beginning net position of \$118,184 is the benefit payment/contribution for the 2018 measurement year which is the expected employer benefit payment in relation to the actuarially determined contribution. No actual benefit payments are made by the City since the retirees are paying 100% of the premium; regardless, the \$118,184 still includes implicit rate subsidy (an inherent subsidy of retiree healthcare costs by active employee healthcare costs when healthcare premiums paid by retirees and actives are the same; in other words, accounting for the active employee premiums subsidizing the retiree premiums which are greater on a stand-alone basis).

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) June 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Restatement (Continued)

Therefore, this prior year amount was recorded as a restatement to beginning net position.

New internal service fund

In 2019, a new internal service fund, the Public Works Administration fund, was created. As a result of the new fund, the beginning net position of the Public Works Administration fund and the Water fund were restated to reflect the OPEB and pension liability related to employees who were transferred from the Water fund to the new internal service fund. The following is a schedule of restatements:

| | <u>Fund transfer</u> | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|----|-------------|----------------|-------------|----|--------------|--|--|
| Fund Statements | | <u>OPEB</u> | | OPEB | Pension | | | <u>Total</u> | | |
| Water | \$ | 6,360 | \$ | 135,399 | \$ | 1,066,220 | \$ | 1,207,979 | | |
| Waste Water | | 5,800 | | - | | - | | 5,800 | | |
| Solid Waste | | 5,526 | | - | | - | | 5,526 | | |
| Parking | | 1,641 | | - | | - | | 1,641 | | |
| Storm Water | | 1,915 | | - | | - | | 1,915 | | |
| Total proprietary funds | | 21,242 | | 135,399 | | 1,066,220 | | 1,222,861 | | |
| Vehicle Maintenance | | 1,776 | | - | | - | | 1,776 | | |
| Public Works Administration | | 4,993 | | (135,399) | | (1,066,220) | | (1,196,626) | | |
| Total internal service funds | | 6,769 | | (135,399) | | (1,066,220) | | (1,194,850) | | |
| Government-Wide Statements | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | 96,939 | | (135,399) | | (1,066,220) | | (1,104,680) | | |
| Business-type activities | | 21,242 | | 135,399 | | 1,066,220 | | 1,222,861 | | |
| Total restatement | \$ | 118,181 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 118,181 | | |

Reporting Entity

The City has considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability in Statement 14 *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.* These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) June 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

Although the following entities meet the requirements of Statement 61, they are strictly advisory in nature. Therefore, the government-wide financial statements do not include the financial information of the following entities and their omission does not cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Should there develop a financial element at some point in the future, the City shall include these entities on its government-wide financial statements.

<u>Senior Center Advisory Council</u> – This council is advisory in nature on senior issues and on how to run the City-owned Senior Center building. The City is responsible for the maintenance and operation of the building.

<u>Parking Commission</u> – The City Commission appoints the governing board of the Parking Commission, which was created by ordinance. The City owns the parking lots, collects the rents, and assigns the lots to the individuals.

<u>City Planning Board</u> – The agreement forming the City Planning Board holds that it will submit its budget to the City Commission for approval, and the City provides all accounting functions and is responsible for the issuance of debt. It is presented with the Special Revenue Funds.

Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) present information of all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. These statements present summaries of Governmental and Business-Type Activities for the City accompanied by a total column.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The City has retroactively included infrastructure in its assets.

The Statement of Activities presents changes in Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the City are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) June 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus (Continued)

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB 34 in regards to inter-fund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated, except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

The City applies all applicable GASB pronouncements (including all National Council on Governmental Accounting Statements and Interpretations currently in effect) as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB) of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City has presented all major funds that met those qualifications.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current position. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City are property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other taxes.

Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. The City has elected to apply the early recognition option of recognizing debt services expenditures provided by GASB Interpretation No. 6, *Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements*. Under this option, an expenditure and a liability are recorded in debt service funds in the current year for amounts due early in the following year, for which resources have been provided during the current year.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund. A column representing internal service funds is also presented with the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. Internal service balances and activities, however, have been combined with the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position. The City's Fiduciary Funds represent Agency Funds, which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Therefore, Agency Funds do not have a measurement focus. These funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The following Agency Funds are included in the Fiduciary Fund financial statements:

<u>Municipal Court</u> – Accounts for monies held for appearance bonds and restitution related to criminal arrests and reimbursement for damage caused.

<u>CMC Bozeman Site Remediation Fund</u> – Accounts for pass-through monies provided by the State of Montana Department of Environmental Quality to Olive & Wallace, LLC, to reimburse the cost of work performed as part of the Voluntary Cleanup Plan of the CMC Asbestos Bozeman Facility.

<u>Tourism Business Improvement District</u> – Accounts for amounts collected from hotels on behalf of the District, a special-purpose government, whose purpose is to enhance the economic vitality of Bozeman by promoting tourism through sales and marketing strategies.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus (Continued)

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. These direct costs and certain indirect costs are included as part of the program expense reported for the individual functions and activities of these other departments. The following Internal Service Funds are included in the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:

<u>Vehicle Maintenance Shop</u> – Accounts for the maintenance and repair of vehicles used in the operation of City services.

<u>Medical Health Insurance</u> – Accounts for insurance premium revenues received from the various City departments and retirees, and the related costs of health, vision, and dental insurance premiums incurred by City employees and retirees.

<u>Public Works Administration</u> – Accounts for the professional level management, engineering, and GIS technical support provided to other Public Works divisions, including water, wastewater, solid waste, stormwater, in addition to support provided to other City departments.

Funds

As mentioned, the Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor funds aggregated. The following major funds are presented in separate columns on the Governmental Funds Financial Statements, and the Proprietary Funds Financial Statements, respectively:

Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – this fund accounts for the financial operations of the City, which are not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, state and local shared revenues, licenses and permits, and charges for services provided to other funds. Principal expenditures in the General Fund are made for police and fire protection, public welfare, and general government.

<u>Street Maintenance Special Revenue Fund</u> – Accounts for special assessment revenues levied, received, and expended for street maintenance provided to specific property owners.

<u>General Improvements Capital Projects Fund</u> – Accounts for the construction of general improvement projects financed by special assessments other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Proprietary Funds

Water Fund – Accounts for the City's water utility operations and to collect and administer water impact fees.

Waste Water Fund – Accounts for the City's sewer utility operations and to collect and administer waste water impact fees.

<u>Solid Waste Fund</u> – Accounts for the City's garbage collection service and recycling operations.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are under the management of the City's Treasurer and consist primarily of demand deposits and investments in U.S. Government Bonds. Interest income earned as a result of pooling of City deposits is distributed to the appropriate funds utilizing a formula based on the average balance of cash and investments of each fund.

Montana State statutes authorize the City to invest in interest-bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposits, and time deposits insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or fully collateralized, U.S. government and U.S. agency obligations and repurchase agreements where there is a master repurchase agreement and collateral held by a third party.

Restricted Cash and Investments

Certain proceeds of enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the Balance Sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Impact fees collected and line-oversizing fees are restricted for applicable use. Payments in lieu of parking are restricted by code for future parking related capital projects.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (these investments are valued using prices quoted in active markets); Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (these investments are valued using matrix pricing); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs (these investments are valued using consensus pricing).

Eliminations and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as inter-fund activity and balances in the funds have been eliminated or reclassified. Internal service fund activity has also been eliminated in the Statement of Activities to remove the "doubling-up" effect.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

The City's assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value. Depreciable capital assets are reported on the Statement of Net Position, net of applicable accumulated depreciation. Capital assets, which are not depreciable such as land, and construction in progress are reported separately. Depreciation expense is reported in the Statement of Activities and is calculated using the straight-line method based on the assets estimated useful life.

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

| Vehicles | 5 to 10 years |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Machinery and equipment | 5 to 30 years |
| Buildings | 20 to 80 years |
| Other structures and improvements | 10 to 100 years |
| Infrastructure | 25 to 100 years |

In accordance with GASB 34, the City has recorded infrastructure assets prospectively from 2005, the date of implementation, and has included infrastructure acquired prior to implementation within the four-year required period. The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. These assets include the street system, comprised of roads, sidewalks, curbs, and street lights; the water purification and distribution system; the sewer collection and treatment system; park and recreation lands and related improvements; stormwater conveyance system; and buildings and site amenities, including parking and landscaped areas.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Compensated Absences Payable

Earned but unpaid vacation and sick pay is included as a liability in the proprietary fund types and Government-Wide Financial Statements. The portion relating to the governmental fund types not expected to be paid with expendable, and available resources is not reported in the governmental fund statements unless the liability has matured (i.e., unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement).

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Inter-fund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those short-term loans related to goods- and services-type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds". Long-term inter-fund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances to and from other funds." Inter-fund receivables and payables between funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

On-Behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits

On-behalf payments for fringe benefits are direct payments made by one entity to a third-party recipient for the employees of another legally separate entity. On-behalf payments include pension plan contributions. The State's pension contribution is recorded as intergovernmental revenue with an offsetting public safety or general government expenditure in the Pension Special Revenue Fund. (See Note 14).

Budgets

Each year, the City Manager must submit to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for all budget units within the City for the fiscal year commencing July 1. This operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments on the proposed budget. The budget is then legally adopted through passage of the appropriation resolution by the City Commission.

The City adopts a final budget each June and amends the budget in August if the initial taxable value estimates were significantly different from the final Certified Values received from the State.

Budgets are legally required for all governmental fund types. These budgets are prepared on the same basis and using the same accounting practices as are used to account and prepare financial reports for the funds. Budgets presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts are presented in accordance with GAAP. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds and all appropriations lapse at year-end. The level of budgetary control (that is the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the fund level.

The City Commission may amend the budget during the course of the fiscal year. Montana state statute provides a number of different ways to amend the budget. The first involves a reallocation of existing appropriations among the line items within a specific fund. The second defines a series of scenarios where the governing body has authority to amend the budget without a hearing for donations, land sales, and fee-based budgets. All other increases in appropriation authority that are not specifically permitted by statute must be approved through a public hearing process.

Any accruing revenue of the municipality not appropriated and any balance at any time remaining after the purpose of an appropriation has been satisfied or abandoned, may from time to time be appropriated to other uses that do not conflict with any uses for which specifically the revenue was accrued. A public hearing is required for an overall increase in appropriation authority, except in the case of an emergency.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets (Continued)

In its annual appropriation resolution, the City Commission delegated budget amendment authority to the City Manager for the expenditure of funds from any or all of the following: debt service funds, enterprise funds, internal service funds, trust funds, federal and state grants accepted and approved by the governing body, special assessments, and donations. In all other funds, the City Manager may, without approval from the City Commission, make budget amendments as long as the total appropriation for the department is not exceeded.

Spending control is established by the total amount of expenditures budgeted for the fund, but management may exercise control at budgetary line items.

Fund Balance

In accordance with GASB Statement 54, the City reports fund balance for governmental funds in two general classifications, nonspendable and spendable.

Nonspendable represents the portion of fund balance that is not in spendable form, such as inventories, and, in the general fund, long-term notes and loans receivable. Spendable fund balance is further categorized as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

The restricted fund balance category contains balances that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external parties or through enabling legislation. External parties include grantors, debt covenants, votes, and laws and regulations of other governments.

The committed fund balance category includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Commission. The City Commission needs to formally adopt a Resolution in order to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The City's policy to authorize the assignment of fund balance is as follows: Assigned Fund Balance can be expressed and authorized directly by the City Commission or by an official to whom the Commission delegates the authority. The City Commission delegates this authority to the City Manager.

On December 2, 2019, the Audit Committee accepted and approved the City Manager's recommendation for the amount of General Fund balance presented on page 30 to be assigned this fiscal year for the specific purposes listed on page 30. Included in the assigned fund balance for the general fund are assignments for the portion of the current general fund balance that is projected to be used to fund expenditures and other cash outflows in excess of the expected revenues and other cash inflows projected for the next fiscal year.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Similarly, the City Manager exercised her delegated authority to assign the major Capital Projects Fund balances presented on pages 41 and 49 for the specific purposes listed on page 127.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, spending will occur in the following order, for the identified fund types:

General Fund: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, Unassigned

Special Revenue Funds:

Debt Service Funds:

Capital Projects Funds:

Restricted, Committed, Assigned

Restricted, Committed, Restricted

Restricted, Committed, Assigned

Minimum General Fund – Fund Balance

The City does not maintain a stabilization fund. However, the City's Charter requires an established minimum level of "General Fund Unreserved Fund Balance," in accordance with the Government Finance Officers' Association (GFOA) Best Practices. The GFOA significantly changed their Best Practice Recommendation in October 2009. As a result, in May 2010, the Commission increased the required minimum from 12% to 16 2/3%, or 2 months' worth of revenues.

Net Position

In funds other than governmental, net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the City's deposits in local banks and investments is \$93,516,875. Interest bearing account balances are covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per bank, per depositor. In addition, all noninterest bearing transaction account balances are fully insured by FDIC coverage. The remaining balances are covered by collateral held by the pledging bank's agent in the City's name.

The City's cash and investments are reported as follows:

| | | restricted | Restricted | Total | | |
|--------------------------|----|------------|------------------|-------|------------|--|
| Governmental activities | \$ | 35,254,579 | \$ 15,105,704 | \$ | 50,360,283 | |
| Business-type activities | | 25,716,577 | 16,933,873 | | 42,650,450 | |
| Fiduciary funds | | 506,142 | | | 506,142 | |
| | \$ | 61,477,298 | \$ 32,039,577 | \$ | 93,516,875 | |

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover the collateral securities in the possession of the outside party. The City minimizes custodial credit risk by restrictions set forth in City policy and state law. The City's policy requires deposits to be 104 percent secured by collateral valued at market value. The City Treasurer maintains a listing of financial institutions, which are approved for investment purposes. Types of securities that may be pledged as collateral are detailed in Section 17-6-103 of the Montana Code Annotated (MCA). City policy requires that specific safeguards against risk of loss be evidenced when the City does not physically hold the securities.

On June 30, 2019, the following interest rate risks and valuation inputs were associated with the City's deposits and investments.

| | | Credit Risk | | |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|
| Investment | Maturities | Rating | Fair Value | Valuation Inputs |
| Certificates of deposit | December 2019-April 2021 | NA | \$ 3,101,238 | Level 2 |
| U.S. Government bonds | September 2018 - June 2022 | S&P AA+ | 60,547,584 | Level 2 |
| U.S. Bank Municipal Investment Account | N/A | N/A | 3,274,667 | Level 2 |
| State of Montana Short Term Investment Pool Account | N/A | N/A | 25,000,000 | |
| Demand deposits | N/A | N/A | 1,588,023 | |
| Petty cash | N/A | N/A | 5,363 | |
| | | | \$ 93,516,875 | |

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit risk is defined as the risk that an issuer or other counterpart to an investment that will not fulfill its obligation. The above credit risk rating indicates the probability that the issuer may default in making timely principal and interest payments. The credit ratings presented in the previous tables are provided by Standard and Poor's Corporation (S&P). The City's investment policy is to hold investments to maturity with the contractual understanding that these investments are low risk, locked in to a guaranteed rate of return, and are, therefore, not impacted significantly by changes in short term interest rates. The City has no formal policy relating to interest risk and no formal policy relating to credit risk.

The City voluntarily participates in the STIP (Short Term Investment Pool) administered by the Montana Board of Investments (MBOI). A local government's STIP ownership is represented by shares, the prices of which are fixed at \$1.00 per share, and participants may buy or sell shares with one business days' notice. STIP administrative expenses are charged daily against the STIP income, which is distributed on the first calendar day of each month. Shareholders have the option to automatically reinvest their distribution income in additional shares. STIP is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. STIP is not FDIC insured or otherwise insured or guaranteed by the federal government, the State of Montana, the Montana Board of Investments or any other entity against investment losses and there is no guaranteed rate of return on funds invested in STIP shares. The Montana Board of Investments maintains a reserve fund to offset possible losses and limit fluctuations in STIP's valuation. The STIP investment portfolio consists of securities with maximum maturity of 2 years. Information on investments held in the STIP can be found in the Annual Report on the Montana Board of Investments website at http://investment.com/AnnualReportsAudits.

NOTE 3. PROPERTY TAX AND SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS REVENUE AND RECEIVABLES

Property Taxes

Real property taxes are assessed and collected each fiscal year according to the following property tax calendar:

Lien Date: December 1st for the 1st installment and June 1st for the 2nd installment

Levy Date: November 1st

Due Dates: November 30th for the 1st installment and May 31 for the 2nd installment

Personal property taxes are assessed on January 1 of each year and billed in May, with payment due within thirty days.

Gallatin County collects all property taxes on behalf of the City and remits collections, including penalties and interest, on a monthly basis. The County assesses a delinquency penalty of 2%. If taxes become delinquent, the County tax collector may sell the property to collect taxes due plus 0.83% per month interest.

NOTE 3. PROPERTY TAX AND SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS REVENUE AND RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, the City accrues as receivable all property taxes received during the first sixty (60) days of the new fiscal year from Gallatin County, in accordance with the modified accrual basis. In the government-wide financial statements, all taxes billed, but not yet collected are accrued in accordance with the full accrual basis of accounting, as described in Note 1.

Special Assessments

Special assessments receivable represent the uncollected amounts levied against benefited property for the cost of local improvements. Assessments are payable over a period of 18 to 20 years and bear interest of 2.5% to 5.75% per annum. Recognition of the revenues from these assessments has been deferred until both measurable and available in governmental funds. In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, however, these amounts are reported as revenues in the period they are levied. Once received, the monies will be used to meet the annual debt service requirements on related bonds and notes payable.

NOTE 4. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources in the General Fund represent outstanding general property taxes at June 30, 2019. These amounts are reported as revenue in the Government-Wide Financial Statements in the period in which they are levied. Deferred inflows in Special Revenue Funds represent either revenues received but not considered earned or amounts to be received in the future that are recorded as receivables but not yet earned. The deferred inflows in Debt Service Funds represent future assessments to be received to meet the related debt obligation. Deferred inflows and outflows in the Government-Wide Financial Statements relate to payments made on pension plans after the measurement date for the calculated pension obligations. Deferred inflows and outflows in the Government-Wide Financial Statements also relate to the implicit rate subsidy of post-employment benefits.

NOTE 5. PREPAID RENT (OPERATING LEASE)

On October 22, 1992, the City signed a memorandum of understanding with Gallatin County, Montana, in which the City agreed to lease space from the County's Law and Justice Center for the City Police Department and Municipal Court. The City paid to the County \$765,000 during the renovation of the building, which started 1993. The \$765,000 constitutes rent for four rental terms of ten years each. During the term of the lease and renewal of the lease, the principal balance of \$765,000 will be decreased by equal annual rental payments in the amount of \$19,125. If the City and County mutually agree to terminate the lease after the second ten-year term, the County will refund \$369,750, to the City for the unused portion of the rent. The lease began when renovations were complete on November 1, 1994. For the year ended June 30, 2019, rent expenditure was \$19,125 regarding this lease.

NOTE 6. NOTES RECEIVABLE

The City had the following notes receivable:

Special Revenue Funds

| Economic Development Loan Fund | \$ 507,020 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| Community Housing Fund | 49,427 |

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

In accordance with GASB 34, the City has reported all capital assets, with the exception of pre-July 1, 2001, infrastructure in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. For the year ended June 30, 2019, depreciation expense on capital assets was charged to the functions and programs as follows:

| Governmental Activities: | |
|---|-----------------|
| General Government | \$ 293,533 |
| Public Safety | 634,320 |
| Public Services | 3,834,880 |
| Public Welfare | 992,587 |
| Total depreciation expense - governmental activities | \$ 5,755,320 |
| | |
| Business-type Activities: | |
| Parking | \$ 352,684 |
| Storm Water | 139,927 |
| Water | 2,793,982 |
| Waste Water | 3,066,128 |
| Solid Waste | 388,246 |
| Total depreciation expense - business-type activities | \$ 6,740,967 |

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

All capital assets of the City are depreciable with the exception of land, water rights, and construction in process, when applicable. Capital assets activity of the City for the year ended June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

| | June 30, 2018 | | | Additions | | Disposals | Transfers | | J | une 30, 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|----|-------------|----|-----------|-----------|-----------|----|---------------|
| GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | | | | | | _ | | | | |
| Non-depreciable: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 22,452,729 | \$ | 1,493,511 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 23,946,240 |
| Depreciable: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 34,078,624 | | 348,932 | | - | | 17,180 | | 34,444,736 |
| Other structures and improvements | | 1,145,214 | | - | | - | | - | | 1,145,214 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 13,261,998 | | 2,671,830 | | (556,570) | | 237,680 | | 15,614,938 |
| Property under capital lease | | 771,151 | | - | | - | | - | | 771,151 |
| Vehicles | | 3,782,437 | | 110,898 | | (63,544) | | 94,090 | | 3,923,881 |
| Infrastructure | | 190,380,999 | | 20,763,252 | | - | | _ | | 211,144,251 |
| Total | | 265,873,152 | | 25,388,423 | | (620,114) | | 348,950 | | 290,990,411 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | (108,500,388) | | (5,755,320) | | 585,557 | | (180,983) | | (113,851,134) |
| Total governmental activities | \$ | 157,372,764 | \$ | 19,633,103 | \$ | (34,557) | \$ | 167,967 | \$ | 177,139,277 |
| BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Non-depreciable: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 2,203,903 | \$ | 1,310 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 2,205,213 |
| Water rights | _ | 2,120,142 | _ | -, | - | _ | - | _ | - | 2,120,142 |
| Depreciable: | | _,, | | | | | | | | _,,- |
| Buildings | | 113,501,605 | | 65,585 | | _ | | (17,180) | | 113,550,010 |
| Other structures and improvements | | 30,547,611 | | _ | | _ | | - | | 30,547,611 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 10,240,680 | | 376,114 | | (43,562) | | (237,680) | | 10,335,552 |
| Property under capital lease | | 519,943 | | - | | _ | | - | | 519,943 |
| Vehicles | | 2,171,865 | | 112,016 | | (22,294) | | (94,090) | | 2,167,497 |
| Infrastructure | | 309,986,102 | | 14,559,889 | | _ | | _ | | 324,545,991 |
| Total | | 471,291,851 | | 15,114,914 | | (65,856) | | (348,950) | | 485,991,959 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | (196,347,229) | | (6,740,967) | | 57,456 | | 180,983 | | (202,849,757) |
| Total business-type activities | \$ | 274,944,622 | \$ | 8,373,947 | \$ | (8,400) | \$ | (167,967) | \$ | 283,142,202 |
| Total capital assets | \$ | 432,317,386 | \$ | 28,007,050 | \$ | (42,957) | \$ | - | \$ | 460,281,479 |

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Changes in accumulated depreciation are as follows for the year ended June 30, 2019:

| | Jı | ine 30, 2018 | Additions | | Disposals | | Transfers | | June 30, 2019 | |
|-----------------------------------|----|---------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ | (16,828,397) | \$ | (862,461) | \$ | - | \$ | (644) | \$ | (17,691,502) |
| Other structures and improvements | | (1,086,767) | | (22,238) | | - | | - | | (1,109,005) |
| Machinery and equipment | | (8,833,782) | | (878,256) | | 522,013 | | (108,470) | | (9,298,495) |
| Property under capital lease | | (174,545) | | (67,520) | | - | | - | | (242,065) |
| Vehicles | | (2,830,901) | | (245,552) | | 63,544 | | (71,869) | | (3,084,778) |
| Infrastructure | | (78,745,996) | | (3,679,293) | | | | | | (82,425,289) |
| Total governmental activities | \$ | (108,500,388) | \$ | (5,755,320) | \$ | 585,557 | \$ | (180,983) | \$ | (113,851,134) |
| BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ | (19,002,101) | \$ | (2,676,210) | \$ | - | \$ | 644 | \$ | (21,677,667) |
| Other structures and improvements | | (28,416,356) | | (451,910) | | - | | - | | (28,868,266) |
| Machinery and equipment | | (7,199,409) | | (594,420) | | 35,162 | | 108,470 | | (7,650,197) |
| Property under capital lease | | (181,979) | | (51,994) | | - | | - | | (233,973) |
| Vehicles | | (1,738,113) | | (61,018) | | 22,294 | | 71,869 | | (1,704,968) |
| Infrastructure | | (139,809,271) | | (2,905,415) | | | | _ | | (142,714,686) |
| Total business-type activities | | (196,347,229) | | (6,740,967) | | 57,456 | | 180,983 | | (202,849,757) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | \$ | (304,847,617) | \$ | (12,496,287) | \$ | 643,013 | \$ | | \$ | (316,700,891) |

NOTE 8. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The City's policy relating to compensated absences is described in Note 1. The current portion is that which is expected to be paid within one year. This amount is estimated based on past trends and expected upcoming events. Actual amounts could differ. Historically, compensated absences and pension liabilities have been liquidated primarily by the general fund and the proprietary funds.

NOTE 8. COMPENSATED ABSENCES (CONTINUED)

| | Balance | | | | | | | Balance |
|----------------------------|---------------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----|-------------|
| | June 30, 2018 | | Incurred | | Satisfied | | Jui | ne 30, 2019 |
| Compensated absences: | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | \$ | 2,510,091 | \$ | 1,801,412 | \$ | (1,662,470) | \$ | 2,649,033 |
| Business-type activities | | 590,409 | | 218,960 | | (294,792) | | 514,577 |
| Total compensated absences | \$ | 3,100,500 | \$ | 2,020,372 | \$ | (1,957,262) | \$ | 3,163,610 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | Г | ue within | | Due after | | | | |
| | | one year | | one year | | Total | | |
| Compensated absences: | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | \$ | 1,589,571 | \$ | 1,059,462 | \$ | 2,649,033 | | |
| Business-type activities | | 264,262 | | 250,315 | | 514,577 | | |
| Total compensated absences | \$ | 1,853,833 | \$ | 1,309,777 | \$ | 3,163,610 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the City's governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2019:

| | Balance | | Issuances and | Repayments | Balance |
|--|---------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| | June 30, 2018 | Restatement | Additions | and Deletions | June 30, 2019 |
| General obligation bonds | \$ 13,835,000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ (895,000) | \$ 12,940,000 |
| Tax increment financing bonds | 5,018,931 | - | 583,000 | (263,120) | 5,338,811 |
| Special assessment debt | 406,000 | - | - | (234,500) | 171,500 |
| Note payable | - | - | 1,700,000 | - | 1,700,000 |
| Intercap notes payable | 763,588 | | 314,560 | (141,139) | 937,009 |
| Subtotal bonds and notes | 20,023,519 | - | 2,597,560 | (1,533,759) | 21,087,320 |
| Bond premiums | 222,051 | - | - | (13,458) | 208,593 |
| Compensated absences | 2,510,091 | - | 1,801,412 | (1,662,470) | 2,649,033 |
| Other post employment benefits liability | 2,143,141 | 111,102 | (103,865) | - | 2,150,378 |
| Net pension liability | 21,421,471 | 1,429,018 | | (2,444,084) | 20,406,405 |
| Totals | \$ 46,320,273 | \$ 1,540,120 | \$ 4,295,107 | \$ (5,653,771) | \$ 46,501,729 |

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The above long-term debt of the City's governmental activities is presented in the accompanying Statement of Net Position as follows:

| | Long-term | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|-----|--------------|--|--|--|
| | Current Portion | | | Portion | | | | | |
| | (0 | lue within | | (due after | | Total | | | |
| | | one year) | | one year) | Lor | ng-Term Debt | | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ | 910,000 | \$ | 12,030,000 | \$ | 12,940,000 | | | |
| Tax increment financing bonds | | 266,936 | | 5,071,875 | | 5,338,811 | | | |
| Special assessment debt | | 32,000 | | 139,500 | | 171,500 | | | |
| Note payable | | - | | 1,700,000 | | 1,700,000 | | | |
| Intercap notes payable | | 155,930 | | 781,079 | | 937,009 | | | |
| Bond premiums | | 13,458 | | 195,135 | | 208,593 | | | |
| Subtotal bonds and notes | | 1,378,324 | | 19,917,589 | | 21,295,913 | | | |
| Compensated absences | | 1,589,571 | | 1,059,462 | | 2,649,033 | | | |
| Other post employment benefits liability | | - | | 2,150,378 | | 2,150,378 | | | |
| Net pension liability | | | 20,406,405 | | | 20,406,405 | | | |
| Totals | \$ | 2,967,895 | \$ | 43,533,834 | \$ | 46,501,729 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> - The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City and are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

| | | | D | ue within |
|---|---------------|------------------|----|-----------|
| | Interest Rate | Amount | | one year |
| General Obligation Refunding Bonds, series 2012 | | | | |
| serial maturities through 2021 | 1.50% | \$ 535,000 | \$ | 265,000 |
| General Obligation TOP Bonds, Series 2013 | | | | |
| serial maturities through 2034 | 2.00% | 8,045,000 | | 430,000 |
| General Obligation TOP Bonds, Series 2014 | | | | |
| serial maturities through 2035 | 1.00% | 4,360,000 | | 215,000 |
| Total general obligations bonds | | \$ 12,940,000 | \$ | 910,000 |

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

| | Princip al | | Interest | Total | | |
|----------------------|------------------|----|-----------|-------|------------|--|
| Year ending June 30, | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| 2020 | \$ 910,000 | \$ | 446,138 | \$ | 1,356,138 | |
| 2021 | 925,000 | | 426,863 | | 1,351,863 | |
| 2022 | 675,000 | | 406,188 | | 1,081,188 | |
| 2023 | 690,000 | | 388,750 | | 1,078,750 | |
| 2024 | 710,000 | | 369,200 | | 1,079,200 | |
| 2025-2029 | 3,925,000 | | 1,486,700 | | 5,411,700 | |
| 2030-2034 | 4,750,000 | | 655,800 | | 5,405,800 | |
| 2035 | 355,000 | | 14,200 | | 369,200 | |
| | \$ 12,940,000 | \$ | 4,193,839 | \$ | 17,133,839 | |

Tax Increment Financing Bonds - Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Bonds are not general obligations, but are special limited obligations of the City. The Series 2007 Bonds, the premium, and the interest thereon are not a charge against the general credit or taxing powers of the City. The bonds are payable solely, and equally and ratably from the tax increment revenues received by the City from its Downtown Bozeman Improvement District. If the incremental revenues are insufficient to pay the principal and interest due on the TIF bonds when due, such payment shortfall shall not constitute a default under the TIF agreement. If and when the incremental revenues are sufficient, the City shall pay the amount of any shortfall to the paying agent and registrar without any penalty interest or premium thereon. Due to the uncertainty of the future tax increment receipts, future payments on the TIF bonds may vary from the summary of debt service requirements. Annual debt services requirements to maturity for the TIF bonds are as follows:

| | Princip al | Interest | Total |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Year ending June 30, | | | |
| 2020 | \$ 266,936 | \$ 249,287 | \$ 516,223 |
| 2021 | 278,616 | 237,486 | 516,102 |
| 2022 | 290,140 | 225,162 | 515,302 |
| 2023 | 301,803 | 212,000 | 513,803 |
| 2024 | 318,468 | 198,114 | 516,582 |
| 2025-2029 | 1,831,320 | 746,102 | 2,577,422 |
| 2030-2034 | 1,456,660 | 275,840 | 1,732,500 |
| 2035-2039 | 369,529 | 90,471 | 460,000 |
| 2040-2042 | 225,339 | 15,490 | 240,829 |
| | \$ 5,338,811 | \$ 2,249,952 | \$ 7,588,763 |

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt (Continued)

<u>Special Assessment Debt</u> - Special assessment bonds are payable from the collection of special assessments levied against benefited property owners within each special improvement district. To the extent that such special assessment collections are not sufficient to make the required debt service payments, the City is obligated to levy and collect a general property tax on all taxable property in the City to provide additional funding for the debt service payments. The cash balance in the SID Revolving Fund must equal at least 5% of the principal amount of bonds outstanding. If the cash balance is less than 5%, a levy is required to bring the cash balance to the required minimum.

The City has issued various special assessment bonds with various maturities through 2025 at interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 5.75%. In addition, the City has issued two notes payable to finance special assessment projects. The following is a schedule of changes in special assessment debt:

| | Balance June 30, 2018 | | Issuances | Re | ep ay ments | Balance June 30, 2019 | | |
|--|--------------------------|---------|-----------|----|-------------|--------------------------|---------|--|
| Special assessment bonds | \$ | 205,000 | \$ - | \$ | (205,000) | \$ | - | |
| Note Payable to Department of Natural | | | | | | | | |
| Resources and Conservation, #WRF-05067 | | 48,500 | - | | (5,500) | | 43,000 | |
| Note Payable to Department of Natural | | | | | | | | |
| Resources and Conservation, #SRF-05132 | | 152,500 | | | (24,000) | | 128,500 | |
| | \$ | 406,000 | \$ - | \$ | (234,500) | \$ | 171,500 | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for special assessment bonds are as follows:

| | | Note |
|----------------------|----|----------|
| | P | ay ables |
| Year ending June 30, | | |
| 2020 | \$ | 32,000 |
| 2021 | | 32,000 |
| 2022 | | 34,000 |
| 2023 | | 35,000 |
| 2024 | | 38,500 |
| | \$ | 171,500 |

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Substantially all special assessment bonds mature 18 to 20 years after the date of issuance but are redeemable at the option of the City whenever cash is available in the respective funds for each issue. The City follows the policy of early redemption on these bonds. Accordingly, a schedule of future interest payments through maturity of the bonds is deemed to be not meaningful and has been excluded.

<u>Intercap Loans</u> - The City entered in a loan agreement with the Montana Board of Investments to partially finance the reconstruction of South Eighth Avenue. This intercap loan payable had a balance outstanding at June 30, 2019, as follows:

| | _ | ue within one vear | Oue after one year | Total |
|---|----|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Notes a such to Mantage David of Lauretmanta in manual annual | | one year | nic year | 1 Ottai |
| Notes payable to Montana Board of Investments in uneven semi-annual installments including interest at variable rates, currently at 3.370%: | | | | |
| South 8th Reconstruction, matures in 2022 | \$ | 129,418 | \$ 328,902 | \$ 458,320 |
| Upgrade Street Lighting, matures in 2030 | | 13,198 | 150,932 | 164,130 |
| Sports Park-Bronken Park improvement, matures in 2029 | | 13,314 | 301,245 | 314,559 |
| | \$ | 155,930 | \$ 781,079 | \$ 937,009 |

The debt service requirements for the intercap loan at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

| | Princip al | Interest | Total |
|----------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| Year ending June 30. | | | |
| 2020 | \$ 155,930 | \$ 27,522 | \$ 183,452 |
| 2021 | 171,502 | - | 171,502 |
| 2022 | 173,945 | - | 173,945 |
| 2023 | 109,245 | - | 109,245 |
| 2024 | 44,284 | - | 44,284 |
| 2025-2029 | 240,760 | - | 240,760 |
| 2030-2031 | 41,343 | - | 41,343 |
| | \$ 937,009 | \$ 27,522 | \$ 964,531 |
| | | | |

<u>Sports Complex Loan</u> - The City entered in a loan agreement with First Security Bank on July 1, 2018 for \$1,700,000 for continued improvements to the Bozeman Sports Park, one of the projects identified for funding by the Trail and Open Space General Obligation Bond. The general terms of the loan include a 3.74% interest rate, 20-year term maturing on June 30, 2039, no origination fee, semi-annual payments of \$62,911, and interest only payments until June of 2020.

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The Sports Park Foundation will provide the funding for the payments through their management of the Sports Park and debt agreements with the City. The City's General Fund will take on this debt and make payments. The revenue generated at the Sports Park Foundation will offset the payment. In the event that the Foundation cannot make the debt payment, the City's General Fund will cover the payment.

The outstanding balance and debt service requirements for the sports complex loan at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

| | Due within | Due after | |
|--|------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | one year | one year | Total |
| Note payable to First Security Bank in semi-annual | | | |
| installments including interest at 3.74% | | | |
| through June of 2039 | \$ - | \$ 1,700,000 | \$ 1,700,000 |

| | Principal | Interest | | Total |
|----------------------|-----------------|----------|---------|-----------------|
| Year ending June 30, | | | | |
| 2020 | \$ - | \$ | 63,494 | \$ 63,494 |
| 2021 | 62,883 | | 62,912 | 125,795 |
| 2022 | 65,167 | | 60,628 | 125,795 |
| 2023 | 67,627 | | 58,168 | 125,795 |
| 2024 | 70,104 | | 55,691 | 125,795 |
| 2025-2029 | 392,767 | | 236,208 | 628,975 |
| 2030-2034 | 472,625 | | 156,349 | 628,974 |
| 2035-2039 | 568,827 | | 60,148 | 628,975 |
| | \$ 1,700,000 | \$ | 753,598 | \$ 2,453,598 |

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt

Revenue Bonds - The City also issues bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

Water Revenue Bonds

Water revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

| | | Balance | | | Repayments | | | Balance | | | I | .ong-Term |
|---|----|---------------|----|-----------|-----------------|-------------|----|--------------|-----------------|-----------|----|------------|
| | Ju | June 30, 2018 | | Issuances | and Settlements | | Jυ | ine 30, 2019 | Due in One Year | | | Portion |
| State Revolving Fund Revenue Bond - 12247 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Series 2011A, serial maturities through 2032, 3% interest rate | \$ | 7,416,000 | \$ | - | \$ | (453,000) | \$ | 6,963,000 | \$ | 467,000 | \$ | 6,496,000 |
| State Revolving Fund Revenue Bond - 13291 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Series 2011B, serial maturities through 2033, 3% interest rate | | 7,482,000 | | - | | (419,000) | | 7,063,000 | | 431,000 | | 6,632,000 |
| State Revolving Fund Revenue Bond - 17386 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Series 2017, serial maturities through 2037, 2.5% interest rate | | 4,209,497 | | 3,069,503 | | (304,000) | | 6,975,000 | | 312,000 | | 6,663,000 |
| | \$ | 19,107,497 | \$ | 3,069,503 | \$ | (1,176,000) | \$ | 21,001,000 | \$ | 1,210,000 | \$ | 19,791,000 |

The revenue bond ordinances specify that the City shall establish various restricted asset accounts and distribute the net revenues for the water fund to the restricted asset accounts and set user rates at levels which will generate minimum net revenues, as defined. The revenue bond ordinances specify that City management and/or the City Commission shall take corrective actions to bring the City into compliance with the revenue bond ordinances, if necessary, and that bondholders shall have the right to institute proceedings, judicial or otherwise, to enforce the covenants of the revenue bond ordinances. The City is in compliance with applicable covenants as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Water revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

| | Principal | Interest | Total |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Year ending June 30, | | | |
| 2020 | \$ 1,210,000 | \$ 414,010 | \$ 1,624,010 |
| 2021 | 1,244,000 | 389,640 | 1,633,640 |
| 2022 | 1,280,000 | 364,590 | 1,644,590 |
| 2023 | 1,318,000 | 338,800 | 1,656,800 |
| 2024 | 1,356,000 | 312,250 | 1,668,250 |
| 2025-2029 | 7,390,000 | 1,135,430 | 8,525,430 |
| 2030-2034 | 5,814,000 | 390,690 | 6,204,690 |
| 2035-2037 | 1,389,000 | 49,140 | 1,438,140 |
| | \$ 21,001,000 | \$ 3,394,550 | \$ 24,395,550 |
| | | | |
| Due within one year | \$ 1,210,000 | | |
| Due after one year | 19,791,000 | | |
| | \$ 21,001,000 | | |

The revenue bond ordinance specifies that the City shall establish various restricted asset accounts and distribute the net revenues for the water fund to the restricted asset accounts and set user rates at levels that will generate minimum net revenues, as defined. The revenue bond ordinances specify that City management and/or the City Commission shall take corrective actions to bring the City into compliance with the revenue bond ordinances, if necessary, and that bondholder shall have the right to institute proceedings, judicial or otherwise, to enforce the covenants of the revenue bond ordinances. The City is in compliance with applicable covenants as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Waste Water Revenue Bonds

Waste Water revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

| | | Balance | Repayments | Balance | | Long-Term |
|---|---------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | Interest Rate | June 30, 2018 | and Settlements | June 30, 2019 | Due in One Year | Portion |
| Waste Water State Revolving -10252 | | | | | | _ |
| Series 2010B, serial maturities through 2030 | 1.75% | \$ 221,000 | \$ (18,000) | \$ 203,000 | \$ 18,000 | \$ 185,000 |
| Waste Water Reclamation Facility Revenue Bonds - 10230, | | | | | | |
| Series 2010D, serial maturities through 2030 | 3.00% | 6,207,000 | (459,000) | 5,748,000 | 473,000 | 5,275,000 |
| Waste Water Reclamation Facility Revenue Bonds - 10262, | | | | | | |
| Series 2010F, serial maturities through 2030 | 3.00% | 551,000 | (39,000) | 512,000 | 40,000 | 472,000 |
| Waste Water Reclamation Facility Revenue Bonds - 11291, | | | | | | |
| Series 2010C, serial maturities through 2031 | 3.00% | 678,000 | (46,000) | 632,000 | 47,000 | 585,000 |
| Waste Water Reclamation Facility Revenue Bonds - 11292, | | | | | | |
| Series 2010G, serial maturities through 2031 | 3.00% | 2,059,000 | (131,000) | 1,928,000 | 135,000 | 1,793,000 |
| Waste Water Reclamation Facility Revenue Bonds - 11281 | | | | | | |
| Series 2010H, serial maturities through 2031 | 3.00% | 6,652,000 | (446,000) | 6,206,000 | 459,000 | 5,747,000 |
| | | \$ 16,368,000 | \$ (1,139,000) | \$ 15,229,000 | \$ 1,172,000 | \$ 14,057,000 |

Waste water revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

| | Princip al | Intere | est | Total |
|----------------------|---------------|---------|-------|---------------|
| Year ending June 30, | | | | |
| 2020 | \$ 1,172,000 | \$ 298 | 8,264 | \$ 1,470,264 |
| 2021 | 1,209,000 | 27 | 4,689 | 1,483,689 |
| 2022 | 1,246,000 | 250 | 0,374 | 1,496,374 |
| 2023 | 1,285,000 | 22: | 5,309 | 1,510,309 |
| 2024 | 1,329,000 | 199 | 9,445 | 1,528,445 |
| 2025-2029 | 7,278,000 | 579 | 9,425 | 7,857,425 |
| 2030-2031 | 1,710,000 | 3 | 0,766 | 1,740,766 |
| | \$ 15,229,000 | \$ 1,85 | 8,272 | \$ 17,087,272 |
| | | | | |
| Due within one year | \$ 1,172,000 | | | |
| Due after one year | 14,057,000 | _ | | |
| | \$ 15,229,000 | = = | | |

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Stormwater Revenue Bonds

Waste Water revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019, are as follows. No debt service schedule has been established, as there has only been one draw-down from the total approved amount of \$1,815,000.

| | Balance | | | | | Re | payments | | Balance | | | Long-Term | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------------|----|---------------|---|-----------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| | Interest Rate | June 30, 2018 | | Is | Issuances | | and Settlements | | June 30, 2019 | | Due in One Year | | Portion | |
| Stormwater System Revenue Bond, Series 2015 | 2.00% | \$ | 1,292,430 | \$ | 303,570 | \$ | (76.000) | \$ | 1.520,000 | • | 78.000 | • | 1.442.000 | |
| Stormwater System Revenue Bond, Series 2013 | 2.00% | Ψ | 1,272,730 | Ψ | 303,370 | Ψ | (70,000) | Ψ | 1,320,000 | Φ | 78,000 | Φ_ | 1,442,000 | |

Industrial Revenue and Private Activity Bonds

The City issues tax exempt industrial revenue and private activity bonds to finance construction of facilities within the City, which it sells on installment contracts to the facilities' users. The bonds and the interest payable thereon are not obligations of the City and do not constitute or give rise to a pecuniary liability or contingent liability of the City or a charge against the general credit or taxing power of the City. The bonds are issued under and collateralized by the indentures and are payable solely from the payments to be made pursuant to the loan agreements between the City and the facilities users. The bonds are not a lien on any of the City's properties or revenues, other than the facilities for which they were issued.

To provide financial assistance for the acquisition and improvements of the building occupied by a private elementary school, the City has issued a Private Activity Revenue Bond. This bond is secured by the property financed and is payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loan. Upon repayment of the bond, ownership of the acquired facility transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bond. Accordingly, the bond is not reported as a liability in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2019, the Revenue Bond outstanding had an aggregate principal amount payable of \$187,596.

NOTE 10. CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

In 2014, the City entered into a lease for a motor grader with Caterpillar. The lease term is six years payable in annual installments of \$27,500 at 3.25%. The total amount capitalized of \$234,300 represents the present value of the future lease payments. The payments for this obligation are being recorded in the street maintenance fund.

NOTE 10. CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

In 2015, the City entered into a lease for a copier. The lease term is five years payable in monthly installments of \$300. The total amount capitalized of \$15,907 represents the present value of the future lease payments. The payments for this obligation are being recorded in the general fund.

In 2015, the City entered into a lease for an Elgin street sweeper. The lease term is five years payable in annual installments of \$27,525 at 3.25%. The total amount capitalized of \$152,570 represents the present value of the future lease payments. The payments for this obligation are being recorded in the stormwater fund.

In 2015, the City entered into a lease for a Vactor vacuum truck. The lease term is six years payable in annual installments of \$57,810 at 3.30%. The total amount capitalized of \$367,373 represents the present value of the future lease payments. The payments for this obligation are being recorded in the stormwater fund.

In 2016, the City entered into a lease for a RPMTECH Snow Blower with Caterpillar. The lease term is six years payable in six annual installments of \$13,933 and one payment of \$6,640 at 3.20%. The total amount capitalized of \$82,877 represents the present value of the future lease payments. The payments for this obligation are being recorded in the street maintenance fund.

In 2018, the City entered into a lease for a 12M3AWD Motor Grader with Caterpillar. The lease term is six years payable in five annual payments of \$31,023 and one payment of \$127,840 at 4.55%. The total amount capitalized of \$244,531 represents the present value of the future lease payments. The payments for this obligation are being recorded in the street maintenance fund.

In 2018, the City entered into a lease for a printer. The lease term is five years payable in monthly installments of \$157. The total amount capitalized of \$8,006 represents the present value of future lease payments. The payments for this obligation are being recorded in the general fund.

In 2018, the City entered into a lease for a 2018 Toyota Prius Prime vehicle. The lease term is five years payable in monthly installments of \$430.49 at 7.04%. The total amount capitalized of \$16,066.95 represents the present value of the future lease payments. The payments for this obligation are being recorded in the general fund.

In 2018, the City entered into a lease for a 2018 Toyota Highlander. The lease term is three years payable in monthly installments of \$338.61 at 7.04%. The total amount capitalized of \$13,541.35 represents the present value of the future lease payments. The payments for this obligation are being recorded in the general fund.

NOTE 10. CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

In 2018, the City entered into a lease for a used 2015 Toyota Prius vehicle. The lease term is five years payable in monthly installments of \$301.21 at 7.04%. The total amount capitalized of \$15,197.50 represents the present value of the future lease payments. Half of the payments for this obligation are being recorded in the water fund and half are being recorded in the street maintenance special revenue fund.

In 2018, the City entered into a lease for a used 2015 Toyota Prius vehicle. The lease term is five years payable in monthly installments of \$305.82 at 7.04%. The total amount capitalized of \$15,430 represents the present value of the future lease payments. The payments for this obligation are being recorded in the water fund.

In 2018, the City entered into a lease for a used 2015 Toyota Prius vehicle. The lease term is five years payable in monthly installments of \$345.90 at 7.04%. The total amount capitalized of \$20,753.40 represents the present value of the future lease payments. The payments for this obligation are being recorded in the public administration internal service fund.

In 2018, the City entered into a lease for a used 2015 Toyota Prius vehicle. The lease term is five years payable in monthly installments of \$301.21 at 7.04%. The total amount capitalized of \$18,072.00 represents the present value of the future lease payments. The payments for this obligation are being recorded in the public administration internal service fund

In 2019, the City entered into a lease for three used 2015 Toyota Prius vehicle. The lease term is five years payable in monthly installments of \$1,083.68 at 7.04%. The total amount capitalized of \$45,514.41 represents the present value of the future lease payments. The payments for this obligation are being recorded in the parking fund.

In 2019, the City entered into a lease for a 2019 Elgin Broom Bear Street Sweeper Grader with Merchants Bank. The lease term is six years payable in five annual payments of \$41,387.85 at 4.35%. The total amount capitalized of \$223,395 represents the present value of the future lease payments. The payments for this obligation are being recorded in the street maintenance fund.

NOTE 10. CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The capital lease balance outstanding at June 30, 2019, is as follows:

| | Balance e 30, 2018 | Is | ssuances | Re | ep ay ments | Balance e 30, 2019 |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|----|----------|----|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | · F · · · J · · · · · · · | , |
| Caterpillar 2014 | \$ 179,027 | \$ | - | \$ | (13,173) | \$ 165,854 |
| Savin Copier 2015 | 6,466 | | _ | | (3,427) | 3,039 |
| Snow Blower 2016 | 57,217 | | - | | (12,102) | 45,115 |
| Caterpillar 2018 | 213,508 | | - | | (21,309) | 192,199 |
| Canon Printer 2018 | 7,318 | | - | | (1,445) | 5,873 |
| Elgin Broom Sweeper | - | | 223,395 | | (38,268) | 185,127 |
| Highlander | - | | 11,993 | | (3,253) | 8,740 |
| Prius Sustainability | - | | 15,935 | | (4,311) | 11,624 |
| Prius Streets | - | | 7,596 | | (1,201) | 6,395 |
| Prius Engineering | - | | 15,197 | | (2,403) | 12,794 |
| Prius Engineering 2 | _ | | 17,452 | | (2,759) | 14,693 |
| | \$ 463,536 | \$ | 291,568 | \$ | (103,651) | \$ 651,453 |
| Business-Type Activities: | _ | | _ | | | _ |
| 2015 Street Sweeper | \$ 52,460 | \$ | - | \$ | (25,805) | \$ 26,655 |
| 2015 Vactor Vacuum Truck | 162,427 | | - | | (52,368) | 110,059 |
| Prius Water | - | | 7,601 | | (1,201) | 6,400 |
| Prius Water Conservation | - | | 15,428 | | (2,439) | 12,989 |
| Prius Parking 2318 | - | | 15,171 | | - | 15,171 |
| Prius Parking 1569 | - | | 15,171 | | - | 15,171 |
| Prius Parking 5748 | | | 15,171 | | | 15,171 |
| | \$ 214,887 | \$ | 68,542 | \$ | (81,813) | \$ 201,616 |

The following is a schedule, by year, of future minimum lease payments under capital leases, together with the present value of minimum lease payments at June 30, 2019:

| | Governmental | | Busi | Business-Type | |
|--|--------------|------------|------|---------------|--|
| | A | Activities | | Activities | |
| Year ending June 30, | | | | | |
| 2020 | \$ | 279,122 | \$ | 136,335 | |
| 2021 | | 106,425 | | 63,594 | |
| 2022 | | 100,223 | | 5,477 | |
| 2023 | | 191,120 | | 5,477 | |
| 2024 | 42,185 | | | 150 | |
| Less amount representing interest | | (67,622) | | (9,417) | |
| Present value of future minimum lease payments | \$ | 651,453 | \$ | 201,616 | |

NOTE 10. CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The property under capital lease and the corresponding accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2019, is as follows:

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-Type Activities | |
|--|----------------------------|----|-----------------------------|--|
| Machinery and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation | \$ 880,308 (136,206) | \$ | 605,279 (239,019) | |
| - | \$ 744,102 | \$ | 366,260 | |

NOTE 11. CLASSIFICATION OF NET POSITION

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, net position are classified in the following categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure in future years, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – This category represents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. Net Position is presented as restricted by major purpose.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – This category represents the net position of the City that are not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In the Fund Financial Statements, commitments and assignments segregate portions of fund balance that are either not available or have been earmarked for specific purposes. The various commitments and assignments are established by actions of the City Commission and Management and can be increased, reduced, or eliminated by similar actions. Refer to Note 25 for a further disclosure related to net position classifications.

NOTE 12. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2019, the following funds had a deficit fund balances: Solid Waste fund (\$782,728), TIFD South Bozeman Technology fund (\$7,611), and the Public Works Administration fund (\$699,712).

NOTE 12. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

The deficit fund balance in the Solid Waste fund is due to the sale of city-owned property known as the Mandeville Farm for a \$2,042,391 loss in fiscal year 2017. Additionally, in fiscal year 2019, there was an unanticipated expense of \$177,459 to adjust the estimate for landfill post-closure costs.

The deficit fund balance in the TIFD South Bozeman Technology fund is due to legal counsel costs incurred in the creation of this Tax Increment Financing District in fiscal year 2014. To-date the amount of property tax increment revenue has not been sufficient to eliminate this deficit, but increment revenue is expected to increase in future years.

The deficit fund balance in the Public Works Administration fund is due to the cumulative effect of the prior period adjustments to net position for both the Pension and the Other Post-Employment Benefit liabilities. Prior to the creation of the Public Works Administration fund this year, these liabilities were reported in the Water fund. Upon creation of this fund, the balances and employee costs were transferred to this fund, and the result was a deficit fund balance, which is expected to be eliminated over time with a financial model designed to recoup all costs through internal user charges.

NOTE 13. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 32, the City does not report any balances related to the deferred compensation plan, as these amounts represent neither assets nor liabilities to the City, and the plan is administered by an independent third party.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description and Provisions

All City of Bozeman full-time employees participate in one of three statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer, retirement benefit plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Division (PERD). Contributions to the three plans are as required by State statute. Fiscal years 2019 and 2018 total payroll and covered payroll for all retirement plans were \$24,693,753 and \$23,497,688, respectively. Financial information for all three plans is reported in the Public Employees' Retirement Board's published *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* for the fiscal year-end. It is available from the PERD at 100 North Park Avenue, Suite 220, P.O. Box 200131, Helena, MT 59620-0131. The authority to establish, amend, and provide cost of living adjustments to all three plans is assigned to the State legislature. The authority to establish and amend contribution rates to all three plans is also assigned to the State legislature.

Aggregate Pension Totals

The following table aggregates the amounts for all pension plans in which the City participates.

| | PERS | FURS | N | MPORS | Total |
|--|-----------------|---------------|----|-----------|-----------------|
| Pension deferred outflows of resources | \$ 2,802,643 | \$ 572,758 | \$ | 248,852 | \$ 3,624,253 |
| Net pension liability | 17,399,265 | 2,725,281 | | 5,022,189 | 25,146,735 |
| Pension deferred inflows of resources | 2,452,266 | 76,387 | | 267,146 | 2,795,799 |
| Pension expense | 1,909,093 | 398,316 | | 526,857 | 2,834,266 |

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

In accordance with GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, employers and the non-employer contributing entity are required to recognize and report certain amounts associated with participation in the Public Employees' Retirement System Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (the Plan). This includes the proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability; Pension Expense; and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources associated with pensions. Employers are provided guidance in GASB Statement 68, paragraph 74, where pension amounts must be combined as a total or aggregate for reporting, whether provided through cost-sharing, single-employer, or agent plans. These disclosures provide information for employers who are using a June 30, 2018 measurement date for the 2019 reporting.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Montana Public Employee Retirement Administration (MPERA) prepares its financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. The same accrual basis was used by MPERA for the purposes of determining the Net Pension Liability (NPL); Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions; Pension Expense; the Fiduciary Net Position; and, Additions to or Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period they are earned and become measurable. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized in the accounting period in which they are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Investments are reported at fair value. MPERA adhered to all accounting principles generally accepted by the United States of America. MPERA applied all applicable pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The PERS-Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (DBRP), administered by the Montana Public Employee Retirement Administration (MPERA), is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan established July 1, 1945, and governed by Title 19, chapters 2 & 3, Montana Code Annotated (MCA). This plan provides retirement benefits to covered employees of the State, and local governments, and certain employees of the Montana University System, and school districts. Benefits are established by state law and can only be amended by the Legislature.

All new members are initially members of the PERS-DBRP and have a 12-month window during which they may choose to remain in the PERS-DBRP or join the PERS-DCRP by filing an irrevocable election. Members may not be participants of both the *defined benefit* and *defined contribution* retirement plans. All new members from the universities also have a third option to join the university system's Montana University System Retirement Program (MUS-RP).

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided

The PERS-DBRP provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are based on eligibility, years of service, and highest average compensation (HAC). Member rights are vested after five years of service.

Service Retirement

Hired prior to July 1, 2011: Age 60, 5 years of membership service;

Age 65, regardless of membership service; or

Any age, 30 years of membership service.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Service Retirement (Continued)

Hired on or after July 1, 2011: Age 65, 5 years of membership services;

Age 70, regardless of membership service.

Early Retirement

Early retirement, actuarially reduced:

Hired prior to July 1, 2011: Age 50, 5 years of membership service; or

Any age, 25 years of membership service.

Hired on or after July 1, 2011: Age 55, 5 years of membership service.

Second Retirement (requires returning to PERS-covered employer or PERS service):

- 1. Retire before January 1, 2016 and accumulate less than 2 years additional service credit or retire on or after January 1, 2016 and accumulate less than 5 years additional service credit:
 - a) A refund of member's contributions plus return interest (currently 0.77% effective July 1, 2017);
 - b) No service credit for second employment;
 - c) Start the same benefit amount the month following termination; and
 - d) Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) starts again in the January immediately following the second retirement.
- 2. Retire before January 1, 2016 and accumulate at least 2 years of additional service credit;
 - a) A recalculated retirement benefit based on provisions in effect after the initial retirement; and
 - b) GABA starts on the recalculated benefit in the January after receiving the new benefit for 12 months.
- 3. Retire on or after January 1, 2016 and accumulate 5 or more years of service credit;
 - c) The same retirement as prior to the return to service;
 - d) A second retirement benefit as prior to the second of service based on laws in effect upon the rehire date; and
 - e) GABA starts on both benefits in January after receiving the original and new benefit for 12 months.

Member's Highest Average Compensation (HAC)

Hired prior to July 1, 2011 – highest average compensation during any consecutive 36 months; Hired on or after July 1, 2011 – highest average compensation during any consecutive 60 months;

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Compensation Cap

Hired on or after July 1, 2013 – 110% annual cap on compensation considered as a part of member's highest average compensation.

Monthly Benefit Formula

Members hired prior to July 1, 2011:

- Less than 25 years of membership service: 1.785% of HAC per year of service credit;
- 25 years of membership service or more: 2% of HAC per year of service credit.

Members hired on or after July 1, 2011:

- Less than 10 years of membership service: 1.5% of HAC per year of service credit;
- 10 years or more, but less than 30 years of membership service: 1.785% of HAC per year of service credit;
- 30 years or more of membership service: 2% of HAC per year of service credit.

Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA)*

After the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage (provided below) each January, inclusive of other adjustments to the member's benefit.

- 3% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007
- 1.5% for members hired on or after July 1, 2007
- Members hired on or after July 1, 2013: (a) 1.5% for each year PERS is funded at or above 90%; (b) 1.5% is reduced by 0.1% for each 2% PERS is funded below 90%; and (c) 0% whenever the amortization period for PERS is 40 years or more.

Overview of Contributions

The state Legislature has the authority to establish and amend contribution rates. Member and employer contribution rates are specified by Montana Statute and are a percentage of the member's compensation. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers.

Special Funding: The State of Montana, as the non-employer contributing entity, paid to the Plan, additional contributions that qualify as special funding. Those employers who received *special funding* are all participating employers.

Not Special Funding: Per Montana law, state agencies and universities paid their own additional contributions. The employer paid contributions are *not* accounted for as special funding for state agencies and universities but are reported as employer contributions.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Overview of Contributions (Continued)

Member and employer contribution rates are shown in the table below.

| | | | State & Universities | Local Go | vernment | School I | Districts |
|-------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------|----------|-----------------|-----------|
| Fiscal Year | Mei | nber | Employer | Employer | State | Employer | State |
| | Hired <07/01/11 | Hired >07/01/11 | | | | | |
| 2019 | 7.900% | 7.900% | 8.670% | 8.570% | 0.100% | 8.300% | 0.370% |
| 2018 | 7.900% | 7.900% | 8.570% | 8.470% | 0.100% | 8.200% | 0.370% |
| 2017 | 7.900% | 7.900% | 8.470% | 8.370% | 0.100% | 8.100% | 0.370% |
| 2016 | 7.900% | 7.900% | 8.370% | 8.270% | 0.100% | 8.000% | 0.370% |
| 2015 | 7.900% | 7.900% | 8.270% | 8.170% | 0.100% | 7.900% | 0.370% |
| 2014 | 7.900% | 7.900% | 8.170% | 8.070% | 0.100% | 7.800% | 0.370% |
| 2012-2013 | 6.900% | 7.900% | 7.170% | 7.070% | 0.100% | 6.800% | 0.370% |
| 2010-2011 | 6.900% | | 7.170% | 7.070% | 0.100% | 6.800% | 0.370% |
| 2008-2009 | 6.900% | | 7.035% | 6.935% | 0.100% | 6.800% | 0.235% |

- 1. Member contributions to the system of 7.9% of member's compensation are temporary and will be decreased to 6.9% on January 1 following actuary valuation results that show the amortization period has dropped below 25 years and would remain below 25 years following the reduction of both the additional employer and additional member contribution rates.
- 2. Employer contributions to the system:
 - a. Effective July 1, 2014, following the 2013 Legislative Session, PERS-employer contributions increase an additional 0.1% a year and will continue over 10 years through 2024. The additional employer contributions including the 0.27% added in 2007 and 2009, will terminate on January 1 following an actuary valuation that shows the amortization period of the PERS-DBRP has dropped below 25 years and remains below the 25 years following the reduction of both the additional employer and member contributions rates.
 - b. Effective July 1, 2013, employers are required to make contributions on working retirees' compensation. Member contributions for working retirees are not required.
 - c. The portion of employer contributions allocated to the PCR are included in the employers reporting. The PCR was paid off effective March 2016 and the contributions previously directed to the PCR are now directed to member accounts.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Overview of Contributions (Continued)

- 3. Non Employer Contributions
 - a. Special Funding
 - i. The State contributes 0.1% of members' compensation on behalf of local government entities.
 - ii. The State contributes 0.37% of members' compensation on behalf of school district entities.
 - iii. The state contributed a Statutory Appropriation from the General Fund of \$33,454,182.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (TPL) in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

| • | Investment Return (net of admin expense) | 7.65% |
|---|--|-------------|
| • | Admin expense as a % of payroll | 0.26% |
| • | General Wage Growth* | 3.50% |
| | *includes Inflation at | 2.75% |
| • | Merit Increases | 0% to 6.30% |

Postretirement Benefit Increases

Guaranteed annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) each January. After the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage (provided below) each January, inclusive of other adjustments to the members' benefit.

- ° 3% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007
- ° 1.5% for members hired between July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2013
- ° Members hired on or after July 1, 2013:
 - a) 1.5% for each year PERS is funded at or above 90%;
 - b) 1.5% is reduced by 0.1% for each 2% PERS is funded below 90%; and
 - c) 0% whenever the amortization period for PERS is 40 years or more.
- Mortality assumptions among contributing members, service retired members and beneficiaries are based on RP 2000 Combined Employee and Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with scale BB, males set back 1 year.
- Mortality assumptions among disabled members are based on RP 2000 Mortality Tables with no projections.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The most recent experience study, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2011 through 2016, is outlined in a report dated May 5, 2017 and can be located on the MPERA website. The long-term expected return on pension plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared for the Plan. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including historical rates of return, rate of return assumptions adopted by similar public-sector systems, and by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018, are summarized below.

| Agget Close | Target Asset Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return Arithmetic Basis |
|------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Asset Class | | |
| Cash Equivalents | 2.60% | 4.00% |
| Domestic Equity | 36.00% | 4.55% |
| Foreign Equity | 18.00% | 6.35% |
| Fixed Income | 23.40% | 1.00% |
| Private Equity | 12.00% | 7.75% |
| Real Estate | 8.00% | 4.00% |
| Total | 100.00% | |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.65%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating plan members, employers, and non-employer contributing entities would be made based on the Board's funding policy, which established the contractually required rates under the Montana Code Annotated. The state contributed 0.10% of the salaries paid by local governments and 0.37% paid by school districts. In addition, the state contributed a statutory appropriation from the general fund. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be adequate to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members through the year 2121. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. A municipal bond rate was not incorporated in the discount rate.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the employer's sensitivity of the NPL to the discount rate in the table below. A small change in the discount rate can create a significant change in the liability. The NPL was calculated using the discount rate of 7.65%, as well as what the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

| As of Reporting Date | 1.0% Decrease at 6.65% | Current Discount Rate | 1.0% Increase at 8.65% | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| Reporting Date | at 0.05% | Kate | at 0.05% | | |
| City of Bozeman Net Pension Liability | \$25,163,366 | \$17,399,265 | \$11,023,700 | | |

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

GASB Statement 68 allows a measurement date of up to 12 months before the employer's fiscal year-end can be utilized to determine the Plan's TPL. The basis for the TPL as of June 30, 2019, was determined by taking the results of the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation and applying standard roll forward procedures. The roll forward procedure uses a calculation that adds the annual normal cost (also called the service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year, and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year. The roll forward procedure will include the effects of any assumption changes and legislative changes. The update procedures are in conformity with Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board.

The Total Pension Liability (TPL) minus the Fiduciary Net Position equals the Net Pension Liability (NPL). The proportionate shares of the employer's and the state of Montana's NPL for June 30, 2019, and 2018, are displayed below. The employer's proportionate share equals the ratio of the employer's contributions to the sum of all employer and non-employer contributions during the measurement period. The state's proportionate share for a particular employer equals the ratio of the contributions for the particular employer to the total state contributions paid. The employer recorded a liability of \$17,399,265 and the employer's proportionate share was 0.8336 percent.

| As of Reporting Date | Net Pension Liability as of 6/30/19 | Net Pension Liability as of 6/30/18 | Percent of Collective NPL as of 6/30/19 | Percent of Collective NPL as of 6/30/18 | Change in Percent of Collective NPL |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| City of Bozeman Proportionate Share | \$ 17,399,265 | \$ 20,291,988 | 0.8336% | 1.0419% | -0.2083% |
| State of Montana Proportionate Share associated | | | | | |
| with the City | 5,822,595 | 266,967 | 1.1196% | 1.3606% | -0.2410% |
| Total | \$ 23,221,860 | \$ 20,558,955 | 1.9532% | 2.4025% | -0.4493% |

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods:

There were no changes in assumptions or other inputs that affected the measurement of the TPL.

Changes in Benefit Terms:

There have been no changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date.

Changes in Proportionate Share:

There were no changes between the measurement date of the collective NPL and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's proportionate share of the collective NPL.

Pension Expense

At June 30, 2019, the employer recognized \$1,909,093 for its proportionate share of the Plan's pension expense and recognized grant revenue of \$388,594 for the state of Montana proportionate share of the pension expense associated with the employer. Additionally, the employer recognized grant revenue of \$0 from the State Statutory Appropriation from the General Fund.

| As of reporting date | Pension Expense as of 6/30/19 | Pension Expense as of 6/30/18 | |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| City's Proportionate Share | \$ 1,909,093 | \$ 2,719,887 | |
| Employer Grant Revenue - State of Montana | 388,594 | 14,233 | |
| State of Montana Coal Tax for employer | - | 290,280 | |
| Total | \$ 2,297,687 | \$ 3,024,400 | |

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Recognition of Deferred Inflows and Outflows

At June 30, 2019, the employer reported its proportionate share of PERS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

| As of Reporting Date | Deferred Outflows of | Deferred Inflows of | |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|--|
| As of Reporting Date | Resources | Resources | |
| Expected v. actual experience | \$ 1,323,097 | \$ - | |
| Projected investment earnings v. actual | | | |
| investment earnings | - | 270,210 | |
| Changes in assumptions | 1,479,546 | - | |
| Changes in proportion and differences between | | | |
| employer contributions and proportionate share | | | |
| of contributions | - | 2,182,056 | |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the | | | |
| measurement date | 1,218,871 | - | |
| Total | \$ 4,021,514 | \$ 2,452,266 | |

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the employer's pension expense as follows:

| | Recognition of deferred outflows and deferred inflows in future years as an increase or (decrease) | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------|--|
| For the Reporting Year ended June 30: | to p | ension expense | |
| 2020 | \$ | 971,387 | |
| 2021 | \$ | 450,261 | |
| 2022 | \$ | (960,243) | |
| 2023 | \$ | (111,028) | |
| 2024 | \$ | - | |
| Thereafter | \$ | - | |

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

PERS Disclosure for the Defined Contribution Plan

The City contributed to the state of Montana Public Employee Retirement System Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PERS-DCRP) for employees that have elected the DCRP. The PERS-DCRP is administered by the PERB and is reported as a multiple employer plan established July 1, 2002, and governed by Title 19, chapters 2 & 3, MCA.

All new PERS members are initially members of the PERS-DBRP and have a 12-month window during which they may choose to remain in the PERS-DBRP or join the PERS-DCRP by filing an irrevocable election. Members may not be participants of both the *defined benefit* and *defined contribution* retirement plans.

Member and employer contribution rates are specified by state law and are a percentage of the member's compensation. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers. The state Legislature has the authority to establish and amend contribution rates.

Benefits are dependent upon eligibility and individual account balances. Participants are vested immediately in their own contributions and attributable income. Participants are vested after 5 years of membership service for the employer's contributions to individual accounts and the attributable income. Non-vested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment per 19-3-2117(5), MCA. Such forfeitures are used to cover the administrative expenses of the PERS-DCRP.

At the plan level for the reporting period ended June 30, 2019, the PERS-DCRP employer did not recognize any net pension liability or pension expense for the *defined contribution* plan. Plan level non-vested forfeitures for the 316 employers that have participants in the PERS-DCRP totaled \$746,144.

Pension plan fiduciary net position:

The stand-alone financial statements of the Montana Public Employees Retirement Board (PERB) *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR) and the GASB 68 Report disclose the Plan's fiduciary net position. The reports are available from the PERB at PO Box 200131, Helena, MT 59620-0131, (406) 444-3154 or both are available on the MPERA website at http://mpera.mt.gov/index.shtml.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Firefighters' Unified Retirement System (FURS)

In accordance with GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, employers and the non-employer contributing entity are required to recognize and report certain amounts associated with participation in the Firefighters' Unified Retirement System (the Plan). This includes the proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability; Pension Expense; and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources associated with pensions. Employers are provided guidance in GASB Statement 68, paragraph 74, where pension amounts must be combined as a total or aggregate for reporting, whether provided through cost-sharing, single-employer, or agent pension plans. These disclosures provide information for employers who are using a June 30, 2018 measurement date for the 2019 reporting.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

MPERA prepared financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. The same accrual basis was used by MPERA for the purposes of determining the Net Pension Liability (NPL); Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions; Pension Expense; the Fiduciary Net Position; and, Additions to or Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period they are earned and become measurable. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized in the accounting period in which they are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Investments are reported at fair value. MPERA adhered to all accounting principles generally accepted by the United States of America. MPERA applied all applicable pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Firefighters' Unified Retirement System (FURS), administered by the Montana Public Employee Retirement Administration (MPERA), is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan established in 1981, and governed by Title 19, chapters 2 & 13, Montana Code Annotated (MCA). This plan provides retirement benefits to firefighters employed by first- and second-class cities, other cities and rural fire district departments that adopt the plan, and to firefighters hired by the Montana Air National Guard on or after October 1, 2001. Benefits are established by state law and can only be amended by the Legislature.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Firefighters' Unified Retirement System (FURS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided

The FURS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are based on eligibility, years of service, and highest average compensation (HAC). Member rights are vested after five years of service.

Service Retirement and monthly benefit formula

- Hired on or after July 1, 1981, or has elected to be covered by GABA:
 - o 20 years of membership service
 - o 2.5% of HAC x years of service credit
- Hired prior to July 1, 1981, and who had not elected to be covered by GABA, the greater of above, or:
 - o If membership service is less than 20 years:
 - 2% of the highest monthly compensation (HMC) x years of service credit, and
 - o If membership service is greater or equal to 20 years:
 - 50% of HMC + 2% of HMC x years of service credit in excess of 20,
- Early retirement: Age 50 with 5 years of membership service Normal retirement benefit calculated using HAC and service credit.

Second retirement:

Applies to retirement system members re-employed in a FURS position on or after July 1, 2017:

- If the member works more than 480 hours in a calendar year and accumulates less than 5 years of service credit before terminating again, the member:
 - o is not awarded service credit for the period of reemployment;
 - o is refunded the accumulated contributions associated with the period of reemployment;
 - o starting the first month following termination of service, receives the same retirement benefit previously paid to the member; and
 - o does not accrue post-retirement benefit adjustments during the term of reemployment but receives a Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) in January immediately following second retirement.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Firefighters' Unified Retirement System (FURS)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Second retirement (Continued):

- If the member works more than 480 hours in a calendar year and accumulates at least 5 years of service credit before terminating again, the member:
 - o Is awarded service credit for the period of reemployment;
 - o Starting the first month following termination services, receives:
 - The same retirement benefit previously paid to the member; and
 - A second retirement benefit for the period of reemployment calculated based on the laws in effect as of the members' rehire date, and
 - o Does not accrue post-retirement benefit adjustments during the term of reemployment but receives a GABA;
 - On the initial retirement benefit in January immediately following second retirement, and
 - On the second retirement benefit starting in January after receiving that benefit for at least 12 months.
 - o A member who returns to covered service is not eligible for a disability benefit.

Member's Compensation Period used in Benefit Calculation

- Hired prior to July 1, 1981 and not electing GABA highest monthly compensation (HMC)
- Hired after June 30, 1981 and those electing GABA highest average compensation (HAC) during any consecutive 36 months (or shorter period of total service).
- Part-time firefighter: 15% of regular compensation of a newly confirmed full-time firefighter.

Compensation Cap

• Hired on or after July 1, 2013 – 110% annual cap on compensation considered as part of a member's highest average compensation.

Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA)

• Hired on or after July 1, 1997, or those electing GABA, and has been retired for at least 12 months – the member's benefit increases by 3.0% each January.

Minimum Benefit Adjustment (non-GABA)

• A member with 10 or more years of membership service who has not elected to be covered under GABA - the minimum benefit provided may not be less than 50% of the monthly compensation paid to a newly confirmed active firefighter of the employer that last employed the member as a firefighter in the current fiscal year.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Firefighters' Unified Retirement System (FURS) (Continued)

Contributions

The State Legislature has the authority to establish and amend contribution rates to the plan. Member and employer contribution rates are specified by Montana Statute and are a percentage of the member's compensation. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers.

Special Funding

MCA 19-13-604 requires the State of Montana to contribute a percentage of total compensation directly to the Plan annually after the end of each fiscal year. Member, Employer and State contribution rates are shown in the table below.

| Fiscal Year | Non-GABA | GABA | Employer | State |
|-----------------|----------|--------|-----------------|--------|
| 1998 - 2019 | 9.50% | 10.70% | 14.36% | 32.61% |
| 1997 | 7.80% | | 14.36% | 32.61% |

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

| • | Investment Return | 7.65% |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------|
| • | Admin expense as a % of payroll | 0.23% |
| • | General Wage Growth* | 3.50% |
| | *includes Inflation at | 2.75% |
| • | Merit Increases | 0% to 6.30% |

• Postretirement Benefit Increases

o Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) each January

Members hired on or after July 1, 1997, or those electing GABA, and has been retired for at least 12 months, the member's benefit increases by a maximum of 3% each January.

o Minimum Benefit Adjustment (non-GABA)

A member with 10 or more years of membership service who has not elected to be covered under GABA - the minimum benefit provided may not be less than 50% of the monthly compensation paid to a newly confirmed active firefighter of the employer that last employed the member as a firefighter in the current fiscal year.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Firefighters' Unified Retirement System (FURS) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

- Mortality assumptions among contributing members, terminated vested members, service retired members and beneficiaries are based on RP 2000 Combined Employee and Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2020 using Scale BB, males set back 1 year.
- Mortality assumptions among disabled members are based on RP 2000 Combined Mortality Tables.

The most recent experience study, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2011 through 2016, is outlined in a report dated May 5, 2017 and can be located on the MPERA website. The long-term expected return on pension plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared for the Plan. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including historical rates of return, rate of return assumptions adopted by similar public-sector systems, and by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019, are summarized below.

| | Target Asset | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|------------------|--------------|---|
| Asset Class | Allocation | Arithmetic Basis |
| Cash Equivalents | 2.60% | 4.00% |
| Domestic Equity | 36.00% | 4.55% |
| Foreign Equity | 18.00% | 6.35% |
| Fixed Income | 23.40% | 1.00% |
| Private Equity | 12.00% | 7.75% |
| Real Estate | 8.00% | 4.00% |
| Total | 100.00% | |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.65%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating plan members, employers, and non-employer contributing entities would be made based on the Board's funding policy, which established the contractually required rates under the Montana Code Annotated. The state contributed 32.61% of the salaries paid by employers. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be adequate to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members through the year 2134. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. A municipal bond rate was not incorporated in the discount rate.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Firefighters' Unified Retirement System (FURS) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the employer's sensitivity of the NPL to the discount rate in the table below. A small change in the discount rate can create a significant change the liability. The NPL was calculated using the discount rate of 7.65%, as well as what the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

| As of Reporting Date | 1.0% Decrease (6.65%) | Current Discount Rate | 1.0% Increase (8.65%) |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| City of Bozeman's Net Pension | | | |
| Liability | \$4,670,984 | \$2,725,281 | \$1,157,981 |

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

GASB Statement 68 allows a measurement date of up to 12 months before the employer's fiscal year-end can be utilized to determine the Plan's TPL. The basis for the TPL as of June 30, 2019, was determined by taking the results of the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation and applying standard roll forward procedures. The roll forward procedure uses a calculation that adds the annual normal cost (also called the service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year, and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year. The roll forward procedure will include the effects of any assumption changes and legislative changes. The update procedures are in conformity with Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board.

The Total Pension Liability (TPL) minus the Fiduciary Net Position equals the Net Pension Liability (NPL). The proportionate shares of the employer's and the State of Montana's NPL for June 30, 2019 and 2018, are displayed below. The employer's proportionate share equals the ratio of the employer's contributions to the sum of all employer and non-employer contributions during the measurement period. Due to the existence of the special funding situation, the state is required to report a proportionate share of a local government's collective NPL that is associated with the non-state employer. The state's proportionate share for a particular employer equals the ratio of the contributions for the particular employer to the total state contributions paid. The employer recorded a liability of \$2,725,281 and the employer's proportionate share was 2.3663 percent.

| | | | Percent of Collective | Percent of Collective | Change in Percent of |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| As of Reporting Date | NPL as of 6/30/19 | NPL as of 6/30/18 | NPL as of 6/30/19 | NPL as of 6/30/18 | Collective NPL |
| City Proportionate Share | \$ 2,725,281 | \$ 2,655,380 | 2.3663% | 2.3492% | 0.0171% |
| State of Montana Proportionate | | | | | |
| Share associated with Employer | 6,231,502 | 6,030,078 | 7.9601% | 7.8595% | 0.1006% |
| Total | \$ 8,956,783 | \$ 8,685,458 | 10.3264% | 10.2087% | 0.1177% |

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Firefighters' Unified Retirement System (FURS) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods:

There were no changes in assumptions or other inputs that affected the measurement of the TPL.

Changes in Benefit Terms:

There have been no changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date.

Changes in Proportionate Share:

There were no changes between the measurement date of the collective NPL and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's proportionate share of the collective NPL.

Pension Expense

At June 30, 2019 reporting date, the employer recognized its proportionate share of the FURS' pension expense of \$398,316. The employer also recognized grant revenue of \$1,254,217 for the support provided by the State of Montana for the proportionate share of the pension expense that is associated with the employer.

| As of reporting date | Pension Expense as of 6/30/19 | Pension Expense as of 6/30/18 | |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| City's Proportionate Share | \$ 398,316 | \$ 388,062 | |
| Employer Grant Revenue - State of Montana Proportionate Share for | | | |
| Employer | 1,254,217 | 1,145,218 | |
| Total | \$ 1,652,533 | \$ 1,533,280 | |

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Firefighters' Unified Retirement System (FURS) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Recognition of Deferred Inflows and Outflows

At June 30, 2019, the employer reported its proportionate share of the Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Expected v. actual experience | \$ 305,912 | \$ 15,013 |
| Projected investment earnings v. actual investment earnings | - | \$ 33,056 |
| Changes in assumptions | \$ 266,846 | \$ - |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | - | \$ 28,318 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | \$ 546,707 | - |
| Total | \$ 1,119,465 | \$ 76,387 |

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in Pension Expense as follows:

| | Recognition of deferred outflows and deferred | |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| For the Reporting Year ended | inflows in future years as an increase or | |
| June 30: | (decrease) to pension expense | |
| 2020 | \$ 172,534 | |
| 2021 | \$ 123,082 | |
| 2022 | \$ 29,904 | |
| 2023 | \$ 109,667 | |
| Thereafter | \$ 61,184 | |

Pension plan fiduciary net position:

The stand-alone financial statements of the Montana Public Employees Retirement Board (PERB) *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR) and the GASB 68 Report disclose the Plan's fiduciary net position. The reports are available from the PERB at PO Box 200131, Helena, MT 59620-0131, (406) 444-3154 or both are available on the MPERA website at http://mpera.mt.gov/index.shtml.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Police Officers' Retirement System (MPORS)

In accordance with GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, employers and the non-employer contributing entity are required to recognize and report certain amounts associated with participation in the Municipal Police Officers' Retirement System (the Plan). This includes the proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability; Pension Expense; and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources associated with pensions. Employers are provided guidance in GASB Statement 68, paragraph 74, where pension amounts must be combined as a total or aggregate for reporting. Whether provided through cost-sharing, single-employer, or agent plans. This report provides information for employers who are using a June 30, 2018 measurement date for the 2019 reporting.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

MPERA prepared financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. The same accrual basis was used by MPERA for the purposes of determining the Net Pension Liability (NPL); Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions; Pension Expense; the Fiduciary Net Position; and, Additions to or Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period they are earned and become measurable. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized in the accounting period in which they are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Investments are reported at fair value. MPERA adhered to all accounting principles generally accepted by the United States of America. MPERA applied all applicable pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Municipal Police Officers' Retirement System (MPORS), administered by the Montana Public Employee Retirement Administration (MPERA), is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan established in 1974 and governed by Title 19, chapters 2 & 9, Montana Code Annotated (MCA). This plan provides retirement benefits to all municipal police officers employed by first- and second-class cities and other cities that adopt the plan. Benefits are established by state law and can only be amended by the Legislature.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Police Officers' Retirement System (MPORS) (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP): Beginning July 2002, eligible members of MPORS can participate in the DROP by filing a one-time irrevocable election with the Board. The DROP is governed by Title 19, Chapter 9, Part 12, MCA. A member must have completed at least twenty years of membership service to be eligible. They may elect to participate in the DROP for a minimum of one month and a maximum of 60 months and may only participate in the DROP once. A participant remains a member of the MPORS, but will not receive membership service or service credit in the system for the duration of the member's DROP period. During participation in the DROP, all mandatory contributions continue to the retirement system. A monthly benefit is calculated based on salary and years of service to date as of the beginning of the DROP period. The monthly benefit is paid into the member's DROP account until the end of the DROP period. At the end of the DROP period, the participant may receive the balance of the DROP account in a lump-sum payment or in a direct rollover to another eligible plan, as allowed by the IRS. If the participant continues employment after the DROP period ends, they will again accrue membership service and service credit. The DROP account cannot be distributed until employment is formally terminated.

Benefits Provided

MPORS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are based on eligibility, years of service, and compensation. Member rights are vested after five years of service.

Service Retirement and monthly benefit formula:

- 20 years of membership service, regardless of age
- Age 50 with 5 years of membership service (Early Retirement)
- 2.5% of FAC x years of service credit

Second Retirement:

Re-calculated using specific criteria for members who return to covered MPORS employment prior to July 1, 2017:

- Less than 20 years of membership service, upon re-employment, repay benefits and subsequent retirement is based on total MPORS service.
- More than 20 years of membership service, upon re-employment, receives initial benefit and a new retirement benefit based on additional service credit and FAC after re-employment.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Police Officers' Retirement System (MPORS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Applies to retirement system members re-employed in a MPORS position on or after July 1, 2017:

- 1) If the member works more than 480 hours in a calendar year and accumulates less than 5 years of service credit before terminating again, the member:
 - a. Is not awarded service credit for the period of reemployment;
 - Is refunded the accumulated contributions associated with the period of reemployment;
 Starting the first month following termination of service, receives the same retirement benefit previously paid to the member; and
 - c. Does not accrue post-retirement benefit adjustments during the term of reemployment but receives a Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) in January immediately following second retirement.
- 2) If the member works more than 480 hours in a calendar year and accumulates at least 5 years of service credit before terminating again, the member:
 - a. Is awarded service credit for the period of reemployment;
 - b. Starting the first month following termination of service, receives:
 - i. The same retirement benefit previously paid to the member, and
 - ii. A second retirement benefit for the period of reemployment calculated based on the laws in effect as of the member's rehire date; and
 - c. Does not accrue post-retirement benefit adjustments during the term of reemployment but receives a GABA:
 - i. On the initial retirement benefit in January immediately following second retirement, and
 - ii. On the second retirement benefit starting in January after receiving that benefit for at least 12 months.
- 3) A member who returns to covered service is not eligible for a disability benefit.

Member's final average compensation (FAC)

Hired prior to July 1, 1977 - average monthly compensation of final year of service; Hired on or after July 1, 1977 – final average compensation (FAC) for last consecutive 36 months.

Compensation Cap

Hired on or after July 1, 2013 – 110% annual cap on compensation considered as part of a member's highest FAC.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Police Officers' Retirement System (MPORS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA)

Hired on or after July 1, 1997, or those electing GABA, and has been retired for at least 12 months, a GABA will be made each year in January equal to 3.0%.

Minimum Benefit Adjustment (non-GABA)

The minimum benefit provided may not be less than 50% of the compensation paid to a newly confirmed police officer of the employer that last employed the member as a police officer in the current fiscal year.

Contributions

The State Legislature has the authority to establish and amend contribution rates to the plan. Member and employer contribution rates are specified by Montana Statute and are a percentage of the member's compensation. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers.

Special Funding

MCA 19-9-702 requires the State of Montana to contribute a percentage of total compensation directly to the Plan annually after the end of each fiscal year. Member, Employer and State contribution rates are shown in the table below.

| | Member | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------|---------|
| | | | | Hired > 6/30/97 | | |
| Fiscal Year | Hired <7/1/75 | Hired >6/30/75 | Hired >6/30/79 | GABA | Employer | State |
| 2000-2019 | 5.800% | 7.000% | 8.500% | 9.000% | 14.410% | 29.370% |
| 1998-1999 | 7.800% | 9.000% | 10.500% | 11.000% | 14.410% | 29.370% |
| 1997 | 7.800% | 9.000% | 10.500% | | 14.360% | 29.370% |

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Police Officers' Retirement System (MPORS) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

Investment Return (net of admin expense)
Admin Expense as % of Payroll
General Wage Growth*
*includes Inflation at 2.75%

• Merit Increases 0% to 6.60%

• Postretirement Benefit Increases

i. Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) each January

Hired on or after July 1, 1997, or those electing GABA, and has been retired for at least 12 months, a GABA will be made each year in January equal to 3%.

ii. Minimum benefit adjustment (non-GABA)

The minimum benefit provided may not be less than 50% of the compensation paid to a newly confirmed police officer of the employer that last employed the member as a police officer in the current fiscal year.

- Mortality assumptions among contributing members, service retired members and beneficiaries were based on RP 2000 Combined Employee and Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2020 using scale BB, set back one year for males.
- Mortality assumptions among Disabled Retirees were based on RP 2000 Combined Mortality Tables.

The most recent experience study, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2011 through 2016, is outlined in a report dated May 5, 2017 and can be located on the MPERA website. The long-term expected return on pension plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared for the Plan. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including historical rates of return, rate of return assumptions adopted by similar public-sector systems, and by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019, are summarized on the following page.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Police Officers' Retirement System (MPORS) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

| | Target Asset | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|------------------|--------------|---|
| Asset Class | Allocation | Arithmetic Basis |
| Cash Equivalents | 2.60% | 4.00% |
| Domestic Equity | 36.00% | 4.55% |
| Foreign Equity | 18.00% | 6.35% |
| Fixed Income | 23.40% | 1.00% |
| Private Equity | 12.00% | 7.75% |
| Real Estate | 8.00% | 4.00% |
| Total | 100.00% | |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.65%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating plan members, employers, and non-employer contributing entities would be made based on the Board's funding policy, which established the contractually required rates under the Montana Code Annotated. The state contributed 29.37% of the salaries paid by employers. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be adequate to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members through the year 2132. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. A municipal bond rate was not incorporated in the discount rate.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the employer's sensitivity of the NPL to the discount rate in the table below. A small change in the discount rate can create a significant change in the liability. The NPL was calculated using the discount rate of 7.65%, as well as what the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

| As of | 1.0% Decrease | Current | 1.0% Increase |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Reporting Date | (6.65%) | Discount Rate | (8.65%) |
| City of Bozeman's Net Pension | | | |
| Liability | \$7,626,984 | \$5,022,189 | \$2,939,047 |

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Police Officers' Retirement System (MPORS) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

GASB Statement 68 allows a measurement date of up to 12 months before the employer's fiscal year-end can be utilized to determine the Plan's TPL. The basis for the TPL as of June 30, 2019, was determined by taking the results of the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation and applying standard roll forward procedures. The roll forward procedure uses a calculation that adds the annual normal cost (also called the service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year, and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year. The roll forward procedure will include the effects of any assumption changes and legislative changes. The update procedures are in conformity with Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board.

The Total Pension Liability (TPL) minus the Fiduciary Net Position equals the Net Pension Liability (NPL). The proportionate shares of the employer's and the State of Montana's NPL for June 30, 2019, and 2018, are displayed below. The employer's proportionate share equals the ratio of the employer's contributions to the sum of all employer and non-employer contributions during the measurement period. Due to the existence of the special funding situation, the state is required to report a proportionate share of a local government's collective NPL that is associated with the non-state employer. The state's proportionate share for a particular employer equals the ratio of the contributions for the particular employer to the total state contributions paid. The employer recorded a liability of \$5,022,189 and the employer's proportionate share was 2.9325 percent.

| | | | | | Percent of | Percent of | |
|--------------------------------|-------|----------------|-----|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | Collective NPL as | Collective NPL as | Change in Percent |
| As of Reporting Date | NPL a | s of 6/30/2019 | NPI | as of 6/30/2018 | of 6/30/2019 | of 6/30/2018 | of Collective NPL |
| City Proportionate Share | \$ | 5,022,189 | \$ | 5,408,979 | 2.9325% | 3.0402% | -0.1077% |
| State of Montana Proportionate | | | | | | | |
| Share associated with Employer | \$ | 10,266,345 | \$ | 11,024,418 | 8.9307% | 9.2367% | -0.3060% |
| Total | \$ | 15,288,534 | \$ | 16,433,397 | 11.8632% | 12.2769% | -0.4137% |

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

There were no changes in assumptions or other inputs that affected the measurement of the TPL.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There have been no changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date.

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Police Officers' Retirement System (MPORS) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Changes in Proportionate Share

There were no changes between the measurement date of the collective NPL and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's proportionate share of the collective NPL.

Pension Expense

At June 30, 2019 reporting date, the employer recognized its proportionate share of the Plan's pension expense of \$526,857. The employer also recognized grant revenue of \$1,415,234 for the support provided by the State of Montana for the proportionate share of the pension expense that is associated with the employer.

| As of reporting date | Pens | sion Expense as of 6/30/19 | Pen | nsion Expense as of 6/30/18 |
|---|------|----------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|
| City's Proportionate Share | \$ | 526,857 | \$ | 657,460 |
| State of Montana Proportionate Share associated with the City | | 1,415,234 | | 1,335,293 |
| Total | \$ | 1,942,091 | \$ | 1,992,753 |

Recognition of Deferred Inflows and Outflows

At June 30, 2019, the employer reported its proportionate share of MPORS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to MPORS from the following sources:

| As of reporting date | | | ed Outflows of esources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
|---|-------|----|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|--|
| Expected v. actual experience | | \$ | 14,078 | \$ | 100,166 | |
| Projected investment earnings v. actual investment earnings | | | - | | 38,081 | |
| Changes in assumptions | | | 234,774 | | - | |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer | | | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | | - | | 128,899 | |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | | 681,583 | | - | |
| 7 | Total | \$ | 930,435 | \$ | 267,146 | |

NOTE 14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Police Officers' Retirement System (MPORS) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Recognition of Deferred Inflows and Outflows (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in Pension Expense as follows:

| For the Reporting Year ended June 30: | Recognition of deferred outflows and deferred inflows in future years as an increase or (decrease) to pension expense |
|--|--|
| 2020 | \$ 113,443 |
| 2021 | \$ 31,490 |
| 2022 | \$ (140,833) |
| 2023 | \$ (22,394) |
| 2024 | - |
| Thereafter | - |

Pension plan fiduciary net position

The stand-alone financial statements (76d) of the Montana Public Employees Retirement Board (PERB) *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR) and the GASB 68 Report disclose the Plan's fiduciary net position. The reports are available from the PERB at PO Box 200131, Helena, MT 59620-0131, (406) 444-3154 or both are available on the MPERA website at http://mpera.mt.gov/index.shtml.

NOTE 15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

In addition to providing a deferred compensation plan, the City provides other post-employment benefits (OPEB) allowing its retired employees to continue their medical, dental, and vision care coverage through the City's group health plan until death (Retiree Health Plan). The single-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan allows retirees to participate, as a group, at a rate that does not cover all of the related costs. This results in the reporting of an implied rate subsidy in the financial statements and footnotes. The City's contract with Allegiance Benefits details the plan eligibility. MMIA is the administrator of the plan, which covers both active and retired members. In accordance with MCA 2-18-704, the City's retirees may continue coverage for themselves and their covered eligible dependents, if they are eligible for public employees' retirement by virtue of their employment with the City of Bozeman. The City's current labor contracts do not include any obligations for payments to retirees. The City also allows terminated employees to continue their health care coverage for 18 months past the date of termination as required by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA).

NOTE 15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

OPEB is recorded on an accrual basis for all enterprise and internal service funds. OPEB is recorded on a modified accrual basis for the governmental funds. Plan contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Funding Policy

The plan is unfunded by the City and plan members receiving benefits contribute 100 percent of their cost of the benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City plan's administratively established retiree medical, dental, and vision premiums vary between \$41 and \$2131 per month depending on the medical plan selected, family coverage, and Medicare eligibility. The plan provides different coinsurance amounts depending on whether members use preferred, non-preferred, or other hospitals. Depending on the plan, for a single individual, after an annual deductible of \$500 to \$2,700 for non-Medicare-eligible retirees, the plan reimburses 60% to 80% of allowed charges after deductible and up to the out-of-pocket maximum, and then 100%. Depending on the plan, for a family, after an annual deductible of \$1,000 to \$5,400 for non-Medicare-eligible retirees, the plan reimburses 60% to 80% of allowed charges after deductible and up to the out-of-pocket maximum, and then 100%.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| <u>Category</u> | Count |
|--|--------------|
| Active employees | 459 |
| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments | 32 |
| Total | 491 |

Contributions

Benefit contributions are paid by the City as they come due.

NOTE 15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Total OPEB Liability (TOL)

The City's total OPEB liability of \$2,567,830 was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017.

Changes in the TOL for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

| Service cost | \$ 180,183 |
|--|-----------------|
| Interest on OPEB obligation | 88,126 |
| Difference between expected & actual expense | (502,125) |
| Benefits paid | (118,184) |
| Changes in assumptions | 225,375 |
| Changes in OPEB obligation | (126,625) |
| OPEB obligation - beginning of year | 2,694,455 |
| OPEB obligation - end of year | \$ 2,567,830 |

There is sensitivity of the TOL to changes in the discount rate. The TOL of the City as well as what the City's TOL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.87%) or one percentage point higher (4.87%) follows:

| | 1% Decrease (2.87%) | | Discount Rate (3.87%) | | 19 | % Increase (4.87%) |
|----------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|----|--------------------|
| Total OPEB liability | \$ | 2,856,628 | \$ | 2,567,830 | \$ | 2,312,972 |

There is also sensitivity of the TOL to changes in the healthcare cost rates. The TOL of the City as well as what the City's TOL would be if it were recalculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.5%) or one percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate follows:

| | 1% Decrease (6.5%) | | Discount Rate (7.5%) | | 1% Increase (8.5%) | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Total OPEB liability | \$ | 2,242,584 | \$ | 2,567,830 | \$ | 2,961,993 |

NOTE 15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized an OPEB expense of \$126,625. At June 30 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of | Deferred Inflows of |
|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| | Resources | Resources |
| Changes of assumptions | \$ 193,179 | \$ (973,400) |
| Total | <u>\$ 193,179</u> | \$ (973,400) |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year Ended June 30: | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2020 | \$ | (94,888) | | | | | | |
| 2021 | | (94,888) | | | | | | |
| 2022 | | (94,888) | | | | | | |
| 2023 | | (94,888) | | | | | | |
| 2024 | | (94,888) | | | | | | |
| Thereafter | | (305,781) | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | (780,221) | | | | | | |

NOTE 15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

The June 30, 2019, year-end OPEB cost is reported in the City's funds as follows:

| Functions/Programs | Expenses | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|--|--|--|
| PRIM ARY GOVERNMENT | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | (21,324) | | | |
| Public safety | | (39,863) | | | |
| Public service | | (14,831) | | | |
| Public welfare | | (27,846) | | | |
| Total governmental activities | | (103,864) | | | |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | |
| Water | | (6,815) | | | |
| Waste water | | (6,214) | | | |
| Solid waste | | (5,921) | | | |
| Parking | | (1,759) | | | |
| Storm water | | (2,052) | | | |
| Total business-type activities | | (22,761) | | | |
| Total primary government | \$ | (126,625) | | | |

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The City's actuarial valuation is completed on a biennial frequency, provided no significant events have occurred warranting new measurement. The City completed the valuation for fiscal year 2018, with an estimate provided for fiscal year 2019. For fiscal year 2019, an estimated valuation was derived based on the 2018 actual costs and participants. As a result of this biennial valuation, we have marked the fields as "n/a" where actual financial data was not used to generate the estimate. As of July 1, 2018, the most recent valuation date, the City's total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The following key assumptions were chosen by the City:

- 1. Discount Rate: 3.87% for determining fiscal 2019 disclosure and estimated fiscal 2019 expense; 3.13% for determining fiscal 2018 liability and fiscal 2018 expense.
- 2. Inflation Rate: 2.5% long-term.
- 3. Expected Real Rate of Return on Assets: N/A.

NOTE 15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

- 4. Health Care Claim and Contribution Trend Rates: Updated from 7.5% initial in fiscal 2019 and 4.5% ultimate in fiscal 2039.
- 5. Average Salary Increase: 3.00%
- 6. Retirement Rates: Based on actuarial valuation for statewide retirement systems as of June 30, 2018
- 7. Retiree Participation Rate: 35%
- 8. Lapse Rate: 25% per year
- 9. Marriage Assumption: For future retirees, 60% of participants are assumed to be married, with husbands 3 years older than wives.
- 10. ACA Excise Tax: Results include an estimate of future ACA Excise Tax costs based on upon loading health care trend rates by 5.8% in fiscal years 2046 and beyond. For purposes of the estimated Excise Tax, the tax payer (i.e., health plan) is assumed to be non-taxable.

The discount rate was based on a yield or index rate for a 20-year, tax-exempt, general obligation municipal bond with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Rates were taken from the S&P municipal bond 20-year high rate index as of the measurement date.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy mortality table backed off to 2006 and projected generationally with Scale MP-2018 for MPORS and FURS (Police and Fire, respectively) and RP-2014 Combined Healthy mortality table backed off to 2006 and projected generationally with Scale MP-2018 for PERS (All other employees).

Projections of the sharing of benefit-related costs for financial reporting purposes are based on an established pattern of practice.

This report constitutes the only analysis and presentation of the City's post-employment benefit plan. There is no separate, audited GAAP-basis post-employment benefit plan report.

NOTE 16. JOINT VENTURE AGREEMENTS

Joint ventures are legal entities or other organizations that result in a contractual arrangement and that are owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants. Each participant retains both an ongoing financial interest and an ongoing financial responsibility. As of June 30, 2019, the City has entered into joint venture contractual arrangements, as described on the following page.

NOTE 16. JOINT VENTURE AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

911 Communication Center

The City and Gallatin County, Montana (the County) have entered into an inter-local agreement for the purposes of establishment of the operation and financing of a 911 communication services division (the Division) for dispatch and records services, to define the relationship of the Administrative Board with the City and County, and to establish the line of authority for personnel furnishing the communication services to the City and County and others who may contract for the services.

The City has also entered into an inter-local agreement for the purpose of procuring equipment to upgrade the aforementioned 911 radio system. Under this agreement, the County has entered into a lease-purchase agreement for the system. The inter-local agreement requires the City to make two payments on November 30, 2018 and November 30, 2019 in the amount of \$504,999, plus 2.99% interest from December 31, 2018 through December 31, 2019. The payments have been accrued as a liability and expense in the fund statements as of June 30, 2019.

City-County Drug Forfeitures

The City and County have entered into an inter-local agreement for the purposes of establishment of a joint drug forfeiture account funded from drug related forfeitures, seizures, and prosecutions of City and County law enforcement cases and to establish an equitable means of distributing those funds to continue drug interdiction activities. The goal of the agreement is to make the City and County Drug Enforcement operations less reliant on the general and public safety fund monies of the City and County. The original term of the agreement was for a period of one year, beginning September 20, 2004 and automatically renews for a period of one year until terminated by either party with written notice of intent to terminate. Financial information regarding the joint drug forfeiture account can be obtained by contacting the City of Bozeman Department of Finance, 411 East Main Street, Bozeman, MT 59715.

The County and City have entered into various other joint venture contractual arrangements, memorandums of understanding and inter-local agreements to support the following programs and/or operations: Victim Witness, Hazardous Materials, Solid Waste (Disposal and Convenient Site), Fire Warden/Chief, Evidence Technician, Library Services, Board of Health, and rental of the Law and Justice Center. The financial interests are not material.

Montana Municipal Interlocal Authority

The City and Montana Municipal Interlocal Authority (MMIA) have entered into a 20-year agreement in December 2012 to share up to \$1 million in profits from the sale of city-owned property known as the Mandeville Farm. The agreement came about as part of a settlement on legal claims from the City of Bozeman vs. MMIA litigation. A "profit" shall occur only when the City has recovered its total investment in the property, which includes the original purchase price together with all "costs of development" as defined in the settlement agreement.

NOTE 17. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

At June 30, 2019, the balances of restricted net position for business-type activities are as follows:

| | | Business-Type Activities | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|----|------------|-------------|----|------------------------|---------|----|------------|--|
| | Water Fund | | W | aste Water | Solid Waste | | Nonmajor Enterprise | | | | |
| | | | | Fund Fund | | nd | | | | Total | |
| Restricted by revenue bond covenants: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| For bond reserve | \$ | 898,929 | \$ | 1,811,286 | \$ | - | \$ | 58,288 | \$ | 2,768,503 | |
| Restricted by ordinance: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash in lieu of parking | | - | | - | | - | | 130,316 | | 130,316 | |
| Cash in lieu of infrastructure | | 59,830 | | - | | - | | - | | 59,830 | |
| Impact fees | | 6,166,158 | | 3,547,124 | | | | - | | 9,713,282 | |
| | \$ | 7,124,917 | \$ | 5,358,410 | \$ | | \$ | 188,604 | \$ | 12,671,931 | |

NOTE 18. INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

A summary of interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019, follows:

| | | | | | | | | Tra | nsfers From | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|------------|----|------------|----|----------|--------------|-------------------|-------------|----|------------|-----|-----------|-------|-------|--------------|
| | Governmental Funds | | | | | | | Proprietary Funds | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Street | (| Capital | Nonmajor | | | | | | | Nonn | najor | _ |
| | Ger | neral Fund | M | aintenance | F | Projects | Governmental | | Water | S | olid Waste | Was | ste Water | Enter | prise | Total |
| General Fund | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ 2,385,362 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ 2,385,362 |
| Street Maintenance | Ψ | - | Ψ | - | Ψ | - | 31,900 | Ψ | - | Ψ | - | Ψ | - | Ψ | - | 31,900 |
| Capital projects | | 111,675 | | 695,478 | | - | 229,897 | | - | | - | | - | | - | 1,037,050 |
| Nonmajor Governmental | | 166,188 | | - | | - | 582,325 | | - | | - | | - | | - | 748,513 |
| Water Enterprise | | - | | - | | - | - | | 600,000 | | - | | - | | - | 600,000 |
| Solid Waste Enterprise | | 250,000 | | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | 250,000 |
| Nonmajor Enterprise | | 75,000 | | - | | - | 150,000 | | - | | - | | - | | - | 225,000 |
| Stormwater Enterprise | | - | | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | - |
| Nonmajor Enterprise | | | | - | | - | | | | | - | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 602,863 | \$ | 695,478 | \$ | - | \$ 3,379,484 | \$ | 600,000 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ 5,277,825 |

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budgets requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budgets require to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (3) to transfer non-restricted interest income from the permanent fund to the general fund.

NOTE 18. INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND ASSETS/LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

A summary of advances and due from/to other funds at June 30, 2019, is as follows:

| | A | dvances to | Adv | ances from |
|-------------------------------|------|------------------|------|--------------|
| | othe | other City funds | | r City funds |
| Non-major Governmental Funds: | | | | |
| SID Sinking Debt Service | \$ | - | \$ | 472,483 |
| SID Revolving Debt Service | | 472,483 | | <u> </u> |
| | \$ | 472,483 | \$ | 472,483 |
| | | | | |
| | D | ue from | | Due to |
| | othe | r City funds | othe | r City funds |
| Major Funds: | | | | |
| General fund | \$ | 144,193 | \$ | - |
| Non-major Governmental Fund: | | | | |
| TIFD South Bozeman Technology | | - | | 7,626 |
| Internal Service Fund: | | | | |
| Vehicle Maintenance | | - | | 136,567 |
| | \$ | 144,193 | \$ | 144,193 |

Interfund balances reported as due from or due to other funds are usually a result of transfers for reporting purposes to cover negative cash balances within a fund. These transfers are reversed as cash becomes available in a fund where cash previously had been in a deficit.

NOTE 19. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City faces a considerable number of risks of loss, including a) damage to and loss of property and contents, b) employee torts, c) professional liability (i.e. errors and omissions), d) environmental damage, e) workers' compensation (i.e. employee injuries), and f) medical insurance cost of employees. A variety of methods are used to provide insurance for these risks. Commercial policies, transferring all risks of loss except for small deductible amounts, are purchased for property and content damage and professional liabilities. The City participates in two state-wide public risk pools operated by the Montana Municipal Interlocal Authority (MMIA), for workers' compensation and for tort liability. Employee medical insurance is provided through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by MMIA. The plan offers health, dental and vision benefits and flexible spending and health savings accounts. Given the lack of coverage available, the City has no coverage for potential losses from environmental damages.

NOTE 19. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Commercial Policies

Coverage limits and the deductibles on the commercial policies have stayed relatively constant for the last several years. The premiums for the policies are allocated between the City's Enterprise Funds and the General Fund. Premiums are subsidized through a special purpose property tax levy, based on total appropriations. Settled claims resulting from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage during the three years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017.

Public Entity Risk Pools

In 1986, the City joined together with other Montana cities to form the Montana Municipal Interlocal Authority, which established a workers' compensation plan and a tort liability plan. Both public entity risk pools currently operate as common risk management and insurance programs for the member governments.

The liability limits for damages in tort action are \$750,000 per claim and \$1.5 million per occurrence, and \$12.5 million per occurrence for any claim that is not subject to the limitations on governmental liability, as described in Montana Code Annotated Section 2-9-108 (the Statute) or any successor statute, either as matter of law, by operation of the Statute, or by a judicial determination that the Statute is inapplicable or is otherwise invalid, with \$11,250 deductible per occurrence. State tort law limits the City's liability to \$1.5 million. The City pays premiums for its employee injury insurance coverage, which is allocated to the employer funds based on total salaries and wages. The agreements for formation of the pools provide that they will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The tort liability plan and workers' compensation program issued debt of \$4.41 million and \$6.155 million, respectively, to immediately finance the necessary insurance reserves. All members signed a contingent note for a pro rata share of this liability in case operating revenues were insufficient to cover the debt service; the debt was retired in 2011.

The City also owns a policy with MMIA for loss or damage to property. This is an all-risk policy, essentially all property owned by the City being insured for 100% of replacement cost, subject to a \$5,000 deductible per occurrence. MMIA reinsures their property insurance with a national municipal pool, Public Entities' Property Insurance.

NOTE 20. CONTINGENCIES

The City is involved with several lawsuits, which arise out of the normal course of operations by the City. Management of the City intends to vigorously defend each claim and believes no material losses will be incurred on such claims.

NOTE 21. SOLID WASTE LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE COSTS

The City has a municipal solid waste landfill. State and Federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after final closure. The City stopped accepting waste effective June 30, 2008. The final capping of the cells is still pending. The City has accrued a liability for \$2,107,351, which is its estimate of future landfill closure and post-closure care costs as of June 30, 2019. This amount is based on a Corrective Measures Assessment completed in September 2014 by a third party engineering firm, from which a remediation plan has been adopted by the City and has been approved the Montana Department of Environmental Quality. The cost of post closure care is an estimate and is subject to changes resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

The Solid Waste Fund accounts for the City's solid waste collection, recycling, and disposal utility operation – including assets, liabilities, and post-closure costs associated with the closed Story Mill landfill. Segment information for the landfill is as follows:

| Condensed Statement of Net Position | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | \$ 35,367 |
| Capital assets, net of depreciation | 870,316 |
| Total assets | \$ 905,683 |
| | |
| Current liabilities | \$ 28,373 |
| Closure and post-closure care cost | 2,107,351 |
| Total liabilities | 2,135,724 |
| | |
| Restricted for debt service | (1,230,040) |
| Total net position | (1,230,040) |
| Total liabilities and net position | \$ 905,684 |
| | |

NOTE 21. SOLID WASTE LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE COSTS (CONTINUED)

| Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Operating revenues and expenses: | |
|--|----------------|
| Operating revenues Operating revenues | \$ |
| | |
| Operating expenses | |
| Depreciation | 63,520 |
| Change in post closure cost estimate | 177,459 |
| Other operating | 22,688 |
| Total operating expenses | 263,667 |
| Operating loss | (263,667) |
| Non-operating revenues (expenses): | |
| Interest income | 1,699 |
| Transfers | 250,000 |
| Total non-operating revenues | 251,699 |
| Change in net position | (11,968) |
| Net position, beginning of year | (1,218,072) |
| Net position, end of year | \$ (1,230,040) |

NOTE 22. SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR WATER ENTERPRISE FUND

The City's Water Fund accounts for the City's water utility operations and collection and administration of water impact fees. Segment information for the utility operations, excluding impact fees, is as follows:

| Condensed Statement of Net Position | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Current assets | \$ 18,689,615 |
| Capital assets | 141,766,244 |
| Other assets | 4,991,256 |
| Total assets | \$ 165,447,115 |
| Current liabilities | \$ 1,813,080 |
| Non-current liabilities | 22,019,125 |
| Total liabilities | 23,832,205 |
| Net investment in capital assets | 120,745,856 |
| Restricted for debt service | 898,929 |
| Unrestricted | 19,970,125 |
| Total net position | 141,614,910 |
| Total liabilities and net position | \$ 165,447,115 |

NOTE 22. SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR WATER ENTERPRISE FUND (CONTINUED)

| Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position | |
|--|----------------|
| Operating revenues and expenses: | |
| Operating revenues | \$ 9,396,171 |
| Operating expenses: | |
| Depreciation | 2,710,049 |
| Other operating | 5,959,759 |
| Total operating expenses | 8,669,808 |
| Operating loss | 726,363 |
| Non-operating revenues (expenses) | |
| Interest income | 522,327 |
| Interest expense | (579,918) |
| Grant income | 25,515 |
| Gain on sale of assets | (173,743) |
| Contributions of infrastructure | 4,379,785 |
| Other income | 47,581 |
| Transfers | 600,000 |
| Total non-operating revenues | 4,821,547 |
| Change in net position | 5,547,910 |
| Net position, beginning of year | 134,859,019 |
| Restatement | 1,207,981 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ 141,614,910 |
| Condensed Statement of Cash Flows | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 3,254,809 |
| Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities | (2,089,208) |
| Net cash flows from noncapital and financing activities | 600,000 |
| Net cash flows from investing activities | 522,327 |
| Net change in cash flows | 2,287,928 |
| Beginning cash and equivalents | 20,434,486 |
| Ending cash and equivalents | \$ 22,722,414 |

NOTE 23. IMPACT FEES

On January 22, 1996, the City Commission adopted fire, water, waste water and street impact fees in Ordinance number 1414. The impact fees were first effective on March 23, 1996. Impact fees were set at a percentage of the cost of the impact, as follows:

| | Original, as of | Change as of | Change as of | Change as of | Change as of | Change as of |
|------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | March 23, 1996 | May 10, 1998 | January 15, 1999 | July 15, 1999 | January 1, 2013 | March 30, 2013 |
| Fire impact fee | 90% | 90% | 90% | 90% | 100% | 100% |
| Water impact fee | 35% | 50% | 90% | 90% | 100% | 100% |
| Waste water impact fee | 35% | 50% | 90% | 90% | 100% | 100% |
| Street impact fee | 10% | 10% | 75% | 90% | 90% | 100% |

An applicant may obtain an Impact Fee Credit by dedication of non-site-related land or construction of non-site-related improvements. Credits must be made before the beginning of improvement construction, must comply with the City's Capital Improvements Program, and must be approved by the City Commission. Credits may be used only for like-type impact fees. The full provisions for impact fee credits are contained in Chapter 3.24 of the Bozeman Municipal Code. For proprietary type funds, the City records a liability for the impact fee credit and capitalizes the underlying asset. For governmental-type funds, the credits are only disclosed in the footnotes. For government-wide financial reporting, the outstanding credits are reported as unearned revenue. The Water Impact Fee Fund, Street Impact Fee Fund, and Waste Water Impact Fee Fund have recorded impact fee credits amounting to \$33,232, \$56,343, and \$129,042, respectively, as of June 30, 2019. The Fire Impact Fee Fund does not have any outstanding credits. The following impact fee revenues were collected and expensed/expended during fiscal year 2019:

| | Beginning Balances | Ir | mpact Fees | Otl | ding Balances | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|----|-------------|-----|---------------|-------------------|----|--------------|
| | Bulances | | inpact rees | | ier meome | nd Transfers | | ang Bulances |
| Fire | \$ 2,105,132 | \$ | 525,828 | \$ | 121,141 | \$ (39,279) | \$ | 2,712,822 |
| Water | 6,455,725 | | 2,042,324 | | 221,563 | (1,334,388) | | 7,385,224 |
| Waste water | 4,571,290 | | 1,109,180 | | 192,239 | (294,208) | | 5,578,501 |
| Streets | 9,349,247 | | 4,291,396 | | 354,844 | (5,216,653) | | 8,778,834 |
| Total | \$ 22,481,394 | \$ | 7,968,728 | \$ | 889,787 | \$ (6,884,528) | \$ | 24,455,381 |

NOTE 24. POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS

Jewel v. City of Bozeman / State of Montana v. City of Bozeman

This action was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Montana. The multi-count complaint reduced itself to a cost recovery action under the Federal Superfund (CERCLA) and State Superfund (CECRA). On July 8, 1999, the City, Jewel Food Stores, Inc. and the other parties reached a final settlement agreement in this action. The settlement, in part, required Jewel Food Stores, Inc. to pay the City of Bozeman \$1,200,000, the City and Jewel to extend alternative water supply to businesses and residents in the North 19th Avenue area of the City; and Jewel and the City to share specified remediation costs on an equal basis (50% each) up to a cumulative amount of \$4,000,000, and for eligible costs in excess of that amount, to be shared 70% by Jewel and 30% by the City. The City is reimbursed by insurers for 23% of the City's expenditures for these purposes.

The Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) issued the Record of Decision (ROD) for the Bozeman Solvent Site (BSS) in August 2011. The Administrative Order of Consent (AOC) was finalized in January 2012. The ROD and AOC specifically delineate the remediation to be completed for the BSS. The AOC serves as the legal mechanism for the implementation of the selected remedies identified in the ROD. Though remediation is currently underway and may be completed relatively quickly, monitoring of the site will continue for a period of up to 30 years. Tasman Geosciences, Inc. serves as the contractor for the potentially liable parties (the City of Bozeman and CVS Pharmacy, Inc.). Based on the selected remedies identified in the ROD, Tasman has completed a long-term cost projection for the project in February 2016. The long-term cost projection was reviewed in September 2017 and, at that time, it was determined it was still an accurate projection. This cost projection includes all remediation and monitoring cost, as well as, the MDEQ cost recovery associated with the BSS. The long-term cost projection for the City is \$2,089,997 in remediation costs. Reduced by its insurer's reimbursement, the amount is \$1,700,183. This liability is recorded in the Waste Water Fund, is an estimate, and is subject to changes resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

CMC Asbestos Bozeman CECRA Facility

In 2001, the City purchased property located within the CMC Asbestos Bozeman Facility (the "Facility"), a former asbestos ore storage and processing, recycling/salvage yard. In 2002, contractors for the City, under the Montana Voluntary Cleanup and Redevelopment Act (VCRA), submitted a Voluntary Cleanup Plan (VCP), which was approved by the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ). Remediation work on City-owned property was completed in October 2003. On December 21, 2006, the City agreed to complete remedial actions at the remainder of the Facility, which included adjacent, private properties. The City submitted an Addendum to its original VCP, and cleanup work under the approved Addendum was completed in June 2009.

On October 20, 2010, the City received notice from the DEQ stating that no further action is required at the facility and that the DEQ proposes removing the Facility from the CECRA priority list. Pursuant to an August 2007 Stipulated Agreement between the City and all other involved parties, additional cleanup after issuance of the DEQ's closure letter may be required by DEQ based upon property use changes, modification of structures, or other factors.

NOTE 24. POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

CMC Asbestos Bozeman CECRA Facility (Continued)

The City has an ongoing claim against the State orphan share for the orphan share funds' proportional share of these post-closure clean-up costs. In addition, all other parties are still liable for their proportional share of the clean-up. The result is that should additional work be required at the Facility, the City will only be liable for 1% of the total post-closure clean-up costs.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) June 30, 2019

NOTE 25. NET POSITION COMPOSITION

The table presented below displays the City's fund balances by major purpose as displayed on page 41 of the governmental funds balance sheet.

| 1 0 | • 3 | | 1 , | 1 0 | C |
|---|--------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Street | | Nonmajor | Total |
| | General | Maintenance | Construction | Governmental | Governmental |
| | Fund | Special Revenue | Capital Projects | Funds | Funds |
| Nonspendable | | | | | |
| Prep aids | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 293,250 | \$ 293,250 |
| Cemetery perpetual care | - | - | - | 1,442,341 | 1,442,341 |
| Total nonspendable | - | - | - | 1,735,591 | 1,735,591 |
| Restricted | | | | | |
| General government-Planning | - | - | - | 1,874,998 | 1,874,998 |
| General government-Health Insurance | - | - | - | 602,773 | 602,773 |
| General government-other | - | - | - | 105 | 105 |
| Public safety - Building Inspection | - | - | - | 1,737,908 | 1,737,908 |
| Public safety-Fire Impact | - | - | - | 2,712,822 | 2,712,822 |
| Public safety-Victim Witness | - | - | - | 426,598 | 426,598 |
| Public safety-other | - | - | - | 48,026 | 48,026 |
| Public service | - | 638,950 | - | 184,212 | 823,162 |
| Public service - Gas Tax | - | · - | - | 1,783,072 | 1,783,072 |
| Public service - Community Transportation | - | - | - | 20,893 | 20,893 |
| Public service - Lighting Districts | - | - | - | 503,581 | 503,581 |
| Public welfare - Tax Increment Districts | - | - | - | 159,688 | 159,688 |
| Public welfare - Econ Develop Loan Fund | - | - | - | 804,034 | 804,034 |
| Public welfare - Tree Maint. District | - | - | - | 416,700 | 416,700 |
| Public welfare - other | - | - | - | 5,253,705 | 5,253,705 |
| Capital projects | - | _ | 671,195 | - | 671,195 |
| Debt service-SID Sinking | - | - | - | 1,700,294 | 1,700,294 |
| Debt service-SID Revolving Fund | - | _ | - | 3,499,932 | 3,499,932 |
| Debt service-GO Bonds | - | _ | - | 89,755 | 89,755 |
| Total restricted | _ | 638,950 | 671,195 | 21,819,096 | 23,129,241 |
| Committed | | - | | | |
| Public safety | - | - | - | 835,379 | 835,379 |
| Public welfare | - | - | - | 3,037,902 | 3,037,902 |
| Capital projects | - | - | 405,810 | - | 405,810 |
| Total committed | - | - | 405,810 | 3,873,281 | 4,279,091 |
| Assigned | | | | | |
| General government | 1,414,124 | - | - | - | 1,414,124 |
| Public welfare | - | - | - | 1,231 | 1,231 |
| Capital projects | 815,928 | - | 1,292,205 | - | 2,108,133 |
| Budget ordinance minimum 16.67% | 5,509,530 | - | - | - | 5,509,530 |
| Total assigned | 7,739,582 | - | 1,292,205 | 1,231 | 9,033,018 |
| Unassigned | | - | | 8,731,534 | 8,731,534 |
| Total net position | \$ 7,739,582 | \$ 638,950 | \$ 2,369,210 | \$ 36,160,733 | \$ 46,908,475 |
| | , , | | . ,,==0 | , , | ,, |

C. REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Year Ended June 30, 2019

GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented beginning in fiscal year 2018. This Statement requires supplementary information for 10-year schedules containing service cost, changes of benefit terms, if any, differences between expected and actual experience, changes of actuarial assumptions or other inputs, and benefit payments, as applicable to the Local Government's OPEB plan and method of calculating OPEB liability.

Assets are not accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragrpah 4 to pay related benefits. The total OPEB liability and ratio of OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll as of June 30, 2019 is determined as follows:

| Total OPEB Liability | | 2019 | | 2018 |
|---|----|------------|----|------------|
| Service cost | \$ | 180,183 | \$ | 250,168 |
| Interest | Ф | 88,126 | Ф | 88,342 |
| Assumption changes | | 225,374 | | (653,711) |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | (502,125) | | _ |
| Benefit payments | | (118,184) | | _ |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | | (126,626) | | (315,201) |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning of year | | 2,694,455 | | 3,009,656 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending of year | \$ | 2,567,829 | \$ | 2,694,455 |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ | 23,503,572 | \$ | 45,345,305 |
| Total OPEB liability as a percentage of | | | | |
| covered-employee payroll | | 10.93% | | 5.94% |

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Assumption changes. Changes of assumptions reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate used each period. The following are the discount rates used for each period presented:

| 6/30/2019 | 3.87% |
|-----------|-------|
| 6/30/2018 | 3.13% |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

| Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability: | PERS | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|------------|------|------------|------|------------|----|------------|----|------------|
| As of Reporting Date | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | | 2016 | | 2015 |
| Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (percentage) | | 0.8336% | | 1.0419% | | 1.0218% | | 0.9588% | | 0.91505% |
| Employer's net pension liability (amount) | \$ | 17,399,265 | \$ | 20,291,988 | \$ | 17,404,143 | \$ | 13,403,285 | \$ | 11,401,613 |
| State's net pension liability (amount) | \$ | 5,822,595 | \$ | 266,967 | \$ | 212,659 | \$ | 164,637 | \$ | 139,231 |
| Tota | 1 \$ | 23,221,860 | \$ | 20,558,955 | \$ | 17,616,802 | \$ | 13,567,922 | \$ | 11,540,844 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Employer's covered payroll | \$ | 13,764,340 | \$ | 12,924,792 | \$ | 12,238,920 | \$ | 11,189,797 | \$ | 10,479,122 |
| Employer's proportionate share as a percent of covered payroll | | 126.41% | | 157.00% | | 142.20% | | 119.78% | | 111.22% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of total pension liability | | 73.47% | | 73.75% | | 74.71% | | 78.40% | | 79.9000% |

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

| Schedule of Contributions: | PERS | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|------------|------|------------|------|------------|------|------------|----|------------|--|
| As of Reporting Date | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | | 2015 | |
| Contractually required DB contributions | \$ | 1,218,871 | \$ | 1,161,210 | \$ | 1,081,810 | \$ | 1,022,996 | \$ | 922,084 | |
| Plan choice rate required contributions | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 28,892 | \$ | 52,151 | |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions | \$ | 1,218,871 | \$ | 1,161,210 | \$ | 1,081,810 | \$ | 1,051,888 | \$ | 974,235 | |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | |
| Employer's covered payroll | \$ | 14,222,530 | \$ | 13,764,340 | \$ | 12,924,792 | \$ | 12,238,920 | \$ | 11,189,797 | |
| Contributions as a percent of covered payroll | | 8.57% | | 8.44% | | 8.37% | | 8.59% | | 8.71% | |

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

| Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability: | FURS | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|-----------|----|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|----|-----------|
| As of Reporting Date | | 2019 | | 2018 | 2017 | | 2016 | | | 2015 |
| Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (percentage) | | 2.3663% | | 2.3492% | | 2.3705% | | 2.4336% | | 2.4192% |
| Employer's net pension liability (amount) | \$ | 2,725,281 | \$ | 2,655,380 | \$ | 2,707,390 | \$ | 2,489,054 | \$ | 2,361,551 |
| State's net pension liability (amount) | \$ | 6,231,502 | \$ | 6,030,078 | \$ | 6,134,093 | \$ | 5,543,784 | \$ | 5,327,544 |
| Total | \$ | 8,956,783 | \$ | 8,685,458 | \$ | 8,841,483 | \$ | 8,032,838 | \$ | 7,689,095 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Employer's covered payroll | \$ | 3,726,746 | \$ | 3,511,860 | \$ | 3,338,041 | \$ | 3,270,451 | \$ | 3,142,481 |
| Employer's proportionate share as a percent of covered payroll | | 73.13% | | 75.61% | | 81.11% | | 76.11% | | 75.15% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of total pension liability | | 79.03% | | 77.77% | | 75.48% | | 76.90% | | 76.70% |

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

| Schedule of Contributions: | FURS | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|------|-----------|
| As of Reporting Date | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 2016 | | | 2015 | |
| Contractually required contributions | \$ | 546,707 | \$ | 548,518 | \$ | 504,303 | \$ | 477,250 | \$ | 478,776 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions | \$ | 546,707 | \$ | 548,518 | \$ | 504,303 | \$ | 477,250 | \$ | 478,776 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Employer's covered payroll | \$ | 3,807,151 | \$ | 3,726,746 | \$ | 3,511,860 | \$ | 3,338,041 | \$ | 3,270,451 |
| Contributions as a percent of covered payroll | | 14.36% | | 14.72% | | 14.36% | | 14.03% | | 14.64% |

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

| Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability: | MPORS | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|
| | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 |
| Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (percentage) | | 2.9325% | | 3.0402% | | 3.0842% | | 2.9746% | | 3.0209% |
| Employer's net pension liability (amount) | \$ | 5,022,189 | \$ | 5,408,979 | \$ | 5,552,007 | \$ | 4,920,638 | \$ | 4,746,933 |
| State's net pension liability (amount) | \$ | 10,266,345 | \$ | 11,024,418 | \$ | 11,020,975 | \$ | 9,969,680 | \$ | 9,589,371 |
| Tota | 1 \$ | 15,288,534 | \$ | 16,433,397 | \$ | 16,572,982 | \$ | 14,890,318 | \$ | 14,336,304 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Employer's covered payroll | \$ | 4,628,804 | \$ | 4,555,121 | \$ | 4,353,897 | \$ | 4,116,930 | \$ | 4,053,265 |
| Employer's proportionate share as a percent of covered payroll | | 108.50% | | 118.75% | | 127.52% | | 119.52% | | 117.11% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of total pension liability | | 70.95% | | 68.34% | | 65.62% | | 66.90% | | 67.01% |

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

| Schedule of Contributions: | MPORS | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|--|--|
| | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | | |
| Contractually required contributions | \$ 681,583 | \$ | 692,318 | \$ | 655,143 | \$ | 637,789 | \$ | 596,791 | | |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions | \$ 681,583 | \$ | 692,318 | \$ | 655,143 | \$ | 637,789 | \$ | 596,791 | | |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | | |
| Employer's covered payroll | \$ 4,729,931 | \$ | 4,628,804 | \$ | 4,555,121 | \$ | 4,353,897 | \$ | 4,116,930 | | |
| Contributions as a percent of covered payroll | 14.41% | | 14.96% | | 14.38% | | 14.65% | | 14.50% | | |

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CHANGE OF BENEFIT TERMS

The following changes to the PERS, FURS, and MPORS plan provisions were made as identified:

2017 Legislative Changes – PERS:

Working Retiree Limitations – for PERS

Effective July 1, 2017, if a PERS retiree returns as an independent contractor to what would otherwise be PERS-covered employment, general contractor overhead costs are excluded from PERS working retiree limitations.

Refunds

- 1) Terminating members eligible to retire may, in lieu of receiving a monthly retirement benefit, refund their accumulated contributions in a lump sum.
- 2) Terminating members with accumulated contributions between \$200 and \$1,000 who wish to rollover their refund must do so within 90 days of termination of service.
- 3) Trusts, estates, and charitable organizations listed as beneficiaries are entitled to receive only a lump-sum payment.

Interest credited to member accounts – Effective July 1, 2017, the interest rate credited to member accounts increased from 0.25% to 0.77%.

Lump-sum payouts

Effective July 1, 2017, lump-sum payouts in all systems are limited to the member's accumulated contributions rate than the present value of the member's benefit.

Disabled PERS Defined Contribution (DC) Members

PERS members hired after July 1, 2011 have a normal retirement age of 65. PERS DC members hired after July 1, 2011 who became disabled were previously only eligible for a disability benefit until age 65. Effective July 1, 2017, these individuals will be eligible for a disability benefit until they reach 70, thus ensuring the same 5-year time period available to PERS DC disabled members hired prior to July 1, 2011 who have a normal retirement age of 60 and are eligible for a disability benefit until age 65.

CHANGE OF BENEFIT TERMS (CONTINUED)

2017 Legislative Changes – FURS:

Working Retiree Limitations – for FURS

Applies to retirement system members who return on or after July 1, 2017 to covered employment in the system from which they retired.

- a. Members who return for less than 480 hours in a calendar year:
 - i. May not become an active member in the system; and
 - ii. Are subject to a \$1 reduction in their retirement benefit for each \$3 earned in excess of \$5,000 in the calendar year.
- b. Members who return for 480 or more hours in a calendar year:
 - i. Must become an active member of the system;
 - ii. Will stop receiving a retirement benefit from the system; and
 - iii. Will be eligible for a second retirement benefit if they earn 5 or more years of service credit through their second employment.
- c. Employee, employer and state contributions, if any, apply as follows:
 - i. Employer contributions and state contributions (if any) must be paid on all working retirees;
 - ii. Employee contributions must be paid on working retirees who return to covered employment for 480 or more hours in a calendar year.

Second Retirement Benefit – for FURS

Applies to retirement system members who return on or after July 1, 2017 to active service covered by the system from which they retired.

- a. If the member works more than 480 hours in a calendar year and accumulates less than 5 years of service credit before terminating again, the member:
 - i. Is not awarded service credit for the period of reemployment;
 - ii. Is refunded the accumulated contributions associated with the period of reemployment;
 - iii. Starting the first month following termination of service, receives the same retirement benefit previously paid to the member; and
 - iv. Does not accrue post-retirement benefit adjustments during the term of reemployment but receives a Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) in January immediately following second retirement.

CHANGE OF BENEFIT TERMS (CONTINUED)

2017 Legislative Changes – FURS (Continued):

Working Retiree Limitations – for FURS (Continued)

Second Retirement Benefit – for FURS (Continued)

Applies to retirement system members who return on or after July 1, 2017 to active service covered by the system from which they retired.

- b. If the member works more than 480 hours in a calendar year and accumulates at least 5 years of service credit before terminating again, the member:
 - i. Is awarded service credit for the period of reemployment;
 - ii. Starting the first month following termination of service, receives:
 - 1. The same retirement benefit previously paid to the member, and
 - 2. A second retirement benefit for the period of reemployment calculated based on the laws in effect as of the member's rehire date; and
 - iii. Does not accrue post-retirement benefit adjustments during the term of reemployment but receives a GABA:
 - 1. On the initial retirement benefit in January immediately following second retirement, and
 - 2. On the second retirement benefit starting in January after receiving that benefit for at least 12 months.
- c. A member who returns to covered service is not eligible for a disability benefit

Refunds

- Terminating members eligible to retire may, in lieu of receiving a monthly retirement benefit, refund their accumulated contributions in a lump sum.
- Terminating members with accumulated contributions between \$200 and \$1,000 who wish to rollover their refund must do so within 90 days of termination of service.
- Trusts, estates, and charitable organizations listed as beneficiaries are entitled to receive only a lump-sum payment.

Interest credited to member accounts

• Effective July 1, 2017, the interest rate credited to member accounts increased from 0.25% to 0.77%

Lump-sum payouts

• Effective July 1, 2017, lump-sum payouts in all systems are limited to the member's accumulated contributions rate than the present value of the member's benefit.

CHANGE OF BENEFIT TERMS (CONTINUED)

2017 Legislative Changes – MPORS:

Working Retiree Limitations – for MPORS

Applies to retirement system members who return on or after July 1, 2017 to covered employment in the system from which they retired.

- Members who return for less than 480 hours in a calendar year:
 - a. May not become an active member in the system; and
 - b. Are subject to a \$1 reduction in their retirement benefit for each \$3 earned in excess of \$5,000 in the calendar year.
- Members who return for 480 or more hours in a calendar year:
 - a. Must become an active member of the system;
 - b. Will stop receiving a retirement benefit from the system; and
 - c. Will be eligible for a second retirement benefit if they earn 5 or more years of service credit through their second employment.
- Employee, employer and state contributions, if any, apply as follows:
 - a. Employer contributions and state contributions (if any) must be paid on all working retirees;
 - b. Employee contributions must be paid on working retirees who return to covered employment for 480 or more hours in a calendar year.

Second Retirement Benefit – for MPORS

Applies to retirement system members who return on or after July 1, 2017 to active service covered by the system from which they retired.

- If the member works more than 480 hours in a calendar year and accumulates less than 5 years of service credit before terminating again, the member:
 - a. Is not awarded service credit for the period of reemployment;
 - b. Is refunded the accumulated contributions associated with the period of reemployment;
 - c. Starting the first month following termination of service, receives the same retirement benefit previously paid to the member; and
 - d. Does not accrue post-retirement benefit adjustments during the term of reemployment but receives a Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) in January immediately following second retirement. 2017 Legislative Changes:
- If the member works more than 480 hours in a calendar year and accumulates at least 5 years of service credit before terminating again, the member:
 - a. Is awarded service credit for the period of reemployment;
 - b. Starting the first month following termination of service, receives:

CHANGE OF BENEFIT TERMS (CONTINUED)

2017 Legislative Changes – MPORS (Continued):

Second Retirement Benefit – for MPORS (Continued)

- i. The same retirement benefit previously paid to the member, and
- ii. A second retirement benefit for the period of reemployment calculated based on the laws in effect as of the member's rehire date; and
- c. Does not accrue post-retirement benefit adjustments during the term of reemployment but receives a GABA:
 - i. On the initial retirement benefit in January immediately following second retirement, and
 - ii. On the second retirement benefit starting in January after receiving that benefit for at least 12 months.
- A member who returns to covered service is not eligible for a disability benefit.

Refunds

- Terminating members eligible to retire may, in lieu of receiving a monthly retirement benefit, refund their accumulated contributions in a lump sum.
- Terminating members with accumulated contributions between \$200 and \$1,000 who wish to rollover their refund must do so within 90 days of termination of service.
- Trusts, estates, and charitable organizations listed as beneficiaries are entitled to receive only a lump-sum payment.

Interest credited to member accounts

• Effective July 1, 2017, the interest rate credited to member accounts increased from 0.25% to 0.77%

Lump-sum payouts

• Effective July 1, 2017, lump-sum payouts in all systems are limited to the member's accumulated contributions rate than the present value of the member's benefit.

CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Method and Assumptions used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

The following Actuarial Assumptions were adopted from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation:

| | PERS | FURS | MPORS |
|------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| General Wage Growth* | 3.50% | 3.50% | 3.50% |
| Investment Rate of Return* | 7.65% | 7.65% | 7.65% |
| *Includes inflation at | 2.75% | 2.75% | 2.75% |
| Merit increase | 0% to 6.30% | 0% to 6.30% | 0% to 6.60% |
| Asset valuation method | 4-year smoothed market | 4-year smoothed market | 4-year smoothed market |
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal | Entry age normal | Entry age normal |
| Amortization method | Level percentage of pay, open | Level percentage of pay, open | Level percentage of pay, open |
| Mortality (Healthy members) | For Males & Females: RP 2000 | For Males & Females: RP 2000 | For Males & Females: RP 2000 |
| | Combined Employee and Annuitant | Combined Employee and Annuitant | Combined Employee and Annuitant |
| | Mortality Table projected to 2020 using | Mortality Table projected to 2020 using | Mortality Table projected to 2020 |
| | Scale BB, males set back 1 year | Scale BB, males set back 1 year | using Scale BB, males set back 1 |
| | | | year |
| Mortality (Disabled members) | For Males & Females: RP 2000 | For Males & Females: RP 2000 | For Males & Females: RP 2000 |
| | Combined Mortality Table | Combined Mortality Table | Combined Mortality Table |
| Admin Expense as a % of | | | |
| Payroll | 0.26% | 0.23% | 0.24% |

Administrative expenses are recognized by an additional amount added to the normal cost contribution rate for the System. This amount varies from year to year based on the prior year's actual administrative expenses.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2019

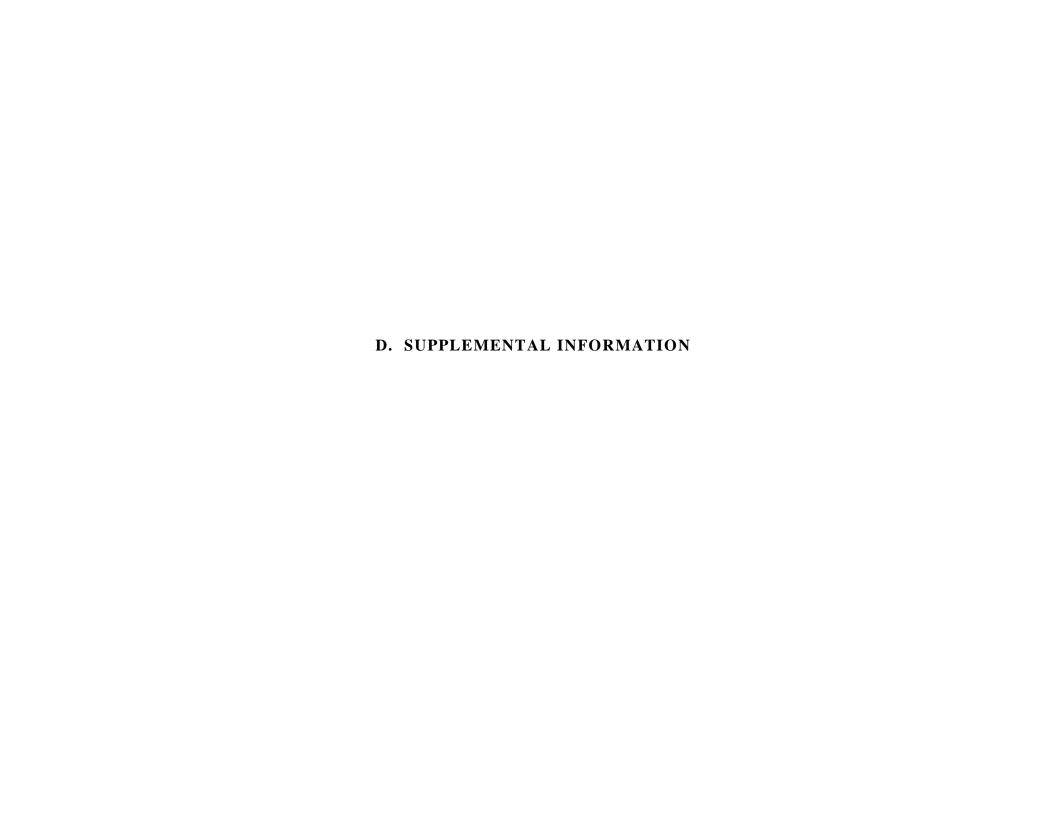
| | | | | Variance with |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|
| | Budgeted | Amounts | Actual | Final Budget |
| | Original | Final | Amounts | Positive (Negative) |
| Budgetary fund balance, July 1 | \$ 4,787,641 | \$ 4,787,641 | \$ 4,787,641 | \$ - |
| Resources (inflows): | | | | |
| Taxes | 16,621,534 | 16,621,534 | 16,660,409 | 38,875 |
| Special assessments | - | - | 372 | 372 |
| Licenses and permits | 409,475 | 409,475 | 383,320 | (26,155) |
| Intergovernmental | 7,642,511 | 7,642,511 | 7,912,214 | 269,703 |
| Charges for services | 2,940,941 | 2,940,941 | 3,182,506 | 241,565 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 1,131,000 | 1,131,000 | 1,099,673 | (31,327) |
| Sale of assets | 20,000 | 20,000 | 5,763 | (14,237) |
| Interest on investments | 75,000 | 75,000 | 128,671 | 53,671 |
| Transfers from other funds | 2,560,119 | 2,560,119 | 2,385,362 | (174,757) |
| Proceeds of long-term debt | 431,500 | 431,500 | 344,167 | (87,333) |
| Other | 83,450 | 83,450 | 189,769 | 106,319 |
| Amounts available for appropriation | 36,703,171 | 36,703,171 | 37,079,867 | 376,696 |
| Charges to appropriations (outflows): | | | | |
| Current | | | | |
| General government | 7,783,130 | 7,783,130 | 7,322,843 | 460,287 |
| Public safety | 13,494,338 | 15,385,838 | 15,385,416 | 422 |
| Public service | - | 169,000 | 168,321 | 679 |
| Public welfare | 7,115,950 | 7,115,950 | 6,447,144 | 668,806 |
| Other | 3,356,214 | 1,182,714 | 623,028 | 559,686 |
| Capital outlay | 1,832,717 | 1,832,717 | 1,454,336 | 378,381 |
| Debt service | 3,650 | 13,650 | 13,461 | 189 |
| Transfers to other funds | 491,188 | 603,188 | 602,863 | 325 |
| Total charges to appropriations | 34,077,187 | 34,086,187 | 32,017,412 | 2,068,775 |
| Budgetary fund balance, June 30 | \$ 2,625,984 | \$ 2,616,984 | \$ 5,062,455 | \$ 2,445,471 |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL OTHER MAJOR FUNDS – CONSTRUCTION CAPITAL PROJECTS Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | | Budgeted | Am | ounts | Act | ual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget | | | |
|--|----|-----------|----|-------------|-----|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| | - | Original | | Final | Bud | getary Basis | Posit | ive (Negative) | | |
| Budgetary fund balance, July 1 | \$ | (368,771) | \$ | (1,517,193) | \$ | 528,760 | \$ | 2,045,953 | | |
| Resources (inflows): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Special assessments | | 55,200 | | 55,200 | | 29,796 | | (25,404) | | |
| Licenses and permits | | 18,000 | | 18,000 | | 20,311 | | 2,311 | | |
| Intergovernmental | | - | | - | | 241,814 | | 241,814 | | |
| Charges for services | | 5,730,198 | | 5,730,198 | | 5,712,696 | | (17,502) | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Interest on investments | | 10,400 | | 10,400 | | 17,414 | | 7,014 | | |
| Transfers from other funds | | - | | - | | 31,900 | | 31,900 | | |
| Proceeds from long-term debt | | - | | _ | | 232,431 | | 232,431 | | |
| Premium on bonds issued | | - | | _ | | - | | - | | |
| Proceeds from the sale of capital assets | | - | | - | | 28,135 | | 28,135 | | |
| Other | | 10,000 | | 10,000 | | 9,250 | | (750) | | |
| Amounts available for appropriation | _ | 5,455,027 | | 4,306,605 | | 6,852,507 | | 2,545,902 | | |
| Charges to appropriations (outflows): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Public safety | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Public service | | 3,649,140 | | 3,623,140 | | 3,623,015 | | 125 | | |
| Public welfare | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Capital outlay | | 1,314,500 | | 1,625,500 | | 1,625,341 | | 159 | | |
| Debt service | | 315,207 | | 270,207 | | 269,723 | | 484 | | |
| Transfers to other funds | | 695,478 | | 695,478 | | 695,478 | | - | | |
| Total charges to appropriations | _ | 5,974,325 | | 6,214,325 | | 6,213,557 | | 768 | | |
| Budgetary fund balance, June 30 | \$ | (519,298) | \$ | (1,907,720) | \$ | 638,950 | \$ | 2,546,670 | | |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGETARY INFORMATION Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | General Fund | M | Street aintenance |
|---|------------------|----|----------------------|
| Sources/inflows of resources | | | |
| Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" | | | |
| from the budgetary comparison schedule | \$ 37,079,867 | \$ | 6,852,507 |
| Differences - budget to GAAP: | | | |
| The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource | | | |
| but is not a current-year revenue for financial reporting purposes. | (4,787,641) | | (528,760) |
| Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but | | | |
| are not revenues for financial reporting purposes | (2,385,362) | | (31,900) |
| The proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt are a | | | |
| budgetary resource but are a other financing source for | | | |
| financial reporting purposes | (344,167) | | (232,431) |
| The proceeds from the sale of assets are budgetary resources | | | |
| but are regarded as a special item, rather than revenue, for | | | |
| financial reporting purposes | (5,763) | | (28,135) |
| Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, | | | |
| expenditures, and changes in fund balances - | | | |
| governmental funds | \$ 29,556,934 | \$ | 6,031,281 |
| | | | |
| Uses/outflows of resources | | | |
| Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" | | | |
| from the budgetary comparison schedule | \$ 32,017,412 | \$ | 6,213,557 |
| Differences - budget to GAAP: | | | |
| Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources | | | |
| but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes. | (602,863) | | (695,478) |
| Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, | | | |
| expenditures, and changes in fund balances - | | | |
| governmental funds | \$ 31,414,549 | \$ | 5,518,079 |



| COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES |
|--|
| |
| |
| |
| |

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

<u>Departmental Special Revenues</u> – Accounts for monies received and expended for projects relating to various City departments.

<u>Street Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund</u> – This special revenue fund accounts for the collection and expenditures associated with the street impact fees.

<u>Fire Impact Fees Special Revenues</u> – Accounts for the collection and expenditures associated with the fire impact fees.

<u>City Planning Board</u> – Accounts for monies received from various sources including property taxes, fees, and County revenues. Expenditures are for short-term and long-term planning of City and adjacent County zones. Section 76-1-102 MCA provides that the purpose of City planning is to encourage local governments to improve the present health, safety, convenience, and welfare of the citizens.

<u>Health-Medical Insurance</u> – Accounts for property tax revenues received and transferred to the general fund for premiums and deductibles on group insurance coverage for City employees.

Gas Tax Apportionment – Accounts for revenues from State gasoline taxes apportioned from the State of Montana Department of Highways.

<u>Drug Forfeitures</u> – Accounts for monies received from fines and forfeitures of drug-related criminal prosecution, to be expended on drug law enforcement and education.

<u>City-County Drug Forfeitures</u> – Accounts for monies received from fines and forfeitures of drug-related criminal prosecution, from an inter-local agreement with the County, to be expended on drug law enforcement and education.

<u>Victim/Witness Advocate</u> – Accounts for monies collected through the Court system to assist with Victim and Witness Advocate Program.

<u>Tree Maintenance</u> – Accounts for special assessment revenues levied, received, and expended for tree maintenance provided to specific property owners.

<u>Law and Justice Center</u> – Accounts for the receipt and expenditure of monies earmarked by the City Commission for the City's share of the Law and Justice Center renovation.

<u>Community Transportation</u> – Accounts for federal funding for highways, mass transit, and alternative transportation programs as defined by the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act (ISTEA). Money is distributed on a per-capita basis.

Fire Department Equipment – Accounts for Public Safety mill levy tax revenues for fire department capital and equipment.

<u>Economic Development Revolving Loan Fund</u> – Accounts for revenues received and expended relative to loans made in accordance with the Community Development Block Grant Program, for economic development purposes.

<u>Housing Revolving Loan Fund</u> – Accounts for revenues received and expended relative to loans made in accordance with the Community Development Block Grant Program, for housing development purposes.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

<u>Community Housing</u> – Accounts for money set aside by the City Commission and related expenditure for the establishment of safe, decent, and affordable housing for low and moderate-income citizens.

<u>TIF Downtown Improvement District</u> – In November 1995, the City adopted an Urban Renewal Plan for the downtown area. This fund accounts for the revenue and expenditures associated with this tax increment financing district and associated business improvement district.

<u>Building Inspection Fund</u> – Accounts for all activity related to enforcing the building regulation adopted by the City. It includes all the money and staff associated with executing any aspect of the code enforcement program.

<u>Street Arterial & Collector District</u> – Accounts for special assessment revenues levied, received, and expended for necessary transportation infrastructure.

<u>Street Lighting</u> – Accounts for special assessment revenues levied, received, and expended for street and public highway lighting provided to specific property owners.

Park Land – Accounts for monies donated for the purpose of acquiring and developing City Parks.

<u>Municipal Court Restitution</u> – Accounts for checks that were canceled on the restitution checking account, per MCA 46-18-250.

<u>TIF N.E. Urban Renewal</u> – In August of 2005, the City created an Urban Renewal Plan for the Northeast Urban section of Bozeman. This fund accounts for the revenue and expenditures associated with the district.

<u>TIF N 7th Corridor</u> - In August of 2005, the City created a Renewal Plan for the North 7th Avenue business district. This fund accounts for the revenue and expenditures associated with the district.

<u>TIF Mandeville/Wheat Dr.</u> – In December 2006, the City created a tax increment financing district to encourage the attraction and retention of value-adding farming industries. This fund accounts for the revenue and expenditures associated with the district.

<u>TIF South Bozeman Technology</u> – In December 2012, the City created a tax increment financing district to improve existing infrastructure deficiencies on property adjacent to Montana State University and the Innovation Campus. This fund accounts for the revenue and expenditures associated with the district.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

<u>Special Improvement District (SID) Revolving</u> – Accounts for property tax revenues received and expended for the payment of special improvement district bond principal and interest.

<u>Special Improvement District (SID) Sinking</u> – Accounts for the accumulation of resources and payment of special assessment bond principal and interest related to general improvement, sidewalk, and curb construction projects.

<u>General Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund</u> – Accounts for the debt service payments associated with the Library and Transportation general obligation bonds.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

<u>Tax Increment Financing Bonds Debt Service Fund</u> – Accounts for the debt service payments associated with the Tax Increment Urban Renewal Revenue Bonds issued as partial funding for the construction of a Downtown Intermodal Parking Facility.

PERMANENT FUNDS

<u>Perpetual Cemetery Care</u> – Accounts for 15% maintenance fee received from the sale of City cemetery plots, which is to be used for perpetual care. The interest income from the trust is transferred to the general fund for use in maintaining the City's cemetery.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2019

| | | | | Sp | ecial | l Revenue Fui | nds | | | |
|---|-----------|------------|----|----------------|-------|---------------|-----|-------------|------|------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Street | | | | Planning | | lth-Medical | | mmunity |
| | <u>Ir</u> | npact Fees | D | ep art ment al | | Board | I | nsurance | Tran | sportation |
| ASSETS | | | | | | == | | 100.151 | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | - | \$ | 1,954,854 | \$ | 1,673,924 | \$ | 488,424 | \$ | 61,487 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | - | | 4,975 | | 9,867 | | 125,322 | | - |
| Accrued interest | | 22,125 | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Customers, net | | - | | 10,000 | | 10 | | - | | - |
| Special assessments | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Other governments | | - | | 87,822 | | - | | - | | - |
| Others | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Advances to other city funds | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Prepaid expenditures | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Notes receivable | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | | 9,380,533 | | 25,000 | | 233,547 | | - | | - |
| Total assets | \$ | 9,402,658 | \$ | 2,082,651 | \$ | 1,917,348 | \$ | 613,746 | \$ | 61,487 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 491,583 | \$ | 130,414 | \$ | 41,482 | \$ | _ | \$ | 40,594 |
| Appearance bonds and other liabilities | | 132,241 | | - | | - | | _ | | - |
| Escheat property payable | | _ | | - | | - | | _ | | - |
| Accrued employee benefits payable | | _ | | - | | - | | _ | | - |
| Due to other funds | | _ | | - | | - | | _ | | - |
| Total liabilities | | 623,824 | _ | 130,414 | | 41,482 | | | | 40,594 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue-property taxes | | - | | 436 | | 868 | | 10,973 | | - |
| Unavailable revenue-special assessments | | - | | - | | _ | | _ | | - |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | - | | 436 | | 868 | | 10,973 | | - |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Restricted | | - | | 159,688 | | 1,874,998 | | 602,773 | | 20,893 |
| Committed | | _ | | 1,839,413 | | _ | | - | | - |
| Assigned | | _ | | - | | _ | | - | | - |
| Unassigned | | 8,778,834 | | (47,300) | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Total fund balances | | 8,778,834 | | 1,951,801 | | 1,874,998 | | 602,773 | | 20,893 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows | | | | | | | | | | |
| of resources, and fund balances | \$ | 9,402,658 | \$ | 2,082,651 | \$ | 1,917,348 | \$ | 613,746 | \$ | 61,487 |

| Special | Revenue | Funds |
|---------|---------|-------|

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------|----|--------------------|-----|----------------|----|-----------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Gas Tax | М | Tree aintenance | Imp | Fire pact Fees | | Oowntown provement District | | Building nspection Fund | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 1,784,061 | \$ | 432,157 | \$ | - | \$ | 3,553,066 | \$ | 1,860,983 | | |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | - | | - | | - | | 203,767 | | - | | |
| Accrued interest | | - | | - | | - | | 7,080 | | - | | |
| Customers, net | | - | | 48 | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Special assessments | | - | | 12,061 | | - | | 1,830 | | - | | |
| Other governments | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Others | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Advances to other city funds | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Prepaid expenditures | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Notes receivable | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | | | | - | | 2,714,383 | | - | | - | | |
| Total assets | \$ | 1,784,061 | \$ | 444,266 | \$ | 2,714,383 | \$ | 3,765,743 | \$ | 1,860,983 | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 989 | \$ | 18,466 | \$ | 1,561 | \$ | 1,599,195 | \$ | 123,075 | | |
| Appearance bonds and other liabilities | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Escheat property payable | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Accrued employee benefits payable | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Due to other funds | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Total liabilities | _ | 989 | | 18,466 | | 1,561 | | 1,599,195 | | 123,075 | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue-property taxes | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Unavailable revenue-special assessments | | | | 9,100 | | | | - | | | | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | | | 9,100 | | | | - | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Restricted | | 1,783,072 | | 416,700 | | 2,712,822 | | 2,166,548 | | 1,737,908 | | |
| Committed | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Assigned | | _ | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Unassigned | _ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total fund balances | _ | 1,783,072 | | 416,700 | | 2,712,822 | | 2,166,548 | | 1,737,908 | | |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| of resources, and fund balances | \$ | 1,784,061 | \$ | 444,266 | \$ | 2,714,383 | \$ | 3,765,743 | \$ | 1,860,983 | | |

| | | | | Sp | ecial R | evenue Fur | nds | | | | |
|---|------|------------|----|-----------|---------|------------|-----|------------|-------------|------------|--|
| | E | conomic | | | Н | ousing | | | City-County | | |
| | Dev | elop ment | C | Community | Re | volving | | Drug | | Drug | |
| | Revo | lving Loan | | Housing | Lo | an Fund | Fo | orfeitures | Fo | orfeitures | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | - | \$ | 1,160,797 | \$ | 1,231 | \$ | 43,444 | \$ | 133,278 | |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | - | | 14,710 | | - | | - | | - | |
| Accrued interest | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Customers, net | | 297,014 | | 417 | | - | | 4,629 | | - | |
| Special assessments | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Other governments | | - | | - | | - | | 7,270 | | - | |
| Others | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Advances to other city funds | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Prepaid expenditures | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Notes receivable | | 507,020 | | 49,427 | | - | | - | | - | |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | | | | - | | - | | _ | | - | |
| Total assets | \$ | 804,034 | \$ | 1,225,351 | \$ | 1,231 | \$ | 55,343 | \$ | 133,278 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | - | \$ | 25,690 | \$ | - | \$ | 7,317 | \$ | - | |
| Appearance bonds and other liabilities | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Escheat property payable | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Accrued employee benefits payable | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Due to other funds | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Total liabilities | | - | | 25,690 | | - | | 7,317 | | - | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue-property taxes | | - | | 1,172 | | - | | - | | _ | |
| Unavailable revenue-special assessments | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | - | | 1,172 | | - | | - | | - | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Restricted | | 804,034 | | - | | - | | 48,026 | | _ | |
| Committed | | _ | | 1,198,489 | | - | | · - | | 133,278 | |
| Assigned | | _ | | _ | | 1,231 | | _ | | - | |
| Unassigned | | _ | | - | | _ | | - | | _ | |
| Total fund balances | | 804,034 | | 1,198,489 | | 1,231 | | 48,026 | | 133,278 | |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows | | | | | | | | | | | |
| of resources, and fund balances | \$ | 804,034 | \$ | 1,225,351 | \$ | 1,231 | \$ | 55,343 | \$ | 133,278 | |

| | | | | | Special Re | venue | e Funds | | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------------|------------|----------------------|----------|------------------------------|-------------|
| | Law and | | eet Arterial | | THE STATE OF THE S | | | | | THE P | |
| | Justice Center | and Collector District | | TIF N 7th Corridor | | TIF N.E. Urban Renewal | | Wheat Dr. | | TIFD South Boz Technology | |
| ASSETS | Contor | | District | | 7th Collidor | | yan renewa | · - · · · | near D1. | | eimolog) |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ - | \$ | 389,757 | \$ | 1,964,536 | \$ | 126,073 | \$ | 65,680 | \$ | 15 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | - | | - | | 50,842 | | 12,170 | | - | | - |
| Accrued interest | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Customers, net | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Special assessments | - | | 22,159 | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Other governments | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Others | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Advances to other city funds | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Prepaid expenditures | 293,250 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Notes receivable | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | - | | - | | - | | 92,000 | | - | | - |
| Total assets | \$ 293,250 | \$ | 411,916 | \$ | 2,015,378 | \$ | 230,243 | \$ | 65,680 | \$ | 15 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ - | \$ | 142,490 | \$ | 36,214 | \$ | 766 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Appearance bonds and other liabilities | - | | 85,214 | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Escheat property payable | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Accrued employee benefits payable | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Due to other funds | - | | - | | - | | - | | _ | | 7,626 |
| Total liabilities | - | | 227,704 | | 36,214 | | 766 | | - | | 7,626 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue-property taxes | _ | | _ | | 21,854 | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Unavailable revenue-special assessments | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | - |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | - | | - | | 21,854 | | - | | - | | - |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 293,250 | | _ | | _ | | - | | _ | | _ |
| Restricted | , - | | 184,212 | | 1,957,310 | | 229,477 | | 65,680 | | (7,611) |
| Committed | _ | | | | - | | | | - | | - |
| Assigned | _ | | _ | | _ | | - | | _ | | _ |
| Unassigned | _ | | _ | | _ | | - | | _ | | _ |
| Total fund balances | 293,250 | | 184,212 | | 1,957,310 | | 229,477 | | 65,680 | | (7,611) |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows | | | | | | | | | | | |
| of resources, and fund balances | \$ 293,250 | \$ | 411,916 | \$ | 2,015,378 | \$ | 230,243 | \$ | 65,680 | \$ | 15 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | (continued) |

Special Revenue Funds

| | | | Special Re | venue | Funds | | | |
|---|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------|--------------|--------------|-----|------------|
| | tim/Witness Advocate | Department quipment | Street Lighting | | Park Land | icipal Court | | Total |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 432,101 | \$ 947,840 | \$ 532,990 | \$ | 842,301 | \$ 21,153 | \$ | 18,470,152 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | - | 19,695 | - | | - | - | | 441,348 |
| Accrued interest | - | - | - | | - | - | | 29,205 |
| Customers, net | 3,982 | - | - | | - | - | | 316,100 |
| Special assessments | - | - | 8,643 | | - | - | | 44,693 |
| Other governments | - | - | - | | - | - | | 95,092 |
| Others | - | - | - | | - | - | | - |
| Advances to other city funds | - | - | - | | - | - | | - |
| Prepaid expenditures | - | - | - | | - | - | | 293,250 |
| Notes receivable | - | - | - | | - | - | | 556,447 |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | - | | _ | | - | | | 12,445,463 |
| Total assets | \$ 436,083 | \$ 967,535 | \$ 541,633 | \$ | 842,301 | \$ 21,153 | \$ | 32,691,750 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 9,485 | \$ 263,705 | \$ 38,052 | \$ | - | \$ 1,000 | \$ | 2,972,078 |
| Appearance bonds and other liabilities | - | - | - | | - | - | | 217,455 |
| Escheat property payable | - | - | - | | - | 20,048 | | 20,048 |
| Accrued employee benefits payable | - | - | - | | - | - | | - |
| Due to other funds | - | - | - | | - | - | | 7,626 |
| Total liabilities | 9,485 | 263,705 | 38,052 | | - | 21,048 | | 3,217,207 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue-property taxes | - | 1,729 | - | | - | - | | 37,032 |
| Unavailable revenue-special assessments | - | - | _ | | - | - | | 9,100 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | - | 1,729 | - | | - | - | | 46,132 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | _ | _ | _ | | _ | - | | 293,250 |
| Restricted | 426,598 | _ | 503,581 | | 842,301 | 105 | | 16,529,115 |
| Committed | · <u>-</u> | 702,101 | - | | _ | _ | | 3,873,281 |
| Assigned | _ | - | - | | _ | _ | | 1,231 |
| Unassigned | _ | _ | - | | _ | _ | | 8,731,534 |
| Total fund balances | 426,598 | 702,101 | 503,581 | | 842,301 | 105 | | 29,428,411 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows | | | | | | | | |
| of resources, and fund balances | \$ 436,083 | \$ 967,535 | \$ 541,633 | \$ | 842,301 | \$ 21,153 | \$ | 32,691,750 |
| | | | | | | | (cc | ontinued) |

| | | | | | Debt Se | rvice Fund | S | | | |
|---|----|-----------|----|--------|---------|------------|----|-------------|-----|------------|
| | | SID | | G.O. | | ΓIF | | SID | | |
| A GOTTEG |] | Revolving | | Bonds | B | onds | D | ebt Service | | Total |
| ASSETS | | 2.020.216 | Φ. | 21.505 | | | Φ. | 2.1.60.620 | Φ. | ~ 001 ~ 11 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 3,020,316 | \$ | 31,587 | \$ | - | \$ | 2,169,638 | \$ | 5,221,541 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | | | 64,301 | | - | | - | | 64,301 |
| Accrued interest | | 7,133 | | - | | - | | - | | 7,133 |
| Customers, net | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Special assessments | | - | | - | | - | | 1,954,625 | | 1,954,625 |
| Other governments | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Others | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Advances to other city funds | | 472,483 | | - | | - | | - | | 472,483 |
| Prepaid expenditures | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Notes receivable | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | | - | | | | | | - | | - |
| Total assets | | 3,499,932 | \$ | 95,888 | \$ | - | \$ | 4,124,263 | \$ | 7,720,083 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | - | \$ | 500 | \$ | _ | \$ | 258 | \$ | 758 |
| Appearance bonds and other liabilities | | _ | | _ | | _ | | - | | - |
| Escheat property payable | | _ | | _ | | _ | | - | | _ |
| Accrued employee benefits payable | | _ | | _ | | _ | | - | | _ |
| Due to other funds | | - | | _ | | _ | | 472,483 | | 472,483 |
| Total liabilities | _ | - | | 500 | | - | | 472,741 | | 473,241 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue-property taxes | | _ | | 5,633 | | _ | | _ | | 5,633 |
| Unavailable revenue-special assessments | | _ | | - | | _ | | 1,951,228 | | 1,951,228 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | - | | 5,633 | | - | _ | 1,951,228 | | 1,956,861 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Restricted | | 3,499,932 | | 89,755 | | _ | | 1,700,294 | | 5,289,981 |
| Committed | | - | | - | | _ | | 1,700,251 | | 5,205,501 |
| Assigned | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Unassigned | | _ | | | | _ | | _ | | |
| Total fund balances | | 3,499,932 | | 89,755 | | - | _ | 1,700,294 | | 5,289,981 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows | | | | | | | | | | |
| of resources, and fund balances | \$ | 3,499,932 | \$ | 95,888 | \$ | _ | \$ | 4,124,263 | \$ | 7,720,083 |
| | | | | | | | | | (co | ontinued) |

| | Permanent Fund Perpetual Cemetery Care | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
|---|--|--|
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ - | \$ 23,691,693 |
| Receivables: | | |
| Property taxes | - | 505,649 |
| Accrued interest | - | 36,338 |
| Customers, net | 5,997 | 322,097 |
| Special assessments | - | 1,999,318 |
| Other governments | - | 95,092 |
| Others | - | - |
| Advances to other city funds | - | 472,483 |
| Prepaid expenditures | - | 293,250 |
| Notes receivable | - | 556,447 |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | 1,444,502 | 13,889,965 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,450,499 | \$ 41,862,332 |
| | | |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 8,158 | \$ 2,980,994 |
| Appearance bonds and other liabilities | - | 217,455 |
| Escheat property payable | - | 20,048 |
| Accrued employee benefits payable | - | - |
| Due to other funds | - | 480,109 |
| Total liabilities | 8,158 | 3,698,606 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | |
| Unavailable revenue-property taxes | _ | 42,665 |
| Unavailable revenue-special assessments | _ | 1,960,328 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 2,002,993 |
| | | |
| FUND BALANCES | | |
| Nonspendable | 1,442,341 | 1,735,591 |
| Restricted | - | 21,819,096 |
| Committed | - | 3,873,281 |
| Assigned | - | 1,231 |
| Unassigned | - | 8,731,534 |
| Total fund balances | 1,442,341 | 36,160,733 |
| | | |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows | | |
| of resources, and fund balances | \$ 1,450,499 | \$ 41,862,332 |

| | | | | Sp | pecia | l Revenue Fur | nds | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----|------------|----|----------------|-------|------------------|-----|--------------|----|--------------|
| | | Street | | | | City Planning | He | alth-Medical | C | Community |
| | Iı | npact Fees | D | ep art ment al | | Board | | Insurance | | ansportation |
| REVENUES | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | - | \$ | 104,720 | \$ | 212,953 | \$ | 2,652,758 | \$ | - |
| Special assessments | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Licenses and permits | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Intergovernmental | | - | | 377,167 | | 137,423 | | - | | - |
| Charges for services | | 4,291,395 | | 33,035 | | 1,118,765 | | - | | - |
| Fines and forfeitures | | - | | 580 | | - | | - | | - |
| Interest on investments | | 238,874 | | 49,517 | | 38,517 | | - | | 1,120 |
| Interest on loans receivable | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Other | | 115,969 | | 70,929 | | 89,569 | | - | | |
| Total revenues | | 4,646,238 | | 635,948 | | 1,597,227 | | 2,652,758 | | 1,120 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | - | | 82,665 | | 1,338,493 | | - | | _ |
| Public safety | | - | | 92,968 | | _ | | - | | _ |
| Public service | | 290,687 | | _ | | _ | | - | | 5,312 |
| Public welfare | | - | | 298,044 | | _ | | _ | | - |
| Other | | - | | 104,703 | | _ | | - | | _ |
| Capital outlay | | 4,925,965 | | 38,718 | | 14,995 | | - | | 33,340 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | | - | | - | | _ | | - | | - |
| Interest and fiscal fees | | - | | _ | | - | | - | | _ |
| Total expenditures | | 5,216,652 | | 617,098 | | 1,353,488 | | - | | 38,652 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | (570,414) | | 18,850 | | 243,739 | | 2,652,758 | | (37,532) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | _ | | _ | | 115,529 | | _ | | _ |
| Transfers out | | _ | | _ | | - | | (2,461,824) | | _ |
| Sale of capital assets | | _ | | _ | | _ | | - | | _ |
| Issuance of long term debt | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | - | | 115,529 | | (2,461,824) | | _ |
| Net change in fund balance | | (570,414) | | 18,850 | | 359,268 | | 190,934 | | (37,532) |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | 9,349,248 | | 1,932,951 | | 1,515,730 | | 411,839 | | 58,425 |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | \$ | 8,778,834 | \$ | 1,951,801 | \$ | 1,874,998 | \$ | 602,773 | \$ | 20,893 |
| | | | | | | | | | | (continued) |

| | | | | Sp | ecial 1 | Revenue Fun | ds | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-------|----|------------|---------|-------------|----|-----------|----|-------------|
| | | | | | | | Γ | Oowntown |] | Building |
| | Gas Ta | X | | Tree | | Fire | In | provement | Iı | nspection |
| | Apportion | ment | Ma | intenance | Im | pact Fees | | District | | Fund |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,270,887 | \$ | - |
| Special assessments | | - | | 2,038 | | - | | 126,358 | | - |
| Licenses and permits | | - | | - | | - | | 2,750 | | 1,985,700 |
| Intergovernmental | 1,297, | ,155 | | 12,183 | | - | | 56,050 | | 92,684 |
| Charges for services | | - | | 718,527 | | 525,827 | | - | | 487 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Interest on investments | 34, | ,209 | | 5,108 | | 58,971 | | 61,155 | | 49,736 |
| Interest on loans receivable | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Other | | - | | 19,483 | | 62,170 | | | | 101 |
| Total revenues | 1,331, | 364 | | 757,339 | | 646,968 | | 1,517,200 | | 2,128,708 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | |
| Public safety | | | | | | 39,279 | | | | 2,165,569 |
| Public service | 887, | 722 | | _ | | 39,219 | | - | | 2,103,309 |
| Public welfare | 007, | 133 | | 625,701 | | - | | 472,459 | | - |
| Other | | - | | 023,701 | | - | | 472,439 | | - |
| | | - | | - | | - | | 122.504 | | 9.000 |
| Capital outlay | | - | | 60,522 | | - | | 132,504 | | 8,000 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Interest and fiscal fees | | 722 | | - (0/, 222 | | 20.270 | | | | 2 172 560 |
| Total expenditures | 887, | | | 686,223 | | 39,279 | | 604,963 | | 2,173,569 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | 443, | 031 | | 71,116 | | 607,689 | | 912,237 | | (44,861) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Transfers out | | - | | - | | - | | (597,863) | | - |
| Sale of capital assets | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Issuance of long term debt | | | | - | | | | _ | | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | | - | | | | (597,863) | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | 443. | ,631 | | 71,116 | | 607,689 | | 314,374 | | (44,861) |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | 1,339, | ,441_ | | 345,584 | | 2,105,133 | | 1,852,174 | | 1,782,769 |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | \$ 1,783, | ,072 | \$ | 416,700 | \$ | 2,712,822 | \$ | 2,166,548 | \$ | 1,737,908 |
| | | | | | | | | | | (continued) |

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Economic | | Housing | | City-County | | | | |
| | Development | Community | Revolving | Drug | Drug | | | | |
| | Revolving Loan | Housing | Loan Fund | Forfeitures | Forfeitures | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ - | \$ 314,064 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | | | |
| Special assessments | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Licenses and permits | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | - | 20,659 | - | 115,364 | - | | | | |
| Charges for services | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | - | - | - | 64,350 | - | | | | |
| Interest on investments | 1,503 | 23,572 | 31 | 852 | 1,893 | | | | |
| Interest on loans receivable | 26,377 | 299 | - | - | - | | | | |
| Other | | 127,467 | | 8,332 | | | | | |
| Total revenues | 27,880 | 486,061 | 31 | 188,898 | 1,893 | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Public safety | - | - | - | 270,652 | - | | | | |
| Public service | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Public welfare | 34,600 | 214,971 | - | - | - | | | | |
| Other | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Capital outlay | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Interest and fiscal fees | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Total expenditures | 34,600 | 214,971 | - | 270,652 | | | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (6,720) | 271,090 | 31 | (81,754) | 1,893 | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | 166,188 | - | 22,933 | - | | | | |
| Transfers out | - | - | _ | - | - | | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Issuance of long term debt | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | - | 166,188 | - | 22,933 | | | | | |
| Net change in fund balance | (6,720) | 437,278 | 31 | (58,821) | 1,893 | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | 810,754 | 761,211 | 1,200 | 106,847 | 131,385 | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | \$ 804,034 | \$ 1,198,489 | \$ 1,231 | \$ 48,026 | \$ 133,278 | | | | |

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Law and | Street Arterial | mvr. | THE N. E. | TT 1 1 11 / | | | | |
| | Justice Center | and Collector District | TIF N 7th Corridor | TIF N.E. Urban Renewal | TIF M andeville/ Wheat Dr. | TIFD South Boz Technology | | | |
| REVENUES | Center | District | 14 7th Comdon | Cibali Keliewai | Wileat D1. | Technology | | | |
| Taxes | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 621,223 | \$ 158,998 | \$ 14,141 | \$ 15 | | | |
| Special assessments | - | 3,910 | _ | _ | - | - | | | |
| Licenses and permits | - | - | _ | _ | _ | - | | | |
| Intergovernmental | - | - | 37,926 | 1,353 | _ | - | | | |
| Charges for services | - | 1,314,801 | - | - | _ | - | | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | - | - | _ | - | _ | - | | | |
| Interest on investments | - | 34,844 | 48,224 | 3,900 | 795 | - | | | |
| Interest on loans receivable | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Other | | | | | | | | | |
| Total revenues | - | 1,353,555 | 707,373 | 164,251 | 14,936 | 15 | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | - | - | _ | - | _ | - | | | |
| Public safety | 19,125 | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Public service | - | 53,560 | _ | - | _ | - | | | |
| Public welfare | - | - | 213,651 | 11,494 | - | - | | | |
| Other | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Capital outlay | - | 2,897,746 | 80,811 | - | - | - | | | |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | - | - | _ | 43,120 | _ | - | | | |
| Interest and fiscal fees | - | - | - | 48,880 | - | - | | | |
| Total expenditures | 19,125 | 2,951,306 | 294,462 | 103,494 | - | | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (19,125) | (1,597,751) | 412,911 | 60,757 | 14,936 | 15 | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | - | 19,940 | - | - | - | | | |
| Transfers out | - | - | (40,000) | (243,897) | (4,000) | - | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Issuance of long term debt | | | | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | - | | (20,060) | (243,897) | (4,000) | | | | |
| Net change in fund balance | (19,125) | (1,597,751) | 392,851 | (183,140) | 10,936 | 15 | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | 312,375 | 1,781,963 | 1,564,459 | 412,617 | 54,744 | (7,626) | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | \$ 293,250 | \$ 184,212 | \$ 1,957,310 | \$ 229,477 | \$ 65,680 | \$ (7,611) | | | |

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| | Victim/Witness Advocate | Fire Department Equipment | Street Lighting | Park Land | Municipal Court Restitution | Totals | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ - | \$ 416,794 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 5,766,553 | | |
| Special assessments | - | - | 436,099 | - | - | 568,405 | | |
| Licenses and permits | - | - | - | - | - | 1,988,450 | | |
| Intergovernmental | - | - | - | - | - | 2,147,964 | | |
| Charges for services | - | - | - | - | - | 8,002,837 | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | 69,721 | - | - | - | - | 134,651 | | |
| Interest on investments | 5,921 | 26,337 | 7,681 | 22,714 | - | 715,474 | | |
| Interest on loans receivable | - | - | - | - | - | 26,676 | | |
| Other | | | | 177,287 | | 671,307 | | |
| Total revenues | 75,642 | 443,131 | 443,780 | 200,001 | | 20,022,317 | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | 32,590 | - | - | - | - | 1,453,748 | | |
| Public safety | - | 32,719 | - | - | - | 2,620,312 | | |
| Public service | - | - | 440,367 | - | - | 1,677,659 | | |
| Public welfare | - | - | - | - | - | 1,870,920 | | |
| Other | - | - | - | - | - | 104,703 | | |
| Capital outlay | - | 547,735 | - | 74,686 | - | 8,815,022 | | |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | |
| Princip al | - | - | - | - | - | 43,120 | | |
| Interest and fiscal fees | | | | | | 48,880 | | |
| Total expenditures | 32,590 | 580,454 | 440,367 | 74,686 | - | 16,634,364 | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | 43,052 | (137,323) | 3,413 | 125,315 | | 3,387,953 | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | - | - | - | - | 324,590 | | |
| Transfers out | - | - | (31,900) | - | - | (3,379,484) | | |
| Sale of capital assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Issuance of long term debt | | | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | - | | (31,900) | | | (3,054,894) | | |
| Net change in fund balance | 43,052 | (137,323) | (28,487) | 125,315 | - | 333,059 | | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | 383,546 | 839,424 | 532,068 | 716,986 | 105 | 29,095,352 | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | \$ 426,598 | \$ 702,101 | \$ 503,581 | \$ 842,301 | \$ 105 | \$ 29,428,411 | | |

| | | Debt Service Funds | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| | SID Revolving | G.O. Bonds | TIF Bonds | SID Debt Service | Totals | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ - | \$ 1,361,056 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,361,056 | | | | |
| Special assessments | - | - | - | 518,352 | 518,352 | | | | |
| Licenses and permits | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Charges for services | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Interest on investments | 72,143 | 1,089 | - | 35,736 | 108,968 | | | | |
| Interest on loans receivable | 5,019 | - | - | - | 5,019 | | | | |
| Other | | | | | | | | | |
| Total revenues | 77,162 | 1,362,145 | | 554,088 | 1,993,395 | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Public safety | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Public service | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Public welfare | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Other | 911 | - | - | - | 911 | | | | |
| Capital outlay | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | - | 895,000 | 220,000 | 234,500 | 1,349,500 | | | | |
| Interest and fiscal fees | | 465,238 | 203,923 | 18,740 | 687,901 | | | | |
| Total expenditures | 911 | 1,360,238 | 423,923 | 253,240 | 2,038,312 | | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | 76,251 | 1,907 | (423,923) | 300,848 | (44,917) | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | - | 423,923 | - | 423,923 | | | | |
| Transfers out | - | - | - | _ | - | | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Issuance of long term debt | | | | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | _ | 423,923 | | 423,923 | | | | |
| Net change in fund balance | 76,251 | 1,907 | - | 300,848 | 379,006 | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | 3,423,681 | 87,848 | | 1,399,446 | 4,910,975 | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | \$ 3,499,932 | \$ 89,755 | \$ - | \$ 1,700,294 | \$ 5,289,981 | | | | |

| | Permanent Fund Cemetery Perpetual Care | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| REVENUES | | |
| Taxes | \$ - | \$ 7,127,609 |
| Special assessments | - | 1,086,757 |
| Licenses and permits | - | 1,988,450 |
| Intergovernmental | - | 2,147,964 |
| Charges for services | 89,583 | 8,092,420 |
| Fines and forfeitures | - | 134,651 |
| Interest on investments | 41,316 | 865,758 |
| Interest on loans receivable | - | 31,695 |
| Other | | 671,307 |
| Total revenues | 130,899 | 22,146,611 |
| EXPENDITURES Current: | | |
| General government | - | 1,453,748 |
| Public safety | - | 2,620,312 |
| Public service | - | 1,677,659 |
| Public welfare | - | 1,870,920 |
| Other | - | 105,614 |
| Capital outlay | - | 8,815,022 |
| Debt service: | | |
| Principal | - | 1,392,620 |
| Interest and fiscal fees | | 736,781 |
| Total expenditures | - | 18,672,676 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | 130,899 | 3,473,935 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | |
| Transfers in | - | 748,513 |
| Transfers out | - | (3,379,484) |
| Sale of capital assets | - | - |
| Issuance of long term debt | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | (2,630,971) |
| Net change in fund balance | 130,899 | 842,964 |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | 1,311,442 | 35,317,769 |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | \$ 1,442,341 | \$ 36,160,733 |

| BUDGET TO ACTUAL SCHEDULES – NONMAJOR FUNDS | |
|---|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

| | | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------|--------------|----|---------|----|-------------------------------|----|---------------------|--|
| | | Street Impact Fees | | | | | | Departmental Special Revenues | | | |
| | · | | | Variance | | | | | V | ariance | |
| | | | Positive | | | | | Actual | | Positive (Negative) | |
| | Budget | | Actual | (Negative) | | Budget | | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | - 5 | - | \$ - | \$ | 105,244 | \$ | 104,720 | \$ | (524) | |
| Special assessments | | - | - | - | | 2,334 | | - | | 2,334 | |
| Licenses and permits | | - | - | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Intergovernmental | | - | - | - | | 328,000 | | 377,167 | | 49,167 | |
| Charges for services | 4,226,2 | 250 | 4,291,395 | 65,145 | | 22,000 | | 33,035 | | 11,035 | |
| Fines and forfeitures | | - | - | - | | 7,000 | | 580 | | (6,420) | |
| Interest on investments | 115,0 | 000 | 238,874 | 123,874 | | 37,568 | | 49,517 | | 11,949 | |
| Loan rep ay ment | | - | - | - | | - | | - | - | | |
| Other | 1,0 | 000 | 115,969 | 114,969 | | 479,888 | | 70,929 | | (408,959) | |
| Total revenues | 4,342,2 | 250 | 4,646,238 | 303,988 | | 982,034 | | 635,948 | | (346,086) | |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | 6,418,0 | 000 | 5,216,652 | 1,201,348 | | 652,502 | | 617,098 | | 35,404 | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (2,075,7 | 750) | (570,414) | (897,360) | | 329,532 | | 18,850 | | (310,682) | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | - | - | | _ | | _ | | - | |
| Transfers out | | - | - | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Long-term debt issued | | - | - | - | | - | | _ | | - | |
| Sale of capital assets | | - | - | - | | - | | _ | | _ | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | | - | | - | | | | | |
| Revenues and other sources over | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$ (2,075,7 | (50) | (570,414) | \$ (897,360) | \$ | 329,532 | | 18,850 | \$ | (310,682) | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | _ | 9,349,248 | | | | | 1,932,951 | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | | 8,778,834 | | | | \$ | 1,951,801 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | (| (continued) | |

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|--------|---------------|-----|-----------|----|-------------|--------|-----------------|------------|-------------|
| | - | (| City 1 | Planning Boar | d | | | Неа | ılth-l | M edical Insura | ınce | |
| | · | | | | 7 | Variance | | | | | 7 | /ariance |
| | | | | | I | Positive | | | | | F | Positive |
| | | Budget | | Actual | (1) | Negative) | | Budget | Actual | | (Negative) | |
| | | | | | • | | | | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 210,488 | \$ | 212,953 | \$ | 2,465 | \$ | 2,654,566 | \$ | 2,652,758 | \$ | (1,808) |
| Special assessments | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Licenses and permits | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Intergovernmental | | 110,733 | | 137,423 | | 26,690 | | - | | - | | - |
| Charges for services | | 785,500 | | 1,118,765 | | 333,265 | | - | | - | | - |
| Fines and forfeitures | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Interest on investments | | 6,500 | | 38,517 | | 32,017 | | - | | - | | - |
| Loan repayment | | - | | - | | - | | _ | | _ | | - |
| Other | | 53,400 | | 89,569 | | 36,169 | | - | | - | | - |
| Total revenues | | 1,166,621 | _ | 1,597,227 | | 430,606 | | 2,654,566 | _ | 2,652,758 | | (1,808) |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | | 1,661,194 | | 1,353,488 | | 307,706 | | | | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | (494,573) | | 243,739 | | 738,312 | | 2,654,566 | | 2,652,758 | | (1,808) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 127,575 | | 115,529 | | (12,046) | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Transfers out | | _ | | - | | - | | (2,654,566) | | (2,461,824) | | 192,742 |
| Long-term debt issued | | - | | _ | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Sale of capital assets | | - | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 127,575 | | 115,529 | | (12,046) | | (2,654,566) | | (2,461,824) | | 192,742 |
| Revenues and other sources over | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | | (366,998) | | 359,268 | \$ | 726,266 | \$ | | | 190,934 | \$ | 190,934 |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | | | 1,515,730 | | | | | | 411,839 | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | | \$ | 1,874,998 | | | | | \$ | 602,773 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | , | (continued) |

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|------|------------|--------|--------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | Communi | ity Transport | ation | | G | as Ta | x Apportionm | ent | | | |
| | | | | Varia | | | | | Variance | | | |
| | Budget | | Actual | Positi (Negat | | Budget | Actual | | Positive (Negative) | | | |
| | Budget | | Actual | (Negai | ive) | Buaget | - | Actual | (Negative) | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | - \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ - | | | |
| Special assessments | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | | |
| Licenses and permits | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | | |
| Intergovernmental | | - | - | | - | 1,402,031 | | 1,297,155 | (104,876) | | | |
| Charges for services | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | | |
| Interest on investments | 1,2 | 00 | 1,120 | | (80) | 9,000 | | 34,209 | 25,209 | | | |
| Loan repayment | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | | |
| Other | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | | |
| Total revenues | 1,2 | 00 | 1,120 | | (80) | 1,411,031 | | 1,331,364 | (79,667) | | | |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | 39,0 | 00 | 38,652 | | 348 | 1,171,500 | | 887,733 | 283,767 | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (37,8) | 00) | (37,532) | | 268 | 239,531 | | 443,631 | 204,100 | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | | |
| Transfers out | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | | |
| Long-term debt issued | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | | | | | | - | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | - | | | | | | |
| Revenues and other sources over | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$ (37,8) | 00) | (37,532) | \$ | 268 | \$ 239,531 | • | 443,631 | \$ 204,100 | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | | 58,425 | | | | | 1,339,441 | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | \$ | 20,893 | | | | \$ | 1,783,072 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | (continued) | | | |

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------|---------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Tree Maintenance | ; | Fire Im | pact Fees Special l | Revenue | | | | | | |
| | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) | | | | | | |
| DEVENIVES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| REVENUES | Φ. | • | Φ. | • | Φ. | Φ. | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | | | | | |
| Special assessments | 1,200 | 2,038 | 838 | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Licenses and permits | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | - | 12,183 | 12,183 | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | 730,821 | 718,527 | (12,294) | 380,363 | 525,827 | 145,464 | | | | | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Interest on investments | 2,200 | 5,108 | 2,908 | 12,000 | 58,971 | 46,971 | | | | | | |
| Loan repayment | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Other | 3,000 | 19,483 | 16,483 | | 62,170 | 62,170 | | | | | | |
| Total revenues | 737,221 | 757,339 | 20,118 | 392,363 | 646,968 | 254,605 | | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | 825,577 | 686,223 | 139,354 | 39,500 | 39,279 | 221 | | | | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (88,356) | 71,116 | 159,472 | 352,863 | 607,689 | 254,826 | | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | - | _ | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Transfers out | - | _ | _ | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Long-term debt issued | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | | | | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues and other sources over | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$ (88,356) | 71,116 | \$ 159,472 | \$ 352,863 | 607,689 | \$ 254,826 | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | 345,584 | | | 2,105,133 | | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | \$ 416,700 | | | \$ 2,712,822 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | (continued) | | | | | | |

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-------|-------------|------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|----------------|------------|-----------|
| | | Downto | own l | Improvement | Dist | rict | | Bui | lding | g Inspection F | und | |
| | | | | | | Variance | | | | | Va | riance |
| | | | | | | Positive | | | | | Po | sitive |
| | | Budget | | Actual | (| Negative) | Budget | | Actual | | (Negative) | |
| | | | | | | _ | | | | _ | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 1,820,000 | \$ | 1,270,887 | \$ | (549,113) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Special assessments | | 143,200 | | 126,358 | | (16,842) | | - | | - | | - |
| Licenses and permits | | - | | 2,750 | | 2,750 | | 1,783,700 | | 1,985,700 | | 202,000 |
| Intergovernmental | | 45,000 | | 56,050 | | 11,050 | | - | | 92,684 | | 92,684 |
| Charges for services | | - | | - | | - | | 1,500 | | 487 | | (1,013) |
| Fines and forfeitures | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Interest on investments | | 10,000 | | 61,155 | | 51,155 | | 15,000 | | 49,736 | | 34,736 |
| Loan repayment | | - | | - | | - | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Other | | 19,500 | | - | | (19,500) | | - | | 101 | | 101 |
| Total revenues | | 2,037,700 | | 1,517,200 | | (520,500) | | 1,800,200 | _ | 2,128,708 | | 328,508 |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | | 1,616,675 | | 604,963 | | 1,011,712 | | 2,660,416 | | 2,173,569 | | 486,847 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | 421,025 | | 912,237 | | 491,212 | | (860,216) | | (44,861) | | 815,355 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | | - | | - | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Transfers out | | (598,000) | | (597,863) | | 137 | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Long-term debt issued | | - | | - | | - | | _ | | _ | | - |
| Sale of capital assets | | - | | - | | - | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | (598,000) | | (597,863) | | 137 | | - | | | | |
| Revenues and other sources over | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$ | (176,975) | | 314,374 | \$ | 491,349 | \$ | (860,216) | | (44,861) | \$ | 815,355 |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | | | 1,852,174 | | | | | | 1,782,769 | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | | \$ | 2,166,548 | | | | | \$ | 1,737,908 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | (c | ontinued) |

(continued)

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|------------|--------------|------------------------------|------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Economic 1 | Develop | ment Revolvi | ing Loan Fund | | Community Housi | ing | | | | | |
| | Budget | | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) | | | | | |
| DEVENIUE | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| REVENUES Taxes | ¢ | ¢ | | ¢ | \$ 315,732 | \$ 314.064 | \$ (1.668) | | | | | |
| | \$ | - \$ | - | \$ - | \$ 315,732 | \$ 314,064 | \$ (1,668) | | | | | |
| Special assessments | | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Licenses and permits | | - | - | - | - | 20.650 | 20.650 | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental Charges for services | | - | - | - | - | 20,659 | 20,659 | | | | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Interest on investments | | - | 1,503 | 1,503 | 4,000 | 23,572 | 19,572 | | | | | |
| Loan repayment | 50,00 | - 0 | 26,377 | (23,623) | 9,500 | 25,372 | (9,201) | | | | | |
| Other | 50,00 | U | 20,377 | | 9,300 | 127,467 | 127,467 | | | | | |
| Total revenues | 50,00 | <u>-</u> — | 27,880 | (22,120) | 329,232 | 486,061 | 156,829 | | | | | |
| 1 Otal Tevenues | | | 27,000 | (22,120) | 329,232 | 480,001 | 130,829 | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | 35,00 | 0 | 34,600 | 400 | 371,858 | 214,971 | 156,887 | | | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | 15,00 | 0 | (6,720) | (21,720) | (42,626) | 271,090 | 313,716 | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | - | - | 166,188 | 166,188 | - | | | | | |
| Transfers out | | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Long-term debt issued | | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | - | | 166,188 | 166,188 | | | | | | |
| Revenues and other sources over | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$ 15,00 | 0 | (6,720) | \$ (21,720) | \$ 123,562 | 437,278 | \$ 313,716 | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | | 810,754 | | | 761,211 | _ | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | \$ | 804,034 | | | \$ 1,198,489 | = | | | | | |

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|----------|------------|------|----------|--------|-----------|--------|---------------|------------|------------|
| | | Hous | ing Revo | lving Loar | Fund | | | | Drug | g Forfeitures | | |
| | | | | | V | ariance | | | | | Va | ariance |
| | | | | | P | ositive | | | | | Positive | |
| | <u>F</u> | Budget | A | ctual | (N | egative) | Budget | | Actual | | (Negative) | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Special assessments | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Licenses and permits | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Intergovernmental | | - | | - | | - | | 75,000 | | 115,364 | | 40,364 |
| Charges for services | | - | | - | | _ | | - | | - | | - |
| Fines and forfeitures | | - | | - | | - | | 54,000 | | 64,350 | | 10,350 |
| Interest on investments | | 10 | | 31 | | 21 | | 70 | | 852 | | 782 |
| Loan repayment | | 1,275 | | - | | (1,275) | | - | | - | | - |
| Other | | - | | | | | | | | 8,332 | | 8,332 |
| Total revenues | | 1,285 | | 31 | | (1,254) | | 129,070 | | 188,898 | | 59,828 |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | | - | | | | | | 271,210 | | 270,652 | | 558 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | 1,285 | | 31 | | (1,254) | | (142,140) | | (81,754) | | 60,386 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | | - | | - | | 28,872 | | 22,933 | | (5,939) |
| Transfers out | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Long-term debt issued | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Sale of capital assets | | - | | _ | | | | | | | | _ |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | _ | | - | | | | 28,872 | | 22,933 | | (5,939) |
| Revenues and other sources over | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$ | 1,285 | | 31 | \$ | (1,254) | \$ | (113,268) | | (58,821) | \$ | 54,447 |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | | - | 1,200 | | | | | | 106,847 | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | | \$ | 1,231 | | | | | \$ | 48,026 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | (6 | continued) |

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------|--------------|---------|--------------------------------|----|----------|-------|----------------|-------------------------|---------|
| | | City- | County | y Drug Forfe | eitures | | | La | w and | d Justice Cent | ter | |
| | | Budget | | Actual | Po | oriance ositive egative) | | Budget | | Actual | Varia Posit (Nega | tive |
| | | _ | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Special assessments | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Licenses and permits | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Intergovernmental | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Charges for services | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 500 | | - | | (500) | | - | | - | | - |
| Interest on investments | | 1,100 | | 1,893 | | 793 | | - | | - | | - |
| Loan repayment | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Other | | - | | - | | - | | | | - | | |
| Total revenues | | 1,600 | | 1,893 | | 293 | | - | | - | | - |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | | | | | | | | 19,125 | | 19,125 | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | 1,600 | | 1,893 | | 293 | | (19,125) | | (19,125) | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Transfers out | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Long-term debt issued | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Sale of capital assets | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Revenues and other sources over | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$ | 1,600 | | 1,893 | \$ | 293 | \$ | (19,125) | | (19,125) | \$ | _ |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | | | 131,385 | | | | | | 312,375 | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | | \$ | 133,278 | | | | | \$ | 293,250 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | (con | tinued) |

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Street Art | erial and Collecto | r District | , | TIF N 7th Corrido | r | | | | | | |
| | | | Variance | | | Variance | | | | | | |
| | D 1 . | | Positive | ъ т. | 1 | Positive | | | | | | |
| | Budget | Actual | (Negative) | Budget | Actual | (Negative) | | | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 651,949 | \$ 621,223 | \$ (30,726) | | | | | | |
| Special assessments | 2,334 | 3,910 | 1,576 | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Licenses and permits | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | - | - | - | - | 37,926 | 37,926 | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | 1,333,854 | 1,314,801 | (19,053) | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Interest on investments | 20,031 | 34,844 | 14,813 | 9,500 | 48,224 | 38,724 | | | | | | |
| Loan repayment | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Other | 378,688 | | (378,688) | | | | | | | | | |
| Total revenues | 1,734,907 | 1,353,555 | (381,352) | 661,449 | 707,373 | 45,924 | | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | 3,568,000 | 2,951,306 | 616,694 | 1,491,900 | 294,462 | 1,197,438 | | | | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (1,833,093) | (1,597,751) | 235,342 | (830,451) | 412,911 | 1,243,362 | | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | - | - | - | 19,940 | 19,940 | | | | | | |
| Transfers out | - | - | - | (40,000) | (40,000) | - | | | | | | |
| Long-term debt issued | - | - | - | - | _ | - | | | | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | - | - | - | - | _ | - | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | <u> </u> | - | | (40,000) | (20,060) | 19,940 | | | | | | |
| Revenues and other sources over | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$ (1,833,093) | (1,597,751) | \$ 235,342 | \$ (870,451) | 392,851 | \$ 1,263,302 | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | 1,781,963 | | | 1,564,459 | | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | \$ 184,212 | | | \$ 1,957,310 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | (continued) | | | | | | |

(continued)

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|------|------------|-----------|----------------------|----|---------|------|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | TIF | N.E. | Urban Rene | ewal | | | TIF | Mana | deville/Wheat | Dr. | |
| | | | | | | ⁷ ariance | | | | | | /ariance |
| | | | | | | Positive | | | | | | Positive |
| | | Budget | | Actual | <u>(N</u> | Vegative) | | Budget | | Actual | <u>(N</u> | Vegative) |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 139,500 | \$ | 158,998 | \$ | 19,498 | \$ | 25,000 | \$ | 14,141 | \$ | (10,859) |
| Special assessments | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Licenses and permits | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Intergovernmental | | - | | 1,353 | | 1,353 | | - | | - | | - |
| Charges for services | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Fines and forfeitures | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Interest on investments | | 1,500 | | 3,900 | | 2,400 | | - | | 795 | | 795 |
| Loan repayment | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Other | | - | | - | | - | | - | | | | - |
| Total revenues | | 141,000 | | 164,251 | | 23,251 | | 25,000 | | 14,936 | | (10,064) |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | | 190,100 | | 103,494 | | 86,606 | | - | | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | (49,100) | | 60,757 | | 109,857 | | 25,000 | | 14,936 | | (10,064) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Transfers out | | (244,000) | | (243,897) | | 103 | | (4,000) | | (4,000) | | - |
| Long-term debt issued | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Sale of capital assets | | - | | | | - | | | | - | | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | (244,000) | | (243,897) | | 103 | | (4,000) | | (4,000) | | |
| Revenues and other sources over | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$ | (293,100) | | (183,140) | \$ | 109,960 | \$ | 21,000 | | 10,936 | \$ | (10,064) |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | | | 412,617 | | | | | | 54,744 | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | | \$ | 229,477 | | | | | \$ | 65,680 | | |

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------------------|----------|-----|----|----------|----|---------|-----|------------|
| • | | TIFD Sou | tim/Witness Advocate | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Variano | ce | | | | | Va | riance |
| | | | | Positiv | /e | | | | | Po | sitive |
| | Buc | lget | Actual | (Negativ | ve) | В | udget | | Actual | (Ne | egative) |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | - \$ | 15 | \$ | 15 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ |
| Special assessments | | - | - | | - | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Licenses and permits | | - | - | | - | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Intergovernmental | | - | - | | - | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Charges for services | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Fines and forfeitures | | - | - | | - | | 63,000 | | 69,721 | | 6,721 |
| Interest on investments | | - | - | | - | | 3,100 | | 5,921 | | 2,821 |
| Loan repayment | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | _ |
| Other | | - | - | | - | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Total revenues | | - | 15 | | 15 | | 66,100 | | 75,642 | | 9,542 |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | | | | | | | 150,000 | | 32,590 | | 117,410 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | | 15 | | 15 | | (83,900) | | 43,052 | | 126,952 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | _ | | _ | | - | | _ | | _ |
| Transfers out | | | - | | - | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Long-term debt issued | | - | - | | - | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Sale of capital assets | | - | _ | | - | | - | | - | | _ |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | - | | | | - | | | | _ |
| Revenues and other sources over | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$ | | 15 | \$ | 15 | \$ | (83,900) | | 43,052 | \$ | 126,952 |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | | (7,626) | | | | | | 383,546 | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | \$ | (7,611) | | | | | \$ | 426,598 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | (0 | continued) |

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|------|--------------|------|-----------|----|----------|--------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| | | Fire | Depa | rtment Equip | ment | | | | Stre | eet Lighting | | |
| | | | | | | ariance | | | | | Var | iance |
| | | | | | P | ositive | | | | | Pos | sitive |
| | | Budget | | Actual | (N | (egative) | | Budget | Actual | | (Negative) | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 420,976 | \$ | 416,794 | \$ | (4,182) | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ |
| Special assessments | т | - | - | - | _ | - | - | 426,675 | _ | 436,099 | - | 9,424 |
| Licenses and permits | | _ | | _ | | _ | | - | | - | | - |
| Intergovernmental | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Charges for services | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Fines and forfeitures | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Interest on investments | | 2,500 | | 26,337 | | 23,837 | | 4,925 | | 7,681 | | 2,756 |
| Loan repayment | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Other | | - | | - | | _ | | - | | - | | _ |
| Total revenues | | 423,476 | | 443,131 | | 19,655 | | 431,600 | | 443,780 | | 12,180 |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | | 606,000 | | 580,454 | | 25,546 | | 440,617 | | 440,367 | | 250 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | (182,524) | | (137,323) | | 45,201 | | (9,017) | | 3,413 | | 12,430 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Transfers out | | - | | - | | - | | (31,900) | | (31,900) | | - |
| Long-term debt issued | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Sale of capital assets | | | | | | - | | | | | | _ |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | | - | | | | (31,900) | | (31,900) | | |
| Revenues and other sources over | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$ | (182,524) | | (137,323) | \$ | 45,201 | \$ | (40,917) | | (28,487) | \$ | 12,430 |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | | | 839,424 | | | | | | 532,068 | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | | \$ | 702,101 | | | | | \$ | 503,581 | | |
| · | | | | | | | | | | | (co | ontinued) |

(continued)

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|--|--------|---------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Park Land | | Mui | nicipal Court Resti | tution | | | | | | |
| | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) | | | | | | |
| | | | (************************************* | | | (**** <u>g</u> ***) | | | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | | | | | |
| Special assessments | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Licenses and permits | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Interest on investments | 4,500 | 22,714 | 18,214 | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Loan repayment | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Other | | 177,287 | 177,287 | _ | | | | | | | | |
| Total revenues | 4,500 | 200,001 | 195,501 | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | 75,000 | 74,686 | 314 | | | <u>-</u> | | | | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (70,500) | 125,315 | 195,815 | | | | | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Transfers out | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Long-term debt issued | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | | - | | - | | | | | | |
| Revenues and other sources over | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$ (70,500) | 125,315 | \$ 195,815 | \$ - | - | \$ - | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | 716,986 | | | 105 | | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | \$ 842,301 | | | \$ 105 | | | | | | | |

| | Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|--|--|--|
| | | | Total | | | | | |
| | | | | | Variance | | | |
| | | | | | Positive | | | |
| | Budget | | Actual | | (Negative) | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 6,343,455 | \$ | 5,766,553 | \$ | (576,902) | | | |
| Special assessments | 575,743 | | 568,405 | | (7,338) | | | |
| Licenses and permits | 1,783,700 | | 1,988,450 | | 204,750 | | | |
| Intergovernmental | 1,960,764 | | 2,147,964 | | 187,200 | | | |
| Charges for services | 7,480,288 | | 8,002,837 | | 522,549 | | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | 124,500 | | 134,651 | | 10,151 | | | |
| Interest on investments | 383,578 | | 715,474 | | 331,896 | | | |
| Loan repayment | 60,775 | | 26,676 | | (34,099) | | | |
| Other | 935,476 | | 671,307 | | (264,169) | | | |
| Total revenues | 19,648,279 | | 20,022,317 | | 374,038 | | | |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | 22,303,174 | _ | 16,634,364 | | 5,668,810 | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (2,654,895) | | 3,387,953 | | 6,042,848 | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 322,635 | | 324,590 | | 1,955 | | | |
| Transfers out | (3,572,466) | | (3,379,484) | | 192,982 | | | |
| Long-term debt issued | - | | - | | - | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | | | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (3,249,831) | _ | (3,054,894) | | 194,937 | | | |
| Revenues and other sources over | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$ (5,904,726) | | 333,059 | \$ | 6,237,785 | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | | 29,095,352 | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | \$ | 29,428,411 | | | | | |
| | | | | | (continued) | | | |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA

SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

| | Debt Service Funds | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|------------|---------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | SID Revolving | | | G.O. Bonds | | | | | |
| | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) | Budget | Budget Actual | | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | ` | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 1,359,036 | \$ 1,361,056 | \$ 2,020 | | | | |
| Special assessments | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Charges for services | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Interest on investments | 26,500 | 72,143 | 45,643 | - | 1,089 | 1,089 | | | | |
| Loan repayment | 3,500 | 5,019 | 1,519 | - | - | - | | | | |
| Other | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total revenue | 30,000 | 77,162 | 47,162 | 1,359,036 | 1,362,145 | 3,109 | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other | 1,000 | 911 | 89 | _ | _ | - | | | | |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | - | - | _ | 895,000 | 895,000 | - | | | | |
| Interest and fiscal fees | - | - | - | 470,038 | 465,238 | 4,800 | | | | |
| Total expenditures | 1,000 | 911 | 89 | 1,365,038 | 1,360,238 | 4,800 | | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | 29,000 | 76,251 | 47,251 | (6,002) | 1,907 | 7,909 | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | _ | - | _ | - | - | | | | |
| Transfers out | (223,011) | _ | 223,011 | _ | _ | - | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (223,011) | - | 223,011 | | | | | | | |
| Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures | \$ (194,011) | 76,251 | \$ 270,262 | \$ (6,002) | 1,907 | \$ 7,909 | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | 3,423,681 | | | 87,848 | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | \$ 3,499,932 | | | \$ 89,755 | (continued) | | | | |

| | Debt Service Funds | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|-----------|--|------------|------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | TIF Bonds | | | SID Debt Service | | | | | | |
| | Budget | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) | | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | | | | |
| Special assessments | - | - | - | 579,974 | 518,352 | (61,622) | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Charges for services | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Interest on investments | - | - | - | 13,340 | 35,736 | 22,396 | | | | | |
| Loan repayment | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Other | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total revenue | | | | 593,314 | 554,088 | (39,226) | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | | | | | |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | 220,000 | 220,000 | _ | 276,000 | 234,500 | 41,500 | | | | | |
| Interest and fiscal fees | 203,923 | 203,923 | _ | 109,800 | 18,740 | 91,060 | | | | | |
| Total expenditures | 423,923 | 423,923 | | 385,800 | 253,240 | 132,560 | | | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (423,923) | (423,923) | | 207,514 | 300,848 | 93,334 | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 423,673 | 423,923 | 250 | - | _ | _ | | | | | |
| Transfers out | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 423,673 | 423,923 | 250 | - | | | | | | | |
| Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures | \$ (250) | - | \$ 250 | \$ 207,514 | 300,848 | \$ 93,334 | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | | | | 1,399,446 | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | \$ - | | | \$ 1,700,294 | (continued) | | | | | |

| | Debt Service Funds | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|-------|-----------|------------------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| | Total | | | | | | |
| | Budget | | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) | | | |
| REVENUES | | | _ | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 1,359,03 | 86 \$ | 1,361,056 | \$ | 2,020 | | |
| Special assessments | 579,97 | 4 | 518,352 | | (61,622) | | |
| Intergovernmental | | - | - | | - | | |
| Charges for services | | - | - | | - | | |
| Interest on investments | 39,84 | 10 | 108,968 | | 69,128 | | |
| Loan repayment | 3,50 | 00 | 5,019 | | 1,519 | | |
| Other | | | - | | - | | |
| Total revenue | 1,982,35 | 50 | 1,993,395 | | 11,045 | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | |
| Other | 1,00 | 00 | 911 | | 89 | | |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | |
| Principal | 1,391,00 | 00 | 1,349,500 | | 41,500 | | |
| Interest and fiscal fees | 783,76 | 51 | 687,901 | | 95,860 | | |
| Total expenditures | 2,175,76 | 51 | 2,038,312 | | 137,449 | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (193,41 | .1) | (44,917) | | 148,494 | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 423,67 | '3 | 423,923 | | 250 | | |
| Transfers out | (223,01 | 1) | - | | 223,011 | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 200,66 | 52 | 423,923 | | 223,261 | | |
| Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures | \$ 7,25 | 51 | 379,006 | \$ | 371,755 | | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | _ | 4,910,975 | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | \$ | 5,289,981 | | | | |
| | | | | | (continued) | | |

| | Permanent Fund | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|---------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | C | emetery Perpetual (| Care | | | | | | | |
| | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) | | | | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | 75,000 | 89,583 | 14,583 | | | | | | | |
| Interest on investments | 13,500 | 41,316 | 27,816 | | | | | | | |
| Total revenues | 88,500 | 130,899 | 42,399 | | | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | 88,500 | 130,899 | 42,399 | | | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures | \$ 88,500 | 130,899 | \$ 42,399 | | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | 1,311,442 | | | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | \$ 1,442,341 | | | | | | | | |

| | Permanent Fund | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|---------------|--------------------|------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | Cer | netery Perpetual C | Care | | | | | |
| | F | Budget Actual | | P | ariance ositive egative) | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | | | | |
| Charges for services | | 75,000 | 89,583 | | 14,583 | | | | |
| Interest on investments | | 13,500 | 41,316 | | 27,816 | | | | |
| Total revenues | | 88,500 | 130,899 | | 42,399 | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES - BUDGET UNIT | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | 88,500 | 130,899 | | 42,399 | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures | \$ | 88,500 | 130,899 | \$ | 42,399 | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | | | 1,311,442 | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | | | \$ 1,442,341 | | | | | | |



NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

<u>Parking Fund</u> – Accounts for the City's parking enforcement and facilities operations.

<u>Stormwater Fund</u> – Accounts for the City's stormwater management and mitigation operations.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

une 30, 2017

| | | Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds Parking Stormwater | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--|----|-----------|----|-------------|--|
| | | Fund | St | Fund | | Total | |
| ASSETS | - | 1 unu | | 1 unu | | 1 Otal | |
| Current assets | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 1,070,213 | \$ | 744,225 | \$ | 1,814,438 | |
| Receivables: | · | , , | · | , , | | ,- , | |
| Customers, net | | 112,877 | | 127,467 | | 240,344 | |
| Special assessments | | - | | 301 | | 301 | |
| Total current assets | | 1,183,090 | | 871,993 | | 2,055,083 | |
| Non-current assets | | | | | | | |
| Other assets: | | | | | | | |
| Notes receivable | | _ | | _ | | - | |
| Restricted cash and investments | | 443,641 | | 58,288 | | 501,929 | |
| Total other assets | | 443,641 | | 58,288 | | 501,929 | |
| Property, plant and equipment, net Nondepreciable: | | | | | | | |
| Land | | 303,436 | | - | | 303,436 | |
| Depreciable: | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 11,877,855 | | - | | 11,877,855 | |
| Other structures and improvements | | - | | - | | - | |
| Machinery and equipment | | 356,088 | | 231,631 | | 587,719 | |
| Vehicles | | 66,205 | | 181,940 | | 248,145 | |
| Infrastructure | | 47,058 | | 3,957,112 | | 4,004,170 | |
| Property under capital lease | | - | | 519,943 | | 519,943 | |
| Accumulated depreciation and amortization | | (4,395,486) | | (624,363) | | (5,019,849) | |
| Net property, plant and equipment | | 8,255,156 | | 4,266,263 | | 12,521,419 | |
| Total non current assets | | 8,698,797 | | 4,324,551 | | 13,023,348 | |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | | | | | | |
| Other post-employment benefits | | 2,683 | | 3,130 | | 5,813 | |
| Pension plan contributions | | 42,863 | | 59,881 | | 102,744 | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | | 45,546 | | 63,011 | | 108,557 | |
| Total assets | \$ | 9,927,433 | \$ | 5,259,555 | \$ | 15,186,988 | |
| | _ | | | <u></u> | | (continued) | |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) June 30, 2019

Business-type Activities

| | Enterprise Funds | | | | | |
|--|------------------|--------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | Parking | Stormwater | | | | |
| | Fund | Fund | Total | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ 40,135 | \$ 88,138 | \$ 128,273 | | | |
| Compensated absences payable | 14,356 | 20,512 | 34,868 | | | |
| Due to other city funds | - | - | - | | | |
| Capital lease obligations payable in one year | 45,514 | 80,779 | 126,293 | | | |
| Closure and post-closure care costs, current portion | - | - | - | | | |
| Bonds and leases payable in one year | | 78,000 | 78,000 | | | |
| Total current liabilities | 100,005 | 267,429 | 367,434 | | | |
| Noncurrent liabilities | | | | | | |
| Capital lease obligations | - | 55,935 | 55,935 | | | |
| Revenue bonds due after one year | - | 1,442,000 | 1,442,000 | | | |
| Other post-employment health benefits | 35,288 | 9,507 | 44,795 | | | |
| Appearance bond and other liabilities | - | 702 | 702 | | | |
| Net pension liability | 266,101 | 371,750 | 637,851 | | | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 301,389 | 1,879,894 | 2,181,283 | | | |
| Total liabilities | 401,394 | 2,147,323 | 2,548,717 | | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | | | |
| Other post-employment benefits | 13,446 | 7,828 | 21,274 | | | |
| Pension deferrals | 37,504 | 52,395 | 89,899 | | | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 50,950 | 60,223 | 111,173 | | | |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in capital assets | 8,209,642 | 2,609,549 | 10,819,191 | | | |
| Restricted for impact capital projects | - | - | - | | | |
| Restricted for parking capital projects | 130,316 | - | 130,316 | | | |
| Restricted for debt service | - | 58,288 | 58,288 | | | |
| Unrestricted | 1,135,131 | 384,172 | 1,519,303 | | | |
| Total net position | 9,475,089 | 3,052,009 | 12,527,098 | | | |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position | \$ 9,927,433 | \$ 5,259,555 | \$ 15,186,988 | | | |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

| Business-type | Activities |
|---------------|------------|
| | |

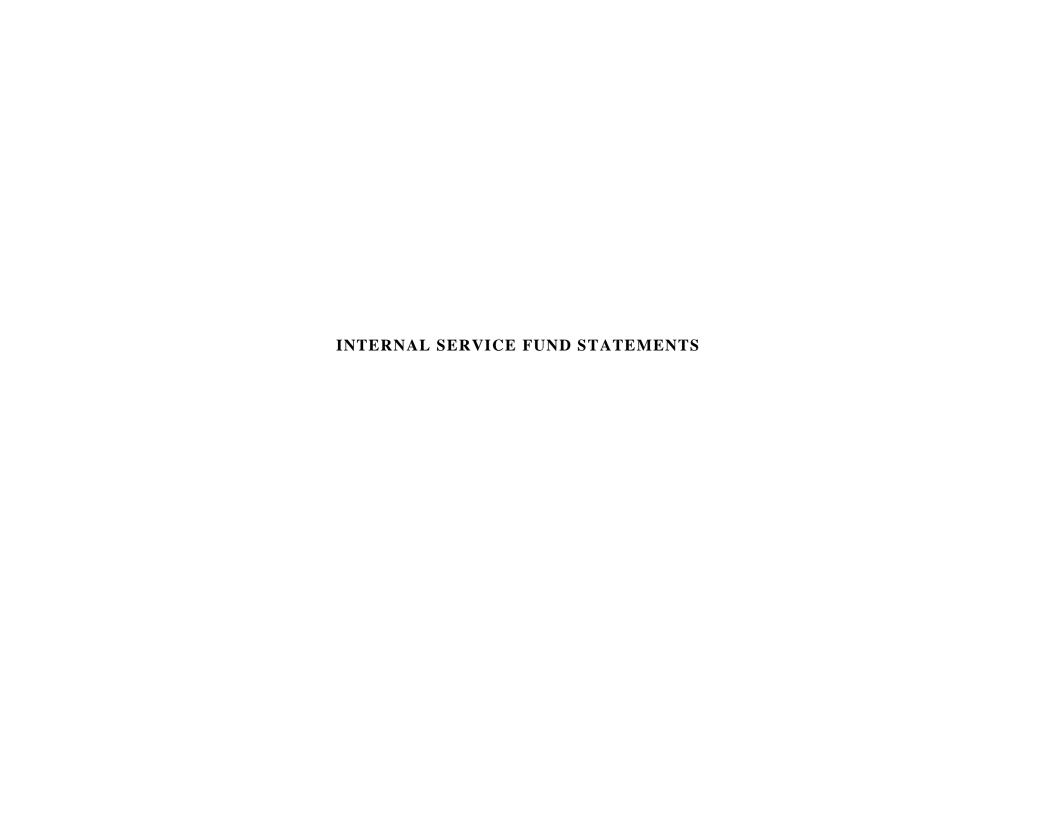
| | Enterprise Funds | | | | |
|--|------------------|----|------------|----|------------|
| | Parking | | Stormwater | | |
| | Fund | | Fund | | Totals |
| OPERATING REVENUES | \$ 958,504 | \$ | 1,349,678 | \$ | 2,308,182 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | |
| Salaries and benefits | 404,707 | | 536,381 | | 941,088 |
| Materials and supplies | 28,883 | | 19,966 | | 48,849 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 14,628 | | 11,267 | | 25,895 |
| Utilities | 31,259 | | 5,153 | | 36,412 |
| Administrative charges | | | 116,700 | | |
| | 69,978 | | | | 186,678 |
| Other expenses | 217,327 | | 54,326 | | 271,653 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 352,684 | | 139,927 | | 492,611 |
| Changes in estimated closure and post- | | | | | |
| closure care costs | 1 110 464 | | | | 2 002 106 |
| Total operating expenses | 1,119,466 | | 883,720 | | 2,003,186 |
| Operating income (loss) | (160,962 |) | 465,958 | | 304,996 |
| NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | | | | |
| Interest income | 42,409 | | 17,003 | | 59,412 |
| Interest expense | | | (40,562) | | (40,562) |
| Other income | 24,945 | | - | | 24,945 |
| Intergovernmental income | 4,674 | | 6,530 | | 11,204 |
| Gain (loss) on sale of assets | 1,350 | | , _ | | 1,350 |
| Total non-operating revenues (expenses) | 73,378 | | (17,029) | | 56,349 |
| Income (loss) before contributions and transfers | (87,584 |) | 448,929 | | 361,345 |
| Contributions of infrastructure - developers | | | 1,149,581 | | 1,149,581 |
| Transfers in | 150,000 | | 75,000 | | 225,000 |
| Transfers out | | | - | | - |
| Change in net position | 62,416 | | 1,673,510 | | 1,735,926 |
| NET POSITION, beginning of year | 9,411,032 | | 1,376,584 | | 10,787,616 |
| Restatement | 1,641 | | 1,915 | | 3,556 |
| NET POSITION, beginning of year, restated | 9,412,673 | | 1,378,499 | | 10,791,172 |
| NET POSITION, end of year | \$ 9,475,089 | \$ | 3,052,009 | \$ | 12,527,098 |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

| | Parking | S | tormwater | |
|--|-----------------|----|-----------|-----------------|
| | Fund | | Fund | Total |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Receipts from customers | \$ 959,411 | \$ | 1,345,105 | \$ 2,304,516 |
| Receipts from others | 24,945 | | - | 24,945 |
| Payments to suppliers | (335,581) | | (221,423) | (557,004) |
| Payments to employees | (373,951) | | (495,047) | (868,998) |
| Payments to internal service funds and administrative fees | (69,978) | | (116,700) | (186,678) |
| Net cash flows from operating activities | 204,846 | | 511,935 | 716,781 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Transfers in | 150,000 | | 75,000 | 225,000 |
| Receipts from grants and intergovernmental sources | 4,674 | | 6,530 | 11,204 |
| Net cash flows from non-capital financing activities | 154,674 | | 81,530 | 236,204 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED | | | | |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Acquisition of capital assets | (324,448) | | (365,930) | (690,378) |
| Principal paid on bonds, interfund loans, loans and leases | - | | (154,173) | (154,173) |
| Interest paid on bonds, interfund loans, loans and leases | _ | | (40,562) | (40,562) |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | 45,514 | | 303,570 | 349,084 |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment | 1,350 | | - | 1,350 |
| Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities | (277,584) | | (257,095) | (534,679) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Collections on notes | 9,442 | | _ | 9,442 |
| Interest on investments | 42,409 | | 17,003 | 59,412 |
| Net cash flows from investing activities | 51,851 | | 17,003 | 68,854 |
| | | | | |
| Net change in cash and investments | 133,787 | | 353,373 | 487,160 |
| Cash and investments, beginning of year | 1,380,067 | | 449,140 | 1,829,207 |
| Cash and investments, end of year | \$ 1,513,854 | \$ | 802,513 | \$ 2,316,367 |
| | | | | (continued) |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED)

| | Parking | | Stormwater | | |
|--|---------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------------|
| | | Fund | | Fund | Total |
| Cash and investments classified as: | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 1,070,213 | \$ | 744,225 | \$ 1,814,438 |
| Restricted cash and investments | | 443,641 | | 58,288 | 501,929 |
| Totals | \$ | 1,513,854 | \$ | 802,513 | \$ 2,316,367 |
| Noncash transactions: donated infrastructure | \$ | | \$ | 1,149,581 | \$ 1,149,581 |
| | | | | | |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS | | | | | |
| TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | | (160,962) | \$ | 465,958 | \$ 304,996 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating loss | | | | | |
| to net cash from operating activities: | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 352,684 | | 139,927 | 492,611 |
| Change in estimated closure costs | | - | | - | - |
| Other income | | 24,945 | | - | 24,945 |
| Change in assets and liabilities: | | | | | |
| (Increase) decrease in: | | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | | 907 | | (4,573) | (3,666) |
| Increase (decrease) in: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | (43,484) | | (130,711) | (174,195) |
| Accrued employee benefits payable | | 12,301 | | 1,489 | 13,790 |
| Net pension liabilities | | 18,455 | | 39,845 | 58,300 |
| Total adjustments | | 365,808 | | 45,977 | 411,785 |
| Net cash from operating activities | \$ | 204,846 | \$ | 511,935 | \$ 716,781 |



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Vehicle Maintenance Shop</u> – Accounts for the maintenance and repair of vehicles used in operation of City services.

<u>Medical Health Insurance</u> – Accounts for insurance premiums received from the various City departments and retirees, and the related costs of health and dental premiums paid to the City's insurance provider.

<u>Public Works Administration</u> – Accounts for the professional level management, engineering, and GIS technical support provided to other Public Works divisions, including water, wastewater, solid waste, stormwater, in addition to support provided to other City departments.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Vehicle Maintenance Shop | Medical Health Insurance | Public Works Administration | Total |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | |
| Cash and equivalents | \$ - | \$ 389,027 | \$ 633,288 | \$ 1,022,315 |
| Customer receivables, net | 1,836 | 30,651 | - | 32,487 |
| Prepaid expenses | | | - | |
| Total current assets | 1,836 | 419,678 | 633,288 | 1,054,802 |
| Property, plant, and equipment | | | | |
| Machinery and equipment | 179,994 | - | 279,837 | 459,831 |
| Vehicles | 85,283 | - | 112,073 | 197,356 |
| Buildings | 1,424,215 | - | 17,180 | 1,441,395 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | (670,701) | | (162,051) | (832,752) |
| Net property, plant, and equipment | 1,018,791 | | 247,039 | 1,265,830 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | | | |
| Other post-employment benefits | 2,907 | - | 8,161 | 11,068 |
| Pension plan contributions | 69,012 | - | 187,038 | 256,050 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 71,919 | - | 195,199 | 267,118 |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | \$ 1,092,546 | \$ 419,678 | \$ 1,075,526 | \$ 2,587,750 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 69,168 | \$ 399 | \$ 103,302 | \$ 172,869 |
| Compensated absences payable | 17,270 | - | 106,244 | 123,514 |
| Current portion of capital lease obligations | - | - | 6,023 | 6,023 |
| Due to other city funds | 136,567 | - | · = | 136,567 |
| Total current liabilities | 223,005 | 399 | 215,569 | 438,973 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | |
| Other post-employment health benefits | 31,802 | - | 105,751 | 137,553 |
| Capital lease obligations | - | - | 21,465 | 21,465 |
| Net pension liability | 409,778 | | 1,207,135 | 1,616,913 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 441,580 | - | 1,334,351 | 1,775,931 |
| Total liabilities | 664,585 | 399 | 1,549,920 | 2,214,904 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | |
| Other post-employment health benefits | 13,129 | - | 40,141 | 53,270 |
| Pension deferrals | 55,071 | - | 185,177 | 240,248 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 68,200 | | 225,318 | 293,518 |
| NET POSITION | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 1,018,791 | _ | 219,551 | 1,238,342 |
| Unrestricted | (659,030) | 419,279 | (919,263) | (1,159,014) |
| Total net position | 359,761 | 419,279 | (699,712) | 79,328 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position | \$ 1,092,546 | \$ 419,678 | \$ 1,075,526 | \$ 2,587,750 |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

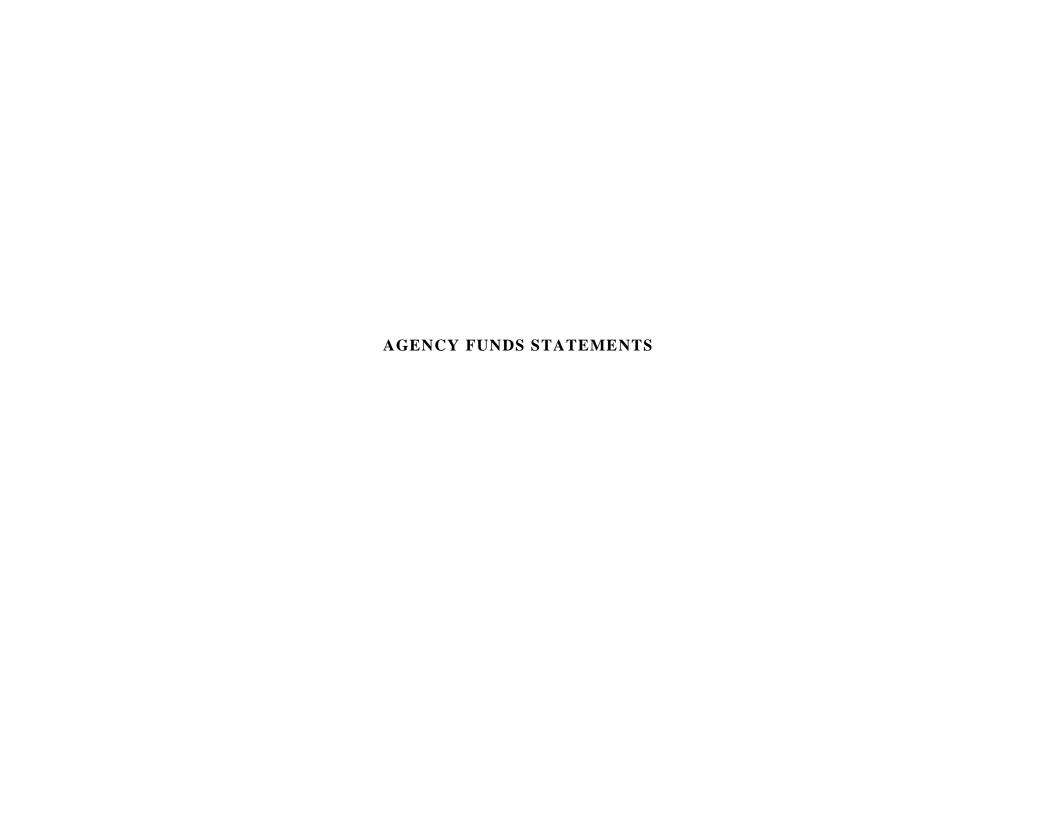
| | Vehicle Maintenance Shop | M edical Health Insurance | Public Works Administration | Total |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES | \$ 1,354,012 | \$ 4,945,714 | \$ 2,514,270 | \$ 8,813,996 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | |
| Salaries and benefits | 507,716 | - | 1,741,202 | 2,248,918 |
| Materials and supplies | 756,015 | - | 41,937 | 797,952 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 8,661 | - | 3,234 | 11,895 |
| Utilities | 24,656 | - | 3,371 | 28,027 |
| Administrative charges | 156,271 | - | 2,896 | 159,167 |
| Insurance claims | - | 4,857,152 | - | 4,857,152 |
| Other expenses | 36,539 | 92,088 | 365,640 | 494,267 |
| Depreciation | 56,743 | | 50,022 | 106,765 |
| Total operating expenses | 1,546,601 | 4,949,240 | 2,208,302 | 8,704,143 |
| Operating income (loss) | (192,589) | (3,526) | 305,968 | 109,853 |
| NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | | | |
| Interest income | - | 5,122 | 2,564 | 7,686 |
| Interest expense | (343) | - | (1,956) | (2,299) |
| Other income | 1,428 | 12,393 | 62 | 13,883 |
| Intergovernmental income | 6,557 | - | 23,193 | 29,750 |
| Gain (Loss) on sale of assets | (19) | - | 167,084 | 167,065 |
| Total non-operating revenue (expenses) | 7,623 | 17,515 | 190,947 | 216,085 |
| Income before transfers | (184,966) | 13,989 | 496,915 | 325,938 |
| Transfers in | | | | |
| Change in net position | (184,966) | 13,989 | 496,915 | 325,938 |
| NET POSITION, beginning of year | 542,950 | 405,290 | - | 948,240 |
| Restatement, other post-employement benefits and pension | 1,777 | | (1,196,627) | (1,194,850) |
| NET POSITION, beginning of year, restated | 544,727 | 405,290 | (1,196,627) | (246,610) |
| NET POSITION, end of year | \$ 359,761 | \$ 419,279 | \$ (699,712) | \$ 79,328 |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Vehicle Maintenance Shop | | Medical Health Insurance | | Health | | | Total |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|----|-------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATIONS | | | | | | | | |
| Receipts from customers | \$ | 1,352,267 | \$ | 4,926,172 | \$ | 2,514,270 | \$ | 8,792,709 |
| Receipts from others | | 7,985 | | 12,393 | | 23,255 | | 43,633 |
| Operating loans from other City funds | | 68,484 | | - | | - | | 68,484 |
| Payments to suppliers | | (768,170) | | (93,064) | | 894,394 | | 33,160 |
| Payments to employees | | (503,933) | | (4,857,152) | | (2,693,851) | | (8,054,936) |
| Payments to Internal Service Funds and administrative fees | | (156,271) | | <u> </u> | | (2,896) | | (159,167) |
| Net cash flows from operating activities | | 362 | | (11,651) | | 735,172 | | 723,883 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment | | - | | - | | (129,979) | | (129,979) |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | | (19) | | - | | - | | (19) |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | | - | | - | | 32,649 | | 32,649 |
| Principal paid on bonds, interfund loans, loans and leases | | - | | - | | (5,162) | | (5,162) |
| Interest paid on bonds, interfund loans, loans and leases | | (343) | | | | (1,956) | | (2,299) |
| Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities | | (362) | | | | (104,448) | | (104,810) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in | | | | | | | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Interest on investments | | _ | | 5,122 | | 2,564 | | 7,686 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | - | | (6,529) | | 633,288 | | 626,759 |
| CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year | | | | 395,556 | | | | 395,556 |
| CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, end of year | \$ | _ | \$ | 389,027 | \$ | 633,288 | \$ | 1,022,315 |
| | | | | | | | (| continued) |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

| | Vehicle Maintenance | | Medical Health | | | Public Works | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------|-------------------|----------|----------------|-----------------|-------|----------|
| | Shop | | Insurance | | Administration | | Total | |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO | | | | | | | | |
| NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | (192,589) | \$ | (3,526) | \$ | 305,968 | \$ | 109,853 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) | | | | | | | | |
| to net cash from operating activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 56,743 | | _ | | 50,022 | | 106,765 |
| Other income | | 7,985 | | 12,393 | | 23,255 | | 43,633 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| (Increase) decrease in: | | | | | | | | |
| Customer receivables | | (1,745) | | (19,542) | | - | | (21,287) |
| Increase (decrease) in: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | 25,871 | | (976) | | 103,302 | | 128,197 |
| Due to other city funds | | 68,484 | | - | | - | | 68,484 |
| Compensated absences payable | | (6,311) | | - | | 106,244 | | 99,933 |
| Other post-employment health benefits | | 10,094 | | - | | 137,731 | | 147,825 |
| Net pension | | 31,830 | | - | | 8,650 | | 40,480 |
| Total adjustments | | 192,951 | | (8,125) | | 429,204 | | 614,030 |
| Net cash from operating activities | \$ | 362 | \$ | (11,651) | \$ | 735,172 | \$ | 723,883 |



AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

<u>Municipal Court</u> – Accounts for monies held for appearance bonds and restitution related to criminal arrests and reimbursement for damage caused.

<u>CMC Bozeman Site Remediation Fund</u> – Accounts for pass-through monies provided by the State of Montana Department of Environmental Quality to Olive & Wallace, LLC, to reimburse the cost of work performed as part of the Voluntary Cleanup Plan of the CMC Asbestos Bozeman Facility.

<u>Tourism Business Improvement District</u> – Accounts for amounts collected from hotels on behalf of the District, a special-purpose government, whose purpose is to enhance the economic vitality of Bozeman by promoting tourism through sales and marketing strategies.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2019

| | Municipal Court | | CMC Bozeman Remedia | Site | Ві | ourism isiness | Total Agency Funds |
|---------------------------|--------------------|---------|---------------------------|------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Coun | Kenkulation | | Improvement | | rulius |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 506,142 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 506,142 |
| Customer receivables | | 2,524 | | - | | - | 2,524 |
| Special assessments | | | | | | 19,497 | 19,497 |
| Total assets | \$ | 508,666 | \$ | - | \$ | 19,497 | \$ 528,163 |
| | | | | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 508,666 | \$ | - | \$ | 19,497 | \$ 528,163 |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 508,666 | \$ | | \$ | 19,497 | \$ 528,163 |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – AGENCY FUNDS

| | Court | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|--------------|---------|------------|--|
| | Balance | | | | | |] | Balance | |
| | June 30, 2018 | | Additions | | | Deletions | Jun | e 30, 2019 | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 413,967 | \$ | 92,175 | \$ | - | \$ | 506,142 | |
| Customer receivables Interfund receivable | | 1,253 | | 1,271 | | - | | 2,524 | |
| Total assets | \$ | 415,220 | \$ | 93,446 | \$ | - | \$ | 508,666 | |
| 1 otal assets | φ | 413,220 | Ф. | 93,440 | φ | | Ф | 308,000 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 415,220 | \$ | 93,446 | \$ | | \$ | 508,666 | |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 415,220 | \$ | 93,446 | \$ | | \$ | 508,666 | |
| | | | | CMC B | 07.0 | | | | |
| | | | | Site Ren | | | | | |
| | | Balance | | Site Remediation | | | Balance | | |
| | June 30, 2018 | | Additions | | Deletions | | | e 30, 2019 | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | |
| Customer receivables | | - | | - | | | | - | |
| Total assets | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | |
| Total liabilities | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | _ | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Tourism Business Improvement District | | | | | | | | |
| | Balance | | A 44::: | | Dalation | | Balance | | |
| ASSETS | Jun | e 30, 2018 | | Additions | | Deletions | Jun | e 30, 2019 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 476,697 | \$ | | \$ | (476,697) | \$ | | |
| Special Assessments | Ψ | 9,541 | Ψ | 1,087,916 | Ψ | (1,077,960) | Ψ | 19,497 | |
| Total assets | \$ | 486,238 | \$ | 1,087,916 | \$ | (1,554,657) | \$ | 19,497 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | • | 10 (22) | Φ. | 1.007.01 | • | /1 == 1 <==` | Φ. | 10.40= | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 486,238 | \$ | 1,087,916 | \$ | (1,554,657) | \$ | 19,497 | |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 486,238 | \$ | 1,087,916 | \$ | (1,554,657) | \$ | 19,497 | |

PART III

STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Bozeman's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures ad required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

| Contents | Page |
|--|------|
| Financial Trends | |
| These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. | 185 |
| Revenue Capacity | |
| These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax. | 190 |
| Debt Capacity | |
| These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future. | 201 |
| Demographic and Economic Information | |
| These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place. | 210 |
| Operating Information | |
| These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs. | 212 |

Sources: Unless otherwise notes, the information in these schedules is derived from the City of Bozeman comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Past Ten Fiscal Years

| | Fiscal Years | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | 2010 | <u>2011</u> | <u>2012</u> | <u>2013</u> | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | 2018 | 2019 | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 84,113,904 | 88,844,404 | 88,500,437 | 89,081,484 | 89,267,076 | 93,409,850 | 104,342,191 | 115,696,956.00 | 137,058,945.00 | 155,191,911.00 | |
| Restricted | 8,082,181 | 20,962,038 | 20,797,365 | 27,255,029 | 35,621,803 | 41,755,126 | 42,829,320 | 41,583,992.00 | 36,522,195.00 | 21,202,050.00 | |
| Unrestricted | 25,076,908 | 16,049,044 | 15,470,543 | 11,521,053 | 12,127,224 | (5,137,642) | (3,923,466) | (4,839,467.00) | (5,514,909.00) | 4,799,426.00 | |
| Total governmental activities | \$ 117,272,993 | \$ 125,855,486 | \$ 124,768,345 | \$ 127,857,566 | \$ 137,016,103 | \$ 130,027,334 | \$ 143,248,045 | \$ 152,441,481 | \$ 168,066,231 | \$ 181,193,387 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 189,965,189 | 188,180,889 | 192,485,459 | 199,394,551 | 205,501,357 | 211,419,777 | 221,385,655 | 229,372,281.00 | 239,254,236.00 | 245,190,586.00 | |
| Restricted | 9,044,280 | 12,660,466 | 11,446,886 | 3,098,125 | 3,372,927 | 4,977,984 | 4,990,635 | 8,866,951.00 | 13,070,517.00 | 12,671,931.00 | |
| Unrestricted | 16,069,597 | 12,382,018 | 2,809,558 | 10,643,337 | 8,723,353 | 6,619,399 | 10,582,408 | 9,154,014.00 | 12,923,470.00 | 21,053,523.00 | |
| Total business-type activities | \$ 215,079,066 | \$ 213,223,373 | \$ 206,741,903 | \$ 213,136,013 | \$ 217,597,637 | \$ 223,017,160 | \$ 236,958,698 | \$ 247,393,246 | \$ 265,248,223 | \$ 278,916,040 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Primary government | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 274,079,093 | 277,025,293 | 280,985,896 | 288,476,035 | 294,768,433 | 304,829,627 | 325,727,846 | 345,069,237.00 | 376,313,181.00 | 400,382,497.00 | |
| Restricted | 17,126,461 | 33,622,504 | 32,244,251 | 30,353,154 | 38,994,730 | 46,733,110 | 47,819,955 | 50,450,943.00 | 49,592,712.00 | 33,873,981.00 | |
| Unrestricted | 41,146,505 | 28,431,062 | 18,280,101 | 22,164,390 | 20,850,577 | 1,481,757 | 6,658,942 | 4,314,547.00 | 7,408,561.00 | 25,852,949.00 | |
| Total primary government net position | \$ 332,352,059 | \$ 339,078,859 | \$ 331,510,248 | \$ 340,993,579 | \$ 354,613,740 | \$ 353,044,494 | \$ 380,206,743 | \$ 399,834,727 | \$ 433,314,454 | \$ 460,109,427 | |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Past Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

| | | | | | | Fiscal | Yea | ar | | | | |
|---|------------------|------|-------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | <u>2010</u> | | <u>2011</u> | <u>2012</u> | <u>2013</u> | <u>2014</u> | | <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | 6,299,831 | | 6,122,190 | 8,706,665 | 7,373,368 | 6,989,830 | | 7,417,644 | 8,058,925 | 9,415,702 | 9,896,366 | 10,310,075 |
| Public Safety | 12,382,157 | 1 | 2,859,702 | 13,215,680 | 14,340,301 | 15,297,088 | | 17,023,578 | 18,391,357 | 17,689,004 | 18,637,422 | 19,699,377 |
| Public Service | 9,703,594 | | 9,190,515 | 8,174,461 | 3,939,061 | 6,031,768 | | 6,458,930 | 6,861,939 | 7,857,917 | 8,615,272 | 9,850,802 |
| Public Welfare | 6,915,557 | | 7,500,727 | 7,249,008 | 6,518,822 | 7,417,158 | | 7,579,653 | 7,994,697 | 9,210,264 | 9,476,010 | 9,658,817 |
| Other | - | | - | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Interest and Fiscal Fees | 714,714 | | 679,652 | 636,478 | 433,766 | 179,280 | | 824,266 | 893,470 | 771,714 | 781,255 | 786,236 |
| Total Governmental Activities Expenses | \$ 36,015,853 | \$ 3 | 6,352,786 | \$ 37,982,292 | \$ 32,605,318 | \$ 35,915,124 | \$ | 39,304,071 | \$ 42,200,388 | \$ 44,944,601 | \$ 47,406,325 | \$ 50,305,307 |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water | 12,016,149 | 1 | 1,649,639 | 11,674,222 | 6,154,746 | 6,869,870 | | 7,995,910 | 9,273,395 | 9,740,629 | 9,832,508 | 9,984,114 |
| Waste Water | 9,143,077 | 1 | 0,128,397 | 10,203,165 | 6,121,663 | 8,955,592 | | 6,940,983 | 8,163,312 | 8,590,477 | 8,548,138 | 9,291,509 |
| Solid Waste | 2,561,124 | | 2,578,109 | 2,584,899 | 2,475,680 | 6,958,209 | | 3,308,441 | 4,570,884 | 4,262,650 | 4,535,865 | 4,739,710 |
| Non-Major Activities | 967,077 | | 991,712 | 990,229 | 852,561 | 966,454 | | 1,098,771 | 1,300,612 | 1,827,722 | 2,011,950 | 2,043,748 |
| Total Business-Type Activities Expenses | 24,687,427 | 2 | 5,347,857 | 25,452,515 | 15,604,650 | 23,750,125 | | 19,344,105 | 23,308,203 | 24,421,478 | 24,928,461 | 26,059,081 |
| Total Primary Government Expenses | 60,703,280 | 6 | 1,700,643 | 63,434,807 | 48,209,968 | 59,665,249 | | 58,648,176 | 65,508,591 | 69,366,079 | 72,334,786 | 76,364,388 |
| Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Charges for Services: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | 2,774,869 | | 2,870,443 | 1,949,125 | 1,966,966 | 2,453,015 | | 1,947,445 | 2,530,474 | 2,683,016 | 3,139,427 | 3,777,184 |
| Public Safety | 2,414,893 | | 2,684,724 | 2,638,811 | 3,219,231 | 3,290,573 | | 3,211,911 | 3,347,859 | 3,175,257 | 2,234,994 | 4,158,560 |
| Public Service | 3,742,856 | | 4,454,492 | 4,983,420 | 6,655,604 | 7,623,178 | | 8,784,447 | 9,310,147 | 10,342,921 | 15,531,304 | 12,189,258 |
| Public Welfare | 399,280 | | 451,960 | 1,102,896 | 1,593,212 | 613,322 | | 1,097,845 | 1,213,526 | 1,414,394 | 1,593,025 | 1,724,864 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | 693,342 | | 1,114,835 | 566,586 | 406,239 | 457,354 | | 2,254,052 | 2,494,244 | 2,715,986 | 3,021,400 | 5,419,871 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | 5,307,118 | | 7,867,093 | 635,758 | 844,935 | 4,762,416 | | 2,960,051 | 5,018,559 | 2,667,352 | 7,651,008 | 6,593,221 |
| Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues | \$ 15,332,358 | \$ 1 | 9,443,547 | \$ 11,876,596 | \$ 14,686,187 | \$ 19,199,858 | \$ | 20,255,751 | \$ 23,914,809 | \$ 22,998,926 | \$ 33,171,158 | \$ 33,862,958 |
| Business-Type Activities Charges for Services: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water | 6,986,247 | | 7,064,571 | 7,921,483 | 9,585,939 | 9,842,699 | | 9,969,058 | 11,935,016 | 11,166,944 | 12,915,454 | 11,438,495 |
| Waste Water | 6,505,119 | | 6,930,036 | 7,488,473 | 8,560,438 | 8,852,738 | | 9,008,247 | 9,283,600 | 9,668,524 | 10,686,506 | 10,445,185 |
| Solid Waste | 2,716,981 | | 2,569,607 | 2,570,644 | 2,532,676 | 2,725,465 | | 2,953,414 | 2,617,243 | 3,613,721 | 3,926,123 | 4,228,099 |
| Non-Major Activities | 326,820 | | 417,114 | 382,968 | 644,672 | 872,325 | | 891,379 | 3,207,605 | 2,172,399 | 2,282,839 | 2,308,182 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | - | | - | - | - | 9,596 | | 123,439 | 134,946 | 169,509 | 134,523 | 83,264 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions: | 3,621,051 | | 6,589,612 | 566,138 | 156,123 | 5,898,923 | | 6,385,418 | 11,287,654 | 7,774,707 | 9,944,719 | 8,324,760 |
| Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues | 20,156,218 | 2 | 3,570,940 | 18,929,706 | 21,479,848 | 28,201,746 | | 29,330,955 | 38,466,064 | 34,565,804 | 39,890,164 | 36,827,985 |
| Total Primary Government Program Revenues | 35,488,576 | 4 | 3,014,487 | 30,806,302 | 36,166,035 | 47,401,604 | | 49,586,706 | 62,380,873 | 57,564,730 | 73,061,322 | 70,690,943 |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Past Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

| | | | | | Fiscal Ye | ear | | | | |
|--|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| | 2010 | <u>2011</u> | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | 2018 | 2019 |
| Net (Expense) / Revenue | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities | (20,683,495) | (16,909,239) | (26,105,696) | (17,919,131) | (16,715,266) | (19,048,320) | (18,285,579) | (21,945,675) | (14,235,167) | (16,442,349) |
| Business-Type Activities | (4,531,209) | (1,776,917) | (6,522,809) | 5,875,198 | 4,060,921 | 9,986,850 | 15,157,861 | 10,144,326 | 14,961,703 | 10,768,904 |
| Total Primary Government Net Expense | \$ (25,214,704) | \$ (18,686,156) \$ | (32,628,505) \$ | (12,043,933) \$ | (12,654,345) \$ | (9,061,470) \$ | (3,127,718) \$ | (11,801,349) | \$ 726,536 | \$ (5,673,445) |
| General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position | on | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | 15,501,316 | 16,342,053 | 15,716,055 | 16,429,959 | 17,561,022 | 20,203,718 | 21,234,288 | 21,708,812 | 22,532,724 | 23,823,994 |
| Unrestricted Grants and Contributions | 6,284,467 | 6,782,383 | 6,898,717 | 6,342,884 | 7,436,419 | 7,699,711 | 7,992,180 | 8,372,625 | 6,171,297 | 4,658,177 |
| Investment Earnings | 352,378 | 301,424 | 283,090 | 243,744 | 355,790 | 403,152 | 519,637 | 554,870 | 64,058 | 1,490,286 |
| Miscellaneous | 2,256,071 | 1,556,790 | 155,484 | - | 293,884 | 374,966 | 418,215 | 1,317,137 | 2,320,536 | 1,009,437 |
| Sale of Capital Assets | 761,952 | (8,168) | 4,414 | 1,765 | 236,688 | - | 123,934 | (71,335) | 28,861 | 167,291 |
| Transfers of Capital Assets | - | - | (2,088) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Transfers | 521,863 | 517,250 | (37,136) | (10,000) | (10,000) | (410,016) | 1,218,036 | (742,999) | (758,084) | (475,000) |
| Extraordinary Items | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ 25,678,047 | \$ 25,491,732 \$ | 23,018,536 \$ | 23,008,352 \$ | 25,873,803 \$ | 28,271,531 \$ | 31,506,290 \$ | 31,139,110 | \$ 30,359,392 | \$ 30,674,185 |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted Grants and Contributions | 342,653 | 438,475 | 2,115 | 508,912 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Investment Earnings | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 304,231 | 3,389 | 1,010,849 |
| Transfers of Capital Assets | - | - | 2,088 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,256,284 | 2,529,824 | 362,631 |
| ARRA Debt Forgiveness | - | - | - | - | 390,700 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Loss on sale of assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (2,013,292) | 10,005 | (172,428) |
| Transfers | (521,863) | (517,251) | 37,136 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 380,347 | (1,218,036) | 742,999 | 758,084 | 475,000 |
| Total Business-Type Activities | (179,210) | (78,776) | 41,339 | 518,912 | 400,700 | 380,347 | (1,218,036) | 290,222 | 3,301,302 | 1,676,052 |
| Total Primary Government | 25,498,837 | 25,412,956 | 23,059,875 | 23,527,264 | 26,274,503 | 28,651,878 | 30,288,254 | 31,429,332 | 33,660,694 | 32,350,237 |
| Restatement of Beginning Net Position | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (1,104,680) |
| Business-Type Activities | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,222,861 |
| Total Primary Government | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 118,181 |
| Change in Net Position | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities | 4,994,552 | 8,582,493 | (3,087,160) | 5,089,221 | 9,158,537 | 9,223,211 | 13,220,711 | 9,193,435 | 16,124,225 | 13,127,156 |
| Business-Type Activities | (4,710,419) | (1,855,693) | (6,481,470) | 6,394,110 | 4,461,621 | 10,367,197 | 13,939,825 | 10,434,548 | 18,263,005 | 13,667,817 |
| Total Primary Government | \$ 284,133 | \$ 6,726,800 \$ | (9,568,630) \$ | 11,483,331 \$ | 13,620,158 \$ | 19,590,408 \$ | 27,160,536 \$ | 19,627,983 | \$ 34,387,230 | \$ 26,794,973 |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENT FUNDS

Past Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

| _ | | | | | Fiscal | l Year | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| • | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2012</u> | <u>2013</u> | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> |
| General Fund | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserved | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Unreserved | 5,119,400 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonspendable | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Restricted | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Committed | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Assigned | - | 5,991,388 | 7,062,964 | 7,327,375 | 6,420,760 | 6,061,965 | 5,541,841 | 6,402,882 | 7,739,020 | 7,739,582 |
| Unassigned | - | 905,862 | 264,091 | - | 193,534 | - | 979,258 | 87,274 | (274,252) | |
| Total general fund | 5,119,400 | 6,897,250 | 7,327,055 | 7,327,375 | 6,614,294 | 6,061,965 | 6,521,099 | 6,490,156 | 7,464,768 | 7,739,582 |
| All Other Governmental | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserved | 6,597,569 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Unreserved, reported in: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Special revenue funds | 14,916,152 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Capital projects funds | 1,793,287 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Debt service funds | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonspendable | - | 999,464 | 1,113,484 | 1,193,530 | 1,269,557 | 2,061,790 | 1,426,575 | 1,533,338 | 1,623,816 | 1,735,591 |
| Restricted | - | 19,962,574 | 19,683,881 | 26,061,499 | 19,927,526 | 12,546,935 | 39,856,356 | 38,938,127 | 34,403,744 | 23,129,241 |
| Committed | - | 3,278,422 | 3,463,714 | 851,322 | 3,075,505 | 3,088,936 | 3,528,263 | 3,901,694 | 3,856,238 | 4,279,091 |
| Assigned | - | 58,419 | - | - | 229,602 | - | 7,425,398 | 7,259,749 | 1,868,485 | 1,293,436 |
| Unassigned | - | - | (51,586) | 456,669 | (184,101) | (97,173) | 914,535 | 107,103 | (42,648) | 8,731,534 |
| Total all other governmental funds | \$ 23,307,008 | \$ 24,298,879 | \$ 24,209,493 | \$ 28,563,020 | \$ 24,318,089 | \$ 17,600,488 | \$ 53,151,127 | \$ 51,740,011 | \$ 41,709,635 | \$ 39,168,893 |

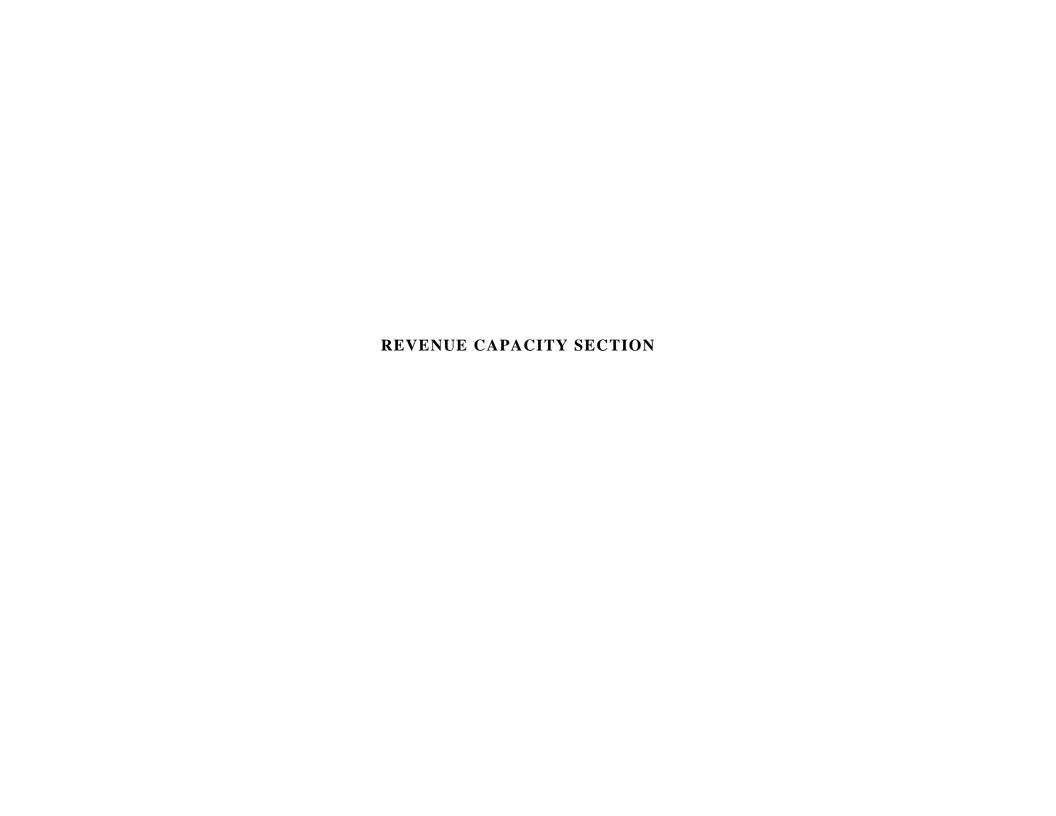
Note: The City of Bozeman implemented the new standards for reporting fund balance GASB Statement 54 in fiscal year 2011.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENT FUNDS

Past Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|
| | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2012</u> | <u>2013</u> | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> | 2019 |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 15,055,844 | \$ 16,634,924 \$ | 16,057,318 | \$ 16,540,972 | \$ 17,385,371 | \$ 20,404,236 \$ | 21,303,074 | \$ 21,682,667 \$ | 22,553,972 \$ | 23,788,018 |
| Special assessments | 1,643,500 | 1,866,272 | 1,898,007 | 1,752,615 | 2,011,944 | 1,578,855 | 1,265,954 | 1,163,275 | 1,137,103 | 1,116,925 |
| Licenses and permits | 958,590 | 1,308,378 | 1,214,705 | 1,629,744 | 1,784,282 | 1,827,842 | 2,112,090 | 2,092,673 | 2,541,727 | 2,392,081 |
| Intergovernmental | 7,900,176 | 8,299,803 | 7,697,637 | 7,586,007 | 8,208,770 | 8,562,937 | 8,920,424 | 8,956,044 | 9,419,104 | 10,488,662 |
| Charges for service | 5,790,382 | 6,629,507 | 6,891,594 | 8,806,969 | 9,656,123 | 10,629,791 | 12,283,683 | 13,743,830 | 17,885,529 | 16,987,622 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 1,518,481 | 1,441,383 | 1,364,617 | 1,394,652 | 1,411,162 | 1,305,166 | 1,253,705 | 1,256,525 | 1,240,154 | 1,234,324 |
| Interest on investments | 352,378 | 300,516 | 281,239 | 239,778 | 329,086 | 370,305 | 479,699 | 520,690 | 34,709 | 1,439,743 |
| Loan repayment | 10,401 | 193,302 | 306,385 | 157,069 | 63,980 | 94,989 | 38,552 | 31,837 | 25,827 | 31,695 |
| Other | 2,256,071 | 1,556,790 | 155,484 | 394,677 | 287,089 | 363,274 | 415,646 | 1,307,668 | 2,313,097 | 995,553 |
| Total revenues | 35,485,823 | 38,230,875 | 35,866,986 | 38,502,483 | 41,137,807 | 45,137,395 | 48,072,827 | 50,755,209 | 57,151,222 | 58,474,623 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | 5,690,488 | 5,939,771 | 6,266,566 | 7,276,839 | 6,138,575 | 6,594,474 | 7,318,539 | 7,643,886 | 8,268,285 | 8,782,078 |
| Public safety | 11,709,170 | 12,137,616 | 12,513,270 | 13,822,691 | 14,637,886 | 15,086,695 | 16,485,549 | 16,812,131 | 17,602,966 | 18,005,944 |
| Public service | 2,702,510 | 3,002,021 | 2,738,066 | 2,805,612 | 3,498,770 | 3,786,283 | 3,840,405 | 4,422,771 | 4,955,559 | 5,774,783 |
| Public welfare | 4,916,828 | 6,435,916 | 6,184,073 | 6,216,387 | 6,678,347 | 7,366,955 | 7,245,425 | 7,654,059 | 7,975,354 | 8,339,885 |
| Other | - | - | - | 15,776 | 1,046,712 | 1,113,340 | 418,431 | 506,169 | 655,532 | 728,642 |
| Capital outlay | 4,248,758 | 3,299,017 | 3,881,388 | 2,782,435 | 8,053,456 | 9,905,333 | 9,337,470 | 12,468,020 | 18,420,501 | 19,106,110 |
| Debt service | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | 1,194,819 | 1,611,087 | 3,235,664 | 1,826,126 | 1,482,142 | 1,121,593 | 1,345,250 | 1,422,555 | 1,500,687 | 1,635,369 |
| Interest & Fiscal Fees | 715,150 | 680,088 | 666,082 | 445,736 | 380,950 | 824,266 | 893,470 | 771,714 | 718,597 | 786,238 |
| Total expenditures | 31,177,723 | 33,105,516 | 35,485,109 | 35,191,602 | 41,916,838 | 45,798,939 | 46,884,539 | 51,701,305 | 60,097,481 | 63,159,049 |
| Excess of revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | 4,308,100 | 5,125,359 | 381,877 | 3,310,881 | (779,031) | (661,544) | 1,188,288 | (946,096) | (2,946,259) | (4,684,426) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from borrowing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Transfers in | 10,857,332 | 6,985,734 | 3,482,550 | 4,291,417 | 3,103,787 | 4,816,671 | 6,483,413 | 3,950,059 | 4,394,277 | 4,202,825 |
| Transfers out | (11,033,925) | (7,255,505) | (3,821,010) | (4,454,505) | (3,113,787) | (5,197,018) | (5,496,492) | (4,693,058) | (5,152,361) | (4,677,825) |
| Issuance of debt | 890,000 | - | 3,357,798 | 1,203,279 | 10,012,647 | 5,619,361 | 47,406 | 234,702 | 1,103,586 | 2,859,598 |
| Premium on Bonds Issued | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Payments to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent | - | - | (3,120,000) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sales of capital assets | 766,922 | 10,555 | 59,204 | 2,775 | 243,092 | 64,855 | 227,984 | 43,277 | 35,144 | 33,898 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 1,480,329 | (259,216) | (41,458) | 1,042,966 | 10,245,739 | 5,303,869 | 1,262,311 | (465,020) | 380,646 | 2,418,496 |
| Extraordinary items | | - | _ | - | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ 5,788,429 | \$ 4,866,143 \$ | 340,419 | \$ 4,353,847 | \$ 9,466,708 | \$ 4,642,325 \$ | 2,450,599 | \$ (1,411,116) \$ | (2,565,613) \$ | (2,265,930) |
| Debt service as a percentage of | | | | | | | | | | |
| noncapital expenditures | 7.1% | 7.7% | 12.3% | 7.0% | 5.5% | 5.4% | 6.0% | 5.6% | 5.3% | 5.5% |



CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Past Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | Residential Property | ommercial & astrial Property | Other <u>Property</u> | Total Taxable Assessed Value ** | Total Direct Tax <u>Rate</u> | Total Market <u>Value</u> * | Assessed Taxable Value ** as a Percentage of Total Market Value |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| 2010 | \$ 43,842,400 | \$ 29,750,200 | \$ 4,697,400 | \$ 78,290,000 | 170.19 | \$ 2,655,766,251 | 2.948% |
| 2011 | 45,023,440 | 30,551,620 | 4,823,940 | 80,399,000 | 168.75 | 2,827,548,097 | 2.843% |
| 2012 | 45,954,720 | 31,183,560 | 4,923,720 | 82,062,000 | 166.75 | 2,994,740,226 | 2.740% |
| 2013 | 46,606,560 | 31,625,880 | 4,993,560 | 83,226,000 | 166.75 | 3,176,282,865 | 2.620% |
| 2014 | 47,956,720 | 32,542,060 | 5,138,220 | 85,637,000 | 173.08 | 3,386,295,608 | 2.529% |
| 2015 | 50,978,520 | 31,641,840 | 5,273,640 | 87,894,000 | 188.76 | 3,598,269,877 | 2.443% |
| 2016 | 50,899,738 | 29,864,642 | 5,799,800 | 86,564,180 | 210.16 | 5,698,588,679 | 1.519% |
| 2017 | 52,777,954 | 30,966,657 | 6,013,815 | 89,758,426 | 205.30 | 5,870,738,906 | 1.529% |
| 2018 | 56,952,419 | 37,199,199 | 7,043,156 | 101,194,775 | 187.33 | 6,745,351,312 | 1.500% |
| 2019 | 58,712,093 | 38,348,553 | 7,260,771 | 104,321,416 | 191.24 | 6,981,943,409 | 1.494% |

Source: Based on information provided by Gallatin County and Montana Department of Revenue.

Note: Property in Gallatin County is reassessed by the State Department of Revenue every two years.

^{*} Sales price of property is not public record in the State of Montana, so the Total Market Value was used instead.

^{**} Includes tax-exempt property.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA CITY TAXABLE MARKET AND TAXABLE VALUES Past Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | Taxable <u>Market Value</u> | Full <u>Taxable Value</u> | Incremental Value for All Tax Increment Districts | Net Taxable Value (excludes Tax Increment Districts Incremental Values) | Taxable Value for Open Space Purposes |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|---|
| 2010 | 2,655,766,251 | 80,850,582 | 2,560,601 | 78,289,981 | n/a * |
| 2011 | 2,827,058,097 | 83,309,165 | 2,910,650 | 80,398,515 | n/a * |
| 2012 | 2,994,740,226 | 85,345,227 | 3,282,766 | 82,062,461 | n/a * |
| 2013 | 3,176,282,865 | 86,934,533 | 3,708,138 | 83,226,395 | n/a * |
| 2014 | 3,386,295,608 | 89,650,917 | 4,013,561 | 85,637,356 | 85,615,328 |
| 2015 | 3,598,269,877 | 92,081,322 | 4,186,781 | 87,894,541 | 90,735,030 |
| 2016 | 5,698,588,679 | 90,787,797 | 4,223,617 | 86,564,180 | 91,973,923 |
| 2017 | 5,870,738,906 | 94,102,761 | 4,344,335 | 89,758,426 | 93,212,816 |
| 2018 | 6,745,351,312 | 106,224,806 | 5,030,031 | 101,194,775 | 105,727,520 |
| 2019 | 6,981,943,409 | 109,713,782 | 5,392,366 | 104,321,416 | 191,152,592 |

Source: Based on information provided by Gallatin County and Montana Department of Revenue.

Note: Property is assessed by the State Department of Revenue every two years.

^{*} No certified value available, first certification available for FY2014.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT TAXABLE VALUATION DETAIL Past Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal | BOZ | BOZEMAN DOWNTOWN | | | URBAN RENEWA | AL DISTRICT | BOZEMAN MIDTOWN* | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Year Ended <u>June 30,</u> | Base <u>Taxable</u> | Incremental Taxable | Total <u>Taxable</u> | Base <u>Taxable</u> | Incremental <u>Taxable</u> | Total <u>Taxable</u> | Base <u>Taxable</u> | Incremental <u>Taxable</u> | Total <u>Taxable</u> |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | 1,328,695 | 1,947,249 | 3,275,944 | 423,054 | 104,987 | 528,041 | 2,886,997 | 450,625 | 3,337,622 |
| 2011 | 1,328,695 | 2,060,807 | 3,389,502 | 423,054 | 135,162 | 558,216 | 2,886,997 | 664,127 | 3,551,124 |
| 2012 | 1,328,695 | 2,251,286 | 3,579,981 | 423,054 | 133,197 | 556,251 | 2,886,997 | 840,137 | 3,727,134 |
| 2013 | 1,328,695 | 2,396,293 | 3,724,988 | 423,054 | 150,217 | 573,271 | 2,886,997 | 1,084,216 | 3,971,213 |
| 2014 | 1,328,695 | 2,586,963 | 3,915,658 | 423,054 | 172,608 | 595,662 | 2,886,997 | 1,193,297 | 4,080,294 |
| 2015 | 1,328,695 | 2,718,220 | 4,046,915 | 423,054 | 190,579 | 613,633 | 2,886,997 | 1,225,604 | 4,112,601 |
| 2016 | 1,328,695 | 2,898,551 | 4,227,246 | 423,054 | 214,470 | 637,524 | 2,886,997 | 1,055,385 | 3,942,382 |
| 2017 | 1,328,695 | 3,068,902 | 4,397,597 | 423,054 | 193,281 | 616,335 | 3,473,127 | 1,003,546 | 4,476,673 |
| 2018 | 1,328,695 | 3,769,917 | 5,098,612 | 423,054 | 223,765 | 646,819 | 3,507,723 | 948,746 | 4,456,469 |
| 2019 | 1,328,695 | 4,159,996 | 5,488,691 | 423,054 | 229,047 | 652,101 | 3,507,723 | 982,574 | 4,490,297 |
| | NODEKI D | | | 200 | | 0.077 | | mom. v | |
| Fiscal | NORTH P. | ARK URBAN REI | NEWAL** | BOZE | EMAN TECHNOL | OGY | | TOTAL | |
| Year | D | T., 1 | T 1 | D | T | Tr. 4 - 1 | D | T., 1 | T-4-1 |
| Ended | Base | Incremental | Total | Base | Incremental | Total | Base | Incremental | Total |
| <u>June 30,</u> | <u>Taxable</u> | <u>Taxable</u> | <u>Taxable</u> | <u>Taxable</u> | <u>Taxable</u> | <u>Taxable</u> | <u>Taxable</u> | <u>Taxable</u> | <u>Taxable</u> |
| 2010 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4,638,746 | 2,502,861 | 7,141,607 |
| 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4,638,746 | 2,860,096 | 7,498,842 |
| 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4,638,746 | 3,224,620 | 7,863,366 |
| 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4,638,746 | 3,630,726 | 8,269,472 |
| 2014 | - | - | - | 417 | - | 417 | 4,639,163 | 3,952,868 | 8,592,031 |
| 2015 | - | - | - | 417 | 3 | 420 | 4,639,163 | 4,134,406 | 8,773,569 |
| 2016 | - | - | - | 417 | - | 417 | 4,639,163 | 4,168,406 | 8,807,569 |
| 2017 | - | - | - | 417 | - | 283 | 5,225,293 | 4,265,729 | 9,491,022 |
| 2018 | - | - | - | 417 | - | 305 | 5,259,889 | 4,942,428 | 10,202,317 |
| 2019 | 244,332 | 20,749 | 265,081 | 417 | - | 305 | 5,504,221 | 5,392,366 | 10,896,587 |

Source: Based on information provided by Gallatin County and Montana Department of Revenue.

Note: Property is assessed by the State Department of Revenue every two years.

^{*}Previously North 7th Corridor.

^{*}New district created in FY19.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA DOWNTOWN BOZEMAN IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT & COMPARISON TO CITY TAXABLE VALUE

Past Ten Fiscal Years

| | Downtov | wn Bozeman Improvement | District | | |
|-----------------|----------------|------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Fiscal | Taxable | | | City Taxable Value | The District's |
| Year | Market Value | Taxable Value of | Incremental | (Excluding ALL tax | Incremental Taxable |
| Ended | of Property in | Property in the | Taxable | increment district | Value as Percentage of |
| <u>June 30,</u> | the District | <u>District</u> | <u>Value</u> | valuations) | City's Taxable Value |
| 2010 | 110 105 2 0 | 2.255.044 | 1.045.040 | 7 0. 2 00.001 | 2.400/ |
| 2010 | 110,487,369 | 3,275,944 | 1,947,249 | 78,289,981 | 2.49% |
| 2011 | 119,431,550 | 3,389,502 | 2,060,807 | 80,398,515 | 2.56% |
| 2012 | 129,285,686 | 3,579,981 | 2,251,286 | 82,062,461 | 2.74% |
| 2013 | 142,099,662 | 3,724,988 | 2,396,293 | 83,226,395 | 2.88% |
| 2014 | 153,063,721 | 3,915,658 | 2,586,963 | 85,367,356 | 3.03% |
| 2015 | 190,128,511 | 4,046,915 | 2,718,220 | 87,894,541 | 3.09% |
| 2016 | 259,138,001 | 4,227,246 | 2,898,551 | 86,564,180 | 3.35% |
| 2017 | 265,793,431 | 4,397,597 | 3,068,902 | 89,758,426 | 3.42% |
| 2018 | 297,005,720 | 5,098,612 | 3,769,917 | 101,194,775 | 3.73% |
| 2019 | 319,728,707 | 5,488,691 | 4,159,996 | 104,321,416 | 3.99% |

Source: Based on information provided by Gallatin County and Montana Department of Revenue.

Note: Property is assessed by the State Department of Revenue every two years.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES IN THE DOWNTOWN BOZEMAN IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT Past Ten Fiscal Years

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Taxing Entity | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| Statewide School Equalization | 40.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 |
| Gallatin County Operating and Bond | 85.19 | 89.94 | 88.69 | 87.40 | 88.38 | 89.55 | 99.77 | 100.41 | 91.23 | 98.87 |
| Open Space Bond | 5.81 | 6.14 | 5.99 | 4.89 | 4.90 | 4.95 | 5.03 | 5.85 | 5.13 | 4.69 |
| County-Wide School | 94.02 | 95.74 | 95.61 | 96.47 | 101.28 | 99.94 | 106.85 | 105.39 | 99.67 | 102.44 |
| Bozeman High School District | 69.05 | 75.34 | 73.48 | 71.81 | 73.16 | 72.97 | 76.76 | 77.25 | 73.10 | 108.95 |
| Bozeman Elementary School District | 130.49 | 121.55 | 123.38 | 131.45 | 145.25 | 143.70 | 151.15 | 154.81 | 146.92 | 142.63 |
| City of Bozeman | 170.19 | 168.75 | 166.75 | 166.75 | 173.08 | 188.76 | 210.16 | 205.30 | 187.33 | 191.24 |
| TOTAL | 594.75 | 597.46 | 593.90 | 598.77 | 626.05 | 639.87 | 689.72 | 689.01 | 643.38 | 688.82 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Exempt from Tax Increment | | | | | | | | | | |
| University Millage | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 |
| Gallatin Conservation District | 1.01 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 0.98 | 0.97 | 0.95 | 1.05 | 1.01 | 0.89 | 0.91 |
| County-Wide Planning | 2.50 | 2.40 | 2.40 | 2.39 | 2.39 | 2.35 | 2.39 | 2.39 | 2.48 | 2.50 |

Source: Based on information provided by Gallatin County and Montana Department of Revenue.

Note: Property is assessed by the State Department of Revenue every six years and beginning in 2017 every two years.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

Past Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | Basic <u>Rate</u> | General Obligation Debt <u>Service</u> | Total Direct Tax <u>Rate</u> | Bozeman School <u>District</u> | Gallatin <u>County</u> | State of Montana |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| 2010 | 160.18 | 10.01 | 170.19 | 199.54 | 210.25 | 46.00 |
| 2011 | 158.96 | 9.79 | 168.75 | 196.89 | 217.21 | 46.00 |
| 2012 | 157.19 | 9.56 | 166.75 | 196.86 | 215.77 | 46.00 |
| 2013 | 158.38 | 8.37 | 166.75 | 203.26 | 215.10 | 46.00 |
| 2014 | 164.83 | 8.25 | 173.08 | 218.41 | 221.00 | 46.00 |
| 2015 | 177.52 | 11.24 | 188.76 | 216.67 | 215.78 | 46.00 |
| 2016 | 194.51 | 15.65 | 210.16 | 227.91 | 241.69 | 46.00 |
| 2017 | 190.17 | 15.13 | 205.30 | 232.06 | 241.69 | 46.00 |
| 2018 | 173.92 | 13.41 | 187.33 | 220.02 | 223.33 | 46.00 |
| 2019 | 178.22 | 13.02 | 191.24 | 251.58 | 206.00 | 46.00 |

Source: Based on information provided by Gallatin County and Department of Revenue.

Instructions

General Obligation Debt Service & Total Direct Tax Rate - Final mill levy passed by Commission. Basic Rate auto calculates.

Bozeman School District & Gallatin County, Use cells in Prop Tax Levies in BID.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS Current Year and Ten Years Ago

| _ | | | 2019 | | | | 2010 | |
|---|----|-------------------------------------|-------------|--|----|-----------------------------------|-------------|--|
| <u>Taxpayer</u> | | Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u> | <u>Rank</u> | Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u> | | Total Assessed <u>Value</u> | <u>Rank</u> | Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u> |
| Northwestern Energy - Transmission & Distribution | \$ | 3,870,184 | 1 | 3.71% | \$ | 3,126,536 | 1 | 3.99% |
| Verizon Wireless | Ψ | 374,861 | 2 | 0.36% | Ψ | 3,120,330 | 1 | 3.77/0 |
| Harry Daum - Gallatin Mall | | 344,005 | 3 | 0.33% | | 533,461 | 3 | 0.68% |
| Mitchell Development & Investment LLC | | 320,473 | 4 | 0.31% | | 326,043 | 10 | 0.42% |
| NB Stadium View District | | 312,170 | 5 | 0.30% | | ,- | | |
| Stone Ridge Partners LLC | | 298,223 | 6 | 0.29% | | 357,325 | 7 | 0.46% |
| CCC Bozeman LLC | | 292,641 | 7 | 0.28% | | | | |
| Bridger Peaks Holding LLC | | 259,668 | 8 | 0.25% | | | | |
| First Security Bank | | 257,102 | 9 | 0.25% | | | | |
| SNH/LTA Properties Trust | | 248,664 | 10 | 0.24% | | | | |
| Centurylink, Inc. (Qwest) | | | | | | 1,138,418 | 2 | 1.45% |
| Bozeman Deaconness Foundation | | | | | | 504,584 | 4 | 0.64% |
| BVI/HJSI Bozeman LLC | | | | | | 402,806 | 5 | 0.51% |
| Wal-Mart Stores | | | | | | 377,391 | 6 | 0.48% |
| Celloco Partnership | | | | | | 344,823 | 8 | 0.44% |
| Lowes HIW Inc. | | | | | | 340,678 | 9 | 0.44% |
| Total | \$ | 6,577,991 | | 6.31% | \$ | 7,452,065 | | 9.52% |
| Total City Taxable Assessed Value | \$ | 104,321,416 | | | \$ | 78,290,000 | | |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS IN DOWNTOWN BOZEMAN IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

Current Year and Prior Year

| | | | | 2018 | | | | 2017 | |
|-------------------------------|---|----|-----------------------------------|-------------|--|----|-----------------------------------|-------------|--|
| <u>Taxpayer</u> | <u>Business</u> | | Total Assessed <u>Value</u> | <u>Rank</u> | Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u> | 1 | Total Assessed <u>Value</u> | <u>Rank</u> | Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u> |
| COS HOLDBIGG LLG | D | ф | 220.204 | | 6.000/ | ф | 250.545 | | 5 4 co/ |
| G25 HOLDINGS LLC | Property Investor/Developer | \$ | 329,206 | 1 | 6.00% | \$ | 278,567 | 1 | 5.46% |
| First Security Bank | Bank | | 258,837 | 2 | 4.72% | | 220,843 | 2 | 4.33% |
| 5 West LLC | Multi Tennant Commercial/Residential Building | | 167,052 | 3 | 3.04% | | 132,329 | 3 | 2.60% |
| F&H, LLC | Property Investor/Developer | | 141,830 | 4 | 2.58% | | 126,764 | 4 | 2.49% |
| Moose Point LP | Commercial Property Developer | | 127,363 | 5 | 2.32% | | 124,225 | 5 | 2.44% |
| Atlantic Financial Group Ltd. | Bank | | 124,416 | 6 | 2.27% | | 92,786 | 8 | 1.82% |
| 777 Building | Multi Tennant Office Retail Building | | 121,198 | 7 | 2.21% | | 115,658 | 6 | 2.27% |
| M & J Cowdrey LLC | Property Investor/Developer | | 110,165 | 8 | 2.01% | | 83,944 | 9 | 1.65% |
| Downtowner Group LLC | Business Support Services | | 108,936 | 9 | 1.98% | | 96,034 | 7 | 1.88% |
| Masonic Temple Inc. | Event Space | | 100,428 | 10 | 1.83% | | | | |
| 702 LLC | Property Investor/Developer | | | | | | 80,750 | 10 | 1.58% |
| | Total | \$ | 1,589,431 | | 23.14% | \$ | 1,351,900 | | 26.52% |
| Total Downtown BID Taxable As | ssessed Value | \$ | 5,488,691 | | | \$ | 5,098,612 | | |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Past Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Ta | xes Levied | | d within the | | Co | llections | Total Collect | ections to Date | |
|----------------|----------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------|----|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--|
| Ended June 30, | <u>F</u> | for the Siscal Year | Amount | Percent of Lev | 0 | | ibsequent <u>Years</u> | Amount | Percentage of Levy | |
| 2010 | \$ | 13,324,175 | \$ 12,415,922 | 93 | 3.18% | \$ | 898,596 | \$ 13,314,518 | 99.93% | |
| 2011 | | 13,567,611 | 13,001,537 | 95 | 5.83% | | 530,923 | 13,532,460 | 99.74% | |
| 2012 | | 13,683,839 | 13,108,003 | 95 | 5.79% | | 413,436 | 13,521,439 | 98.81% | |
| 2013 | | 13,878,293 | 13,633,347 | 98 | 3.24% | | 186,641 | 13,819,988 | 99.58% | |
| 2014 | | 14,821,724 | 14,482,502 | 97 | 7.71% | | 183,330 | 14,665,832 | 98.95% | |
| 2015 | | 16,590,871 | 16,559,270 | 99 | 9.81% | | 31,601 | 16,590,871 | 100.00% | |
| 2016 | | 18,191,892 | 18,009,556 | 99 | 9.00% | | 28,972 | 18,038,528 | 99.16% | |
| 2017 | | 18,338,501 | 18,069,230 | 98 | 3.53% | | 49,084 | 18,118,314 | 98.80% | |
| 2018 | | 18,956,357 | 18,791,653 | 99 | 9.13% | | 21,722 | 18,813,376 | 99.25% | |
| 2019 | | 19,950,675 | 19,940,784 | 99 | 9.95% | | - | 19,940,784 | 99.95% | |

Source: Gallatin County.

City Manager's Final Adopted Budget.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA WATER SOLD BY TYPE OF CUSTOMER

Past Ten Fiscal Years

(in hundreds of cubic feet "HCF")

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | <u>2010</u> | | <u>2011</u> | | <u>2012</u> | | <u>2013</u> | | <u>2014</u> | | <u>2015</u> | | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> |
| Type of Customer | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential | \$ | 1,224,164 | \$ | 1,181,195 | \$ | 1,323,816 | \$ | 1,513,986 | \$ | 1,433,833 | \$ | 1,385,140 | \$ | 1,493,192 | \$ 1,601,439 | \$ 1,623,881 | \$ 1,556,249 |
| Government | | 51,168 | | 48,228 | | 49,349 | | 59,589 | | 52,448 | | 53,165 | | 51,923 | 56,956 | 75,001 | 54,270 |
| MSU | | 228,789 | | 227,019 | | 235,965 | | 233,484 | | 213,698 | | 210,107 | | 208,618 | 225,394 | 217,967 | 238,968 |
| Commercial | | 571,223 | | 568,474 | | 602,352 | | 638,337 | | 607,444 | | 599,193 | | 610,741 | 620,761 | 618,398 | 627,116 |
| Total | \$ | 2,075,343 | \$ | 2,024,916 | \$ | 2,211,481 | \$ | 2,445,396 | \$ | 2,307,423 | \$ | 2,247,605 | \$ | 2,364,473 | \$ 2,504,550 | \$ 2,535,247 | \$ 2,476,603 |
| Total direct rate per 1,000 HCF | \$ | 2,679.44 | \$ | 2,787.06 | \$ | 2,887.40 | \$ | 2,955.66 | \$ | 3,053.40 | \$ | 3,105.14 | \$ | 3,175.41 | \$ 3,256.72 | \$ 3,337.92 | \$ 3,508.94 |

Source: City of Bozeman Finance Department.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA WATER AND SEWER RATES Past Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal | Wa | nter | Se | wer |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Year Ended June 30, | Monthly Base <u>Rate</u> | Rate per 1,000 Gallons | Monthly Base Rate | Rate per 1,000 Gallons |
| 2010 | \$ 13.00 | \$ 20.37 | \$ 13.37 | \$ 22.15 |
| 2011 | \$ 13.42 | \$ 21.02 | \$ 14.73 | \$ 24.41 |
| 2012 | \$ 14.02 | \$ 21.96 | \$ 15.61 | \$ 25.87 |
| 2013 | \$ 14.65 | \$ 22.95 | \$ 16.55 | \$ 27.42 |
| 2014 | \$ 14.65 | \$ 22.95 | \$ 17.56 | \$ 29.10 |
| 2015 | \$ 14.65 | \$ 22.95 | \$ 17.56 | \$ 29.10 |
| 2016 | \$ 15.02 | \$ 23.53 | \$ 18.09 | \$ 29.98 |
| 2017 | \$ 15.39 | \$ 24.11 | \$ 18.63 | \$ 30.87 |
| 2018 | \$ 15.70 | \$ 24.60 | \$ 19.01 | \$ 31.50 |
| 2019 | \$ 16.17 | \$ 25.33 | \$ 19.58 | \$ 32.45 |

^{*} For Residential Customers, using 5/8 inch meter size.

Sources: City of Bozeman, Montana Commission Resolution 4327.

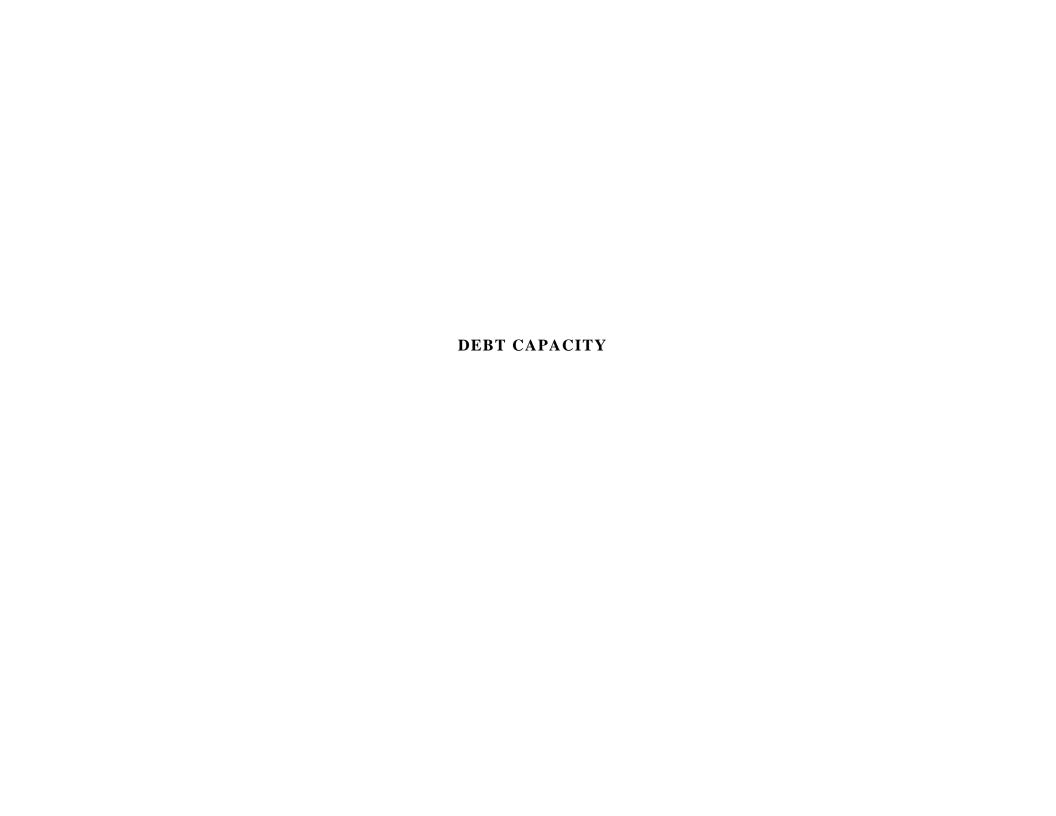
City of Bozeman, Montana Commission Resolution 4328.

City of Bozeman, Montana Commission Resolution 4454.

City of Bozeman, Montana Commission Resolution 4626 & 4627.

City of Bozeman, Montana Commission Resolution 4819 & 4820.

City of Bozeman, Montana Commission Resolution 4927 & 4928.



CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Past Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | Gove | rnmental Activ | ities | | | Business-Type Activities | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | General Obligation <u>Bonds</u> | Bond <u>Premiums</u> | Notes <u>Payable</u> | Capital <u>Leases</u> | Sports Park <u>Loan Payable</u> | Special Assessment Bonds | Tax Increment Financing Bonds | Water Revenue <u>Bonds</u> | Wastewater State of MT RLF Loans | Stormwater Revenue <u>Bond</u> | Capital <u>Leases</u> | Total Primary <u>Government</u> | Percentage of Personal <u>Income</u> | Per <u>Capita</u> |
| 2010 | 4,275,000 | - | 851,071 | 291,237 | - | 4,819,000 | 5,695,000 | 28,992 | 7,902,127 | - | - | 23,862,428 | 2.75% | \$ 640.09 |
| 2011 | 3,710,000 | - | 509,705 | 214,016 | - | 4,351,500 | 5,535,000 | - | 24,017,080 | - | - | 38,337,301 | 4.68% | \$ 1,027.42 |
| 2012 | 3,080,000 | - | 306,727 | 203,860 | - | 2,269,500 | 5,370,000 | 182,577 | 23,853,427 | - | - | 35,266,091 | 4.39% | \$ 925.23 |
| 2013 | 2,445,000 | - | 1,198,823 | 149,892 | - | 1,659,500 | 5,195,000 | 13,751,878 | 22,501,119 | - | - | 46,901,212 | 5.56% | \$ 1,210.26 |
| 2014 | 11,685,000 | - | 1,086,396 | 94,176 | - | 1,185,500 | 5,015,000 | 18,140,000 | 21,025,565 | - | - | 58,231,637 | 6.83% | \$ 1,498.50 |
| 2015 | 16,320,000 | 262,425 | 963,274 | 295,912 | - | 890,500 | 4,825,000 | 17,365,000 | 19,972,565 | 229,750 | 434,598 | 61,559,024 | 7.25% | \$ 1,477.65 |
| 2016 | 15,570,000 | 248,967 | 884,844 | 249,501 | - | 662,500 | 4,630,000 | 16,567,000 | 18,930,565 | 1,440,430 | 363,749 | 59,547,556 | 7.01% | \$ 1,371.91 |
| 2017 | 14,710,000 | 235,509 | 902,500 | 270,492 | - | 501,000 | 4,425,000 | 15,760,000 | 17,856,000 | 1,367,430 | 290,538 | 56,318,469 | 6.13% | \$ 1,244.61 |
| 2018 | 13,835,000 | 222,051 | 763,588 | 463,535 | - | 406,000 | 5,018,931 | 19,107,497 | 16,368,000 | 1,292,430 | 214,887 | 57,691,920 | 5.80% | \$ 1,238.13 |
| 2019 | 12,940,000 | 208,593 | 937,009 | 651,453 | 1,700,000 | 171,500 | 5,338,811 | 21,001,000 | 15,229,000 | 1,520,000 | 183,591 | 59,880,957 | 5.71% | \$ 1,233.84 |

Sources: City Manager's Final Adopted Budget.

City of Bozeman Finance Department.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Past Ten Fiscal Years

| | | General Bonded | | Percentage of | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|--|---------------|---|---------------|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | General Obligation Bonds | Bond Premiums | Tax Increment Financing District Bonds | Total | Actual Taxable Value of Property | Per Capita | | | |
| 2010 | 4,275,000 | - | 5,695,000 | 9,970,000 | 12.7% | \$ 267.44 | | | |
| 2011 | 3,710,000 | - | 5,535,000 | 9,245,000 | 11.5% | \$ 247.76 | | | |
| 2012 | 3,080,000 | - | 5,370,000 | 8,450,000 | 10.3% | \$ 221.69 | | | |
| 2013 | 2,445,000 | - | 5,195,000 | 7,640,000 | 9.2% | \$ 197.15 | | | |
| 2014 | 11,685,000 | - | 5,015,000 | 16,700,000 | 19.5% | \$ 429.75 | | | |
| 2015 | 16,320,000 | 262,425 | 4,825,000 | 21,145,000 | 24.1% | \$ 507.56 | | | |
| 2016 | 15,570,000 | 428,967 | 4,630,000 | 20,200,000 | 23.3% | \$ 465.38 | | | |
| 2017 | 14,710,000 | 235,509 | 4,425,000 | 19,135,000 | 21.3% | \$ 422.87 | | | |
| 2018 | 13,835,000 | 222,051 | 4,926,931 | 18,761,931 | 18.5% | \$ 402.65 | | | |
| 2019 | 12,940,000 | 208,593 | 5,338,811 | 18,278,811 | 17.5% | \$ 376.63 | | | |

Source: City Manager's Final Adopted Budget.

Debt Outstanding is reduced by cash held for bond reserves for the purposes of this table.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

| | Debt Outstanding as of June 30, 2019 | Estimated Percentage Applicable (1) | Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Overlapping Bonded Indebtedness | | | |
| Gallatin County: | | | |
| Various issues outstanding | \$ 30,275,000 | 36% | \$ 10,847,350 |
| Bozeman School District #7: | | | |
| Various issues outstanding | 185,828,020 | 31% | 57,405,499 |
| Subtotal overlapping debt | | | 68,252,849 |
| City of Bozeman, Montana | | | |
| Direct Debt | ¢ 21.047.266 | 1000/ | 21 047 266 |
| Direct Debt | \$ 21,947,366 | 100% | 21,947,366 |
| | | | |
| Total Direct & Overlapping Debt | | | \$ 90,200,215 |

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Bozeman. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each entity's total taxable assessed value.

Sources:

City of Bozeman Finance Department. Gallatin County Assessor's Office. Bozeman School District #7.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Past Ten Fiscal Years

| | | Fiscal Years | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2012</u> | <u>2013</u> | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> | | | | | |
| Debt limit* | \$ 66,375,000 | \$ 70,688,000 | \$ 74,875,000 | \$ 76,450,000 | \$ 84,657,000 | \$ 84,500,000 | \$ 142,464,717 | \$ 147,500,000 | \$ 168,633,783 | \$ 174,548,585 | | | | | |
| Total net debt applicable to limit | (15,931,308) | (14,320,221) | (11,230,087) | (10,648,215) | (19,066,072) | (23,557,111) | (22,245,812) | (21,044,501) | (20,709,106) | (21,947,366) | | | | | |
| Legal debt margin | \$ 50,443,692 | \$ 56,367,779 | \$ 63,644,913 | \$ 65,801,785 | \$ 65,590,928 | \$ 60,942,889 | \$ 120,218,905 | \$ 126,455,499 | \$ 147,924,677 | \$ 152,601,219 | | | | | |
| Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit | 24.0% | 20.3% | 15.0% | 13.9% | 22.5% | 27.9% | 15.6% | 14.3% | 12.3% | 12.6% | | | | | |

^{*2.5%} of total market value of taxable property of \$6.7 Billion.

Source: City Manager's Final Adopted Budget.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE Past Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal | | | Wate | r Rev | enue Bonds | | | | | | $\mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{J}}$ | pecial Assess | ment | Bonds | |
|-----------------|--------------------|----|--------------------|-------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-----------------|----|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-------|-----------|---------------|
| Year Ended | Utility Service | (| Less: Operating | | Debt Sei | ·vice | e | | A | Special Assessment | | Debt S | ervic | ee | |
| <u>June 30,</u> | Charges | | Expenses | P | rincipal | _ <u>I</u> ı | nterest | Coverage | | Collections | | Principal |] | Interest | Coverage |
| 2010 | \$ 5,860,144 | \$ | (3,950,566) | \$ | (27,622) | \$ | (2,440) | \$ 1,879,516 | \$ | 989,977 | \$ | (392,000) | \$ | (223,763) | \$ 374,214 |
| 2011 | 6,013,211 | | (3,869,048) | | (28,992) | | (1,070) | 2,114,101 | | 1,134,049 | | (467,500) | | (211,204) | 455,345 |
| 2012 | 6,814,990 | | (4,063,529) | | (159,000) | | (6,405) | 2,586,056 | | 858,699 | | (2,082,000) | | (192,320) | (1,415,621) |
| 2013 | 7,806,922 | | (4,364,506) | | (502,000) | (| (163,250) | 2,777,166 | | 820,090 | | (650,975) | | (103,198) | 65,917 |
| 2014 | 7,871,386 | | (4,405,464) | | (751,000) | (| (429,438) | 2,285,484 | | 1,054,483 | | (474,000) | | (73,760) | 506,723 |
| 2015 | 7,748,913 | | (4,973,926) | | (775,000) | (| (538,425) | 1,461,562 | | 586,116 | | (295,000) | | (50,070) | 241,046 |
| 2016 | 8,414,870 | | (6,176,752) | | (798,000) | (| (515,010) | 925,108 | | 705,143 | | (228,000) | | (39,343) | 437,800 |
| 2017 | 9,281,821 | | (6,589,396) | | (822,000) | (| (490,890) | 1,379,535 | | 558,988 | | (161,500) | | (30,335) | 367,153 |
| 2018 | 10,157,888 | | (6,494,121) | | (1,141,000) | (| (530,881) | 1,991,886 | | 506,819 | | (95,000) | | (23,221) | 388,598 |
| 2019 | 9,396,171 | | (6,610,215) | | (1,176,000) | (| (578,954) | 1,031,002 | | 518,351 | | (234,500) | | (19,536) | 264,315 |

| Fiscal | | | Waste W | /ater | Revenue Bo | nds | |
|-----------------|-----------------|----|-------------|-------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Year | Utility | | Less: | | | | |
| Ended | Service | (| Operating | | Debt Sei | rvice | |
| <u>June 30,</u> | Charges | | Expenses | I | Principal | Interest | Coverage |
| | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | \$ 5,389,070 | \$ | (3,468,705) | \$ | (166,300) | \$ (69,470) | \$ 1,684,594 |
| 2011 | 5,939,996 | | (4,183,596) | | (606,000) | (494,298) | 656,102 |
| 2012 | 6,385,404 | | (3,784,420) | | (883,000) | (857,842) | 860,141 |
| 2013 | 6,916,226 | | (3,947,821) | | (1,465,227) | (847,778) | 655,400 |
| 2014 | 7,204,486 | | (5,895,751) | | (1,084,854) | (660,771) | (436,891) |
| 2015 | 7,631,117 | | (3,914,454) | | (1,053,000) | (632,268) | 2,031,395 |
| 2016 | 7,927,692 | | (5,139,029) | | (1,042,000) | (552,269) | 1,194,394 |
| 2017 | 8,566,893 | | (5,496,164) | | (1,074,565) | (545,267) | 1,450,897 |
| 2018 | 8,876,017 | | (5,158,989) | | (1,104,000) | (513,009) | 2,100,019 |
| 2019 | 9,336,007 | | (5,745,107) | | (1,139,000) | (479,859) | 1,972,041 |
| | | | | | | | |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS AND COVERAGE FOR TAX INCREMENT DISTRICTS

Past Ten Fiscal Years

DOWNTOWN IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

NORTHEAST URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | Revenues Available Debt Service | De | Annual bt Service Payment | Coverage | Reve Avai for Debt | lable | Ann Debt S Payr | ervice | Cow | erage_ |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|---------|-----------------------|--------|-----|--------|
| 2010 | \$ 1,209,378 | \$ | 424,288 | 2.85 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| 2011 | 1,135,166 | | 423,088 | 2.68 | | - | | - | | - |
| 2012 | 1,266,104 | | 421,688 | 3.00 | | - | | - | | - |
| 2013 | 1,497,572 | | 425,088 | 3.52 | | - | | - | | - |
| 2014 | 1,644,960 | | 423,088 | 3.89 | | - | | - | | - |
| 2015 | 1,853,725 | | 425,888 | 4.35 | | - | | - | | - |
| 2016 | 2,066,749 | | 423,288 | 4.88 | | - | | - | | - |
| 2017 | 2,160,187 | | 425,488 | 5.08 | | - | | - | | - |
| 2018 | 2,430,377 | | 422,288 | 5.76 | | 149,580 | Ģ | 92,000 | | 1.63 |
| 2019 | 2,150,531 | | 423,573 | 5.08 | | 164,252 | Ģ | 95,000 | | 1.73 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

^{**\$863,000} Bond issuance for the Northeast Urban Renewal District on 7/20/2017.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA SUMMARY OF OUTSTANDING SIDs Current Fiscal Year

As of June 30, 2019

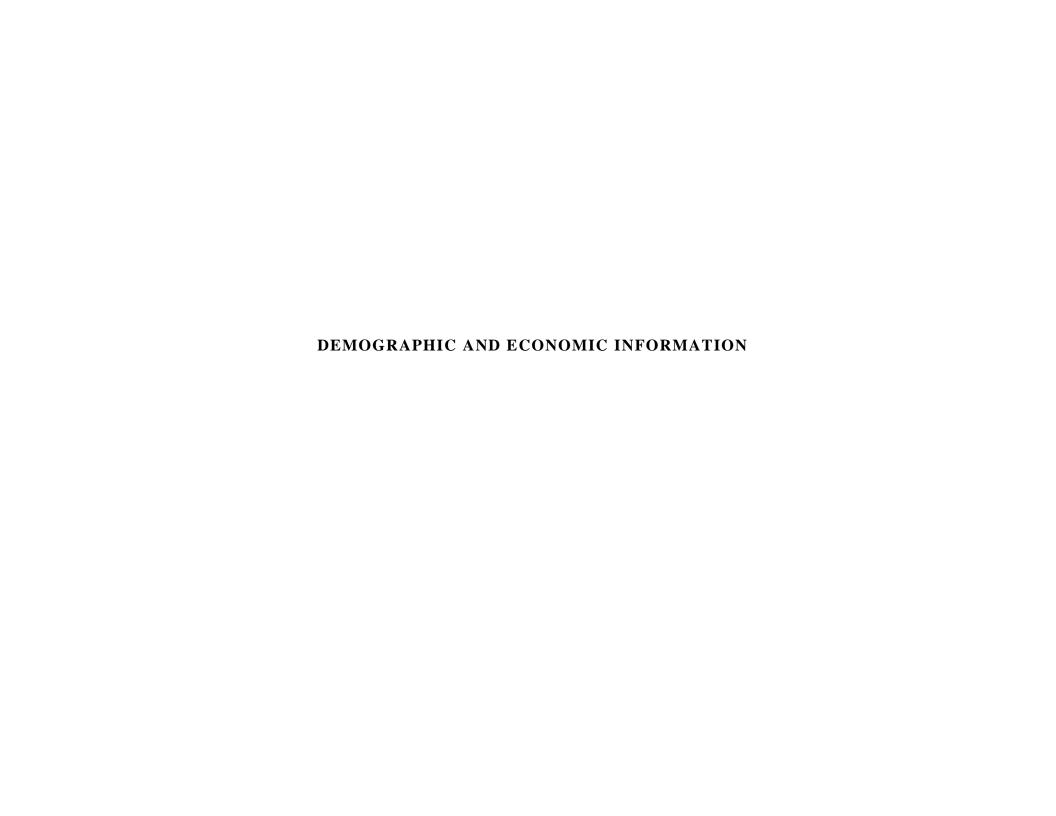
| Bond Issue | Original Amount | Maturity Date | Bonds Outstanding | | Cash Balance | | essments tstanding | nquent ssments |
|---------------|--------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| SID 669 | \$ 1,160,000 | 7/1/2020 | \$ | - | \$ | 41,174 | \$ 47,843 | \$ 924 |
| SID 674 | 494,000 | 7/1/2024 | | 171,500 | | 40,422 | 121,531 | - |
| SID 683 | 1,372,000 | 7/1/2024 | | | | 102,869 | 271,164 | 729 |
| TOTAL | \$ 3,026,000 | | \$ | 171,500 | \$ | 184,465 | \$ 440,538 | \$ 1,653 |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA REVOLVING FUND BALANCE AND BOND SECURED THEREBY Past Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----|-------------|----------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Ended | Rev | olving Fund |] | Principal | | | | |
| <u>June 30,</u> | Ca | sh Balance | Amount of Debt | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | \$ | 1,228,197 | \$ | 4,819,000 | | | | |
| 2011 | | 3,160,685 | | 4,351,500 | | | | |
| 2012 | | 3,190,244 | | 2,269,500 | | | | |
| 2013 | | 2,443,769 | | 1,803,029 | | | | |
| 2014 | | 2,474,971 | | 1,317,226 | | | | |
| 2015 | | 2,948,129 | | 1,295,224 | | | | |
| 2016 | | 2,924,604 | | 1,120,708 | | | | |
| 2017 | | 2,874,013 | | 1,040,533 | | | | |
| 2018 | | 2,903,817 | | 916,503 | | | | |
| 2019 | | 3,020,315 | | 643,983 | | | | |

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA SPECIAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT ASSESSMENT BILLING AND COLLECTIONS Past Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | sessment Billing | tal Annual ollections |
|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| 2010 | \$ 915,398 | \$ 989,977 |
| 2011 | 871,180 | 1,134,049 |
| 2012 | 750,418 | 858,699 |
| 2013 | 741,886 | 820,090 |
| 2014 | 676,613 | 1,054,484 |
| 2015 | 538,697 | 586,116 |
| 2016 | 543,351 | 705,143 |
| 2017 | 528,622 | 558,988 |
| 2018 | 505,481 | 506,819 |
| 2019 | 476,212 | 518,351 |
| | | |



CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Past Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | Population | Estimated Annual % Change in Population | Personal Income | P | Per Capita ersonal income | Median Age (years) | Residents with Bachelors Degree or Higher Schooling | K-12 School Enrollment | Unemployment Rate |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|---|------------------------|----|------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|------------------------------|-------------------|
| 2010 | 37,280 | 0.9% | \$ 866,396,960 | \$ | 25,909 | 26.0 | 50.6% | 5,509 | 5.8% |
| 2011 | 37,314 | 0.1% | \$ 819,014,169 | \$ | 25,611 | 27.2 | 50.1% | 5,679 | 5.6% |
| 2012 | 38,116 | 2.1% | \$ 803,487,262 | \$ | 24,709 | 27.2 | 53.9% | 5,810 | 5.2% |
| 2013 | 38,753 | 1.6% | \$ 843,399,480 | \$ | 25,608 | 27.1 | 55.4% | 5,994 | 4.3% |
| 2014 | 38,860 | 0.3% | \$ 852,165,042 | \$ | 26,427 | 26.8 | 53.3% | 6,216 | 3.5% |
| 2015 | 41,660 | 6.7% | \$ 849,198,410 | \$ | 26,335 | 27.3 | 53.6% | 6,294 | 2.9% |
| 2016 | 43,405 | 4.0% | \$ 849,682,100 | \$ | 26,350 | 27.5 | 54.4% | 6,533 | 2.8% |
| 2017 | 45,250 | 4.1% | \$ 918,565,430 | \$ | 26,506 | 27.7 | 56.5% | 6,770 | 2.8% |
| 2018 | 46,596 | 2.9% | \$ 993,940,022 | \$ | 28,748 | 27.9 | 55.6% | 6,908 | 2.8% |
| 2019 | 48,532 | 4.0% | \$ 1,047,804,618 | \$ | 29,097 | 28 | 56.9% | 7,015 | 3.8% |

Sources:

Bozeman Public Schools.

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

U.S. Census Bureau.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS FOR GALLATIN COUNTY Current Year and Ten Years Ago

June 2019 June 2010

| Private Employers By Class | Employer Class Size | Private Employers By Class | Employer Class Size |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Bozeman Deaconess Hospital | 9 | Bozeman Deaconess Hospital | 9 |
| Oracle America | 8 | Right Now Technologies | 7 |
| Kenyon Noble Lumber & Hardware | 7 | Wal-Mart | 7 |
| Γown Pump Convenience Stores | 7 | Albertsons | 6 |
| Wal Mart | 7 | Bozeman Daily Chronicle | 6 |
| Zoot Enterprises | 7 | Community Food Coop | 6 |
| Albertson's | 6 | Costco | 6 |
| Target Target | 6 | First Security Bank | 6 |
| Bridger Bowl | 6 | First Student Management | 6 |
| Community Food Co-Op | 6 | Grantree Inn | 6 |
| Costco | 6 | JTL Group | 6 |
| First Security Bank | 6 | Kenyon Noble Lumber & Hardware | 6 |
| First Student | 6 | Korman Marketing Group | 6 |
| Reach Inc. | 6 | Lowes | 6 |
| McDonalds | 6 | McDonald's | 6 |
| Murdoch's Ranch & Home Supply | 6 | Murdoch's Ranch & Home Supply | 6 |
| Ressler Motor | 6 | Ressler Chevrolet Cadillac & Toyota | 6 |
| Simms Fishing Products | 6 | Town & Country Foods | 6 |
| Town & Country Foods | 6 | Town Pump | 6 |
| Williams Plumbing & Heating | 6 | Zoot Enterprises | 6 |

| Public | Employer | Public | Employer |
|--------------------------|----------|--------------------------|----------|
| Employers | Class | Employers | Class |
| By Class | Size | By Class | Size |
| Montana State University | 9 | Montana State University | 9 |
| Belgrade School District | 8 | Bozeman School District | 8 |
| Bozeman School District | 8 | City of Bozeman | 7 |
| Gallatin County | 8 | Gallatin County | 7 |
| City of Bozeman | 7 | | |

Class 6 - 100 to 249 Employees

Class 7 - 250 to 499 Employees

Class 8 - 500 to 999 Employees

Class 9 - 1,000+ Employees

Source: Montana Department of Labor & Industry.



CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM

Past Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | | | Fiscal | Years | | | | |
|--|--------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------|---------------|---------------|
| • | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| General Government | | | | | | | | | • | |
| City Commission | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 0.10 | 2.10 |
| City Manager | 11.50 | 11.50 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 9.00 | 12.50 |
| Municipal Court | 7.50 | 8.50 | 8.50 | 8.50 | 8.50 | 9.00 | 8.50 | 8.50 | 9.50 | 9.50 |
| City Attorney | 11.50 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 9.00 | 10.20 | 10.20 | 10.70 | 12.00 |
| Administrative Services | - | - | - | - | 19.00 | 21.00 | 21.50 | 23.50 | - | - |
| Human Resources | | | | | | | | | 4.00 | 5.00 |
| Finance * | 8.75 | 8.75 | 10.00 | 11.00 | - | - | - | - | 14.00 | 14.00 |
| Information Technology * | 5.88 | 5.88 | 6.00 | 6.00 | - | - | - | - | 8.00 | 8.00 |
| Community Development | 12.20 | 12.20 | 8.75 | 9.00 | 8.00 | 12.60 | 11.60 | 13.00 | 13.00 | 17.00 |
| Building Maintenance | 3.55 | 3.55 | 3.00 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 4.50 | 5.00 |
| Total General Government | 62.98 | <u>59.48</u> | 53.35 | 55.10 | 53.10 | 62.20 | 63.40 | 66.80 | 72.80 | 85.10 |
| Public Safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police Department | 71.75 | 71.75 | 71.25 | 72.75 | 72.75 | 72.25 | 71.70 | 72.70 | 72.70 | 76.25 |
| Fire Department | 41.75 | 41.75 | 41.75 | 43.75 | 45.75 | 45.00 | 46.00 | 46.00 | 46.00 | 50.00 |
| Building Inspection | 9.55 | 10.55 | 10.55 | 10.55 | 12.55 | 14.00 | 18.50 | 18.50 | 19.50 | 17.00 |
| Parking | 4.75 | 4.75 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 5.50 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 5.00 |
| Total Public Safety | 127.80 | 128.80 | 128.05 | 131.55 | 136.55 | 137.25 | 142.20 | 143.20 | 144.20 | 148.25 |
| Public Services | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public Services Administration / Engineering | 8.15 | 8.15 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 12.00 | 6.58 | 10.25 | 11.50 | 11.50 | 13.00 |
| Streets | 17.62 | 17.62 | 17.62 | 17.62 | 18.62 | 16.20 | 18.85 | 19.85 | 21.85 | 26.75 |
| Storm Water | _ | - | - | 1.00 | 1.00 | 4.00 | 6.25 | 6.50 | 7.50 | 4.00 |
| Water Conservation | | | | | | | | | | 2.25 |
| Water Treatment Plant | 9.27 | 9.27 | 9.77 | 9.77 | 11.27 | 12.75 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| Water Operations | 15.62 | 15.62 | 15.62 | 15.62 | 15.62 | 17.33 | 14.45 | 14.45 | 12.00 | 12.50 |
| Wastewater Operations | 10.25 | 10.25 | 10.25 | 10.25 | 11.25 | 13.09 | 13.30 | 14.05 | 12.00 | 12.50 |
| Wastewater Plant | 15.87 | 15.87 | 15.87 | 16.37 | 17.47 | 15.50 | 14.75 | 14.75 | 15.00 | 15.00 |
| Solid Waste Collection/Recycling | 15.74 | 15.74 | 15.74 | 15.74 | 15.74 | 15.90 | 15.15 | 16.15 | 17.15 | 19.00 |
| Vehicle Maintenance | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 6.50 | 6.50 | 7.50 | 8.00 |
| Total Public Services | 97.52 | 97.52 | 99.87 | <u>101.37</u> | 107.97 | 106.35 | <u>110.00</u> | 114.25 | 114.50 | 123.00 |
| Public Welfare | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cemetery (numerous short terms) | 5.75 | 5.75 | 3.33 | 3.33 | 3.33 | 4.90 | 5.04 | 5.04 | 4.75 | 4.25 |
| Parks (numerous short terms) | 13.45 | 13.45 | 11.77 | 11.77 | 11.77 | 15.40 | 14.51 | 14.51 | 14.90 | 18.00 |
| Forestry | 4.60 | 4.60 | 4.60 | 4.60 | 4.60 | 5.95 | 5.65 | 6.65 | 5.20 | 6.00 |
| Library | 21.66 | 21.66 | 21.66 | 21.56 | 23.11 | 23.41 | 26.02 | 28.02 | 28.02 | 24.75 |
| Recreation (numerous short terms) | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.83 | 15.83 | 16.83 | 16.83 | 23.55 | 24.26 | 23.41 | 24.80 |
| Community Services | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 4.00 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| Total Public Welfare | 62.46 | 62.46 | <u>59.19</u> | 59.09 | 63.64 | 69.99 | 78.27 | 81.98 | 78.28 | <u>79.80</u> |
| Total of all Funds | 350.76 | 348.26 | <u>340.46</u> | <u>347.11</u> | <u>361.26</u> | <u>375.79</u> | <u>393.87</u> | 406.23 | <u>409.78</u> | <u>436.15</u> |

Source: City Manager's Final Adopted Budget.

^{*} Administrative Services was created in fiscal year 2014 and consists of Finance, Information Technology and Human Resources.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM Past Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

| - | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Finance | | | | | | | | | | |
| SID Statements | 15,816 | 16,000 | 16,000 | 16,200 | 16,424 | 16,506 | 16,893 | 17,200 | 17,463 | 18,185 |
| Utility Bills | 135,000 | 135,000 | 135,000 | 138,000 | 155,000 | 162,000 | 166,000 | 169,000 | 172,000 | 168,280 |
| Accounts Payable Checks Processed | 12,076 | 12,122 | 11,962 | 12,519 | 10,453 | 11,098 | 11,000 | 11,800 | 12,350 | 11,762 |
| Police* | 12,070 | 12,122 | 11,702 | 12,517 | 10,133 | 11,000 | 11,000 | 11,000 | 12,550 | 11,702 |
| Number of Officers | 55 | 56 | 60 | 63 | 63 | 61 | 60 | 61 | 60 | 60 |
| Calls for Service | 43,385 | 45,131 | 45,358 | 47,361 | 48,542 | 46,290 | 47,400 | 48,200 | 47,136 | 50,548 |
| Arrests | 2,338 | 2,325 | 2,152 | 2,096 | 2,165 | 2,195 | 2,078 | 2,427 | 2,314 | 2,618 |
| Misdemeanor Citations Issued - includes traffic | 3,311 | 4,504 | 5,234 | 5,205 | 6,045 | 6,169 | 6,390 | 5,886 | 4,940 | 5,430 |
| Traffic Stops | 10,702 | 10,036 | 9,358 | 10,629 | 8,210 | 7,757 | 7,482 | 7,900 | 7,675 | 9,600 |
| Traffic Crashes | 1,194 | 1,486 | 1,264 | 1,320 | 1,469 | 1,601 | 1,792 | 1,850 | 1,958 | 1,840 |
| Fire | , - | , | , - | ,- | , | , | , | , | , | , |
| Fires, Hazardous Conditions & Rupture/Explosions | 248 | 278 | 278 | 309 | 340 | 296 | 349 | 445 | 564 | 522 |
| Emergency Medical Services/Rescue | 1,441 | 1,483 | 1,483 | 1,941 | 2,051 | 2,032 | 2,424 | 3,062 | 3,320 | 3,073 |
| Service Calls | 145 | 187 | 187 | 145 | 212 | 202 | 244 | 334 | 438 | 406 |
| Building Inspection | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial Permits: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number | 961 | 1,535 | 1,420 | 1,305 | 1,165 | 1,560 | 1,628 | 1,731 | 883 | 768 |
| Value (Millions) | 70.41 | 106.90 | 95.03 | 69.64 | \$44.50 | \$98.02 | \$164.47 | \$65 | \$216 | \$249 |
| Residential Permits: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number | 1,543 | 3,613 | 2,421 | 2,338 | 2,911 | 2,836 | 3,937 | 3,905 | 3,222 | 2,307 |
| Value (Millions) | 67.02 | 72.57 | 89.74 | 146.32 | \$130.68 | \$191.97 | \$200 | \$130 | \$340 | \$311 |
| Water | | | | | | | | | | |
| New Service Main Taps | 16 | 3 | 20 | 41 | 57 | 70 | 60 | 72 | 65 | 101 |
| Meter Replacement/Repair | 650 | 467 | 279 | 113 | 479 | 1006 | 978 | 1500 | 994 | 1042 |
| Water Main Breaks/Repairs | 4 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 5 |
| Wastewater | | | | | | | | | | |
| Main Line Flushing (in Miles) | 81 | 78.26 | 90 | 47 | 30 | 90 | 50 | 30.9 | 50 | 37.5 |
| New Infrastructure TV (in Miles) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2.6 | 2 | 8 | 2.6 | 9.9 | 7 | 2.8 |
| New Service Taps | 5 | 4 | 4 | 17 | 37 | 44 | 20 | 30 | 30 | 56 |
| Solid Waste Collection & Recycling | | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential Accounts | 7,130 | 7,092 | 7,240 | 7,470 | 7,869 | 8,369 | 8,878 | 9,378 | 9,843 | 10,372 |
| Commercial Customers | 268 | 271 | 281 | 265 | 258 | 265 | 461 | 516 | 506 | 551 |
| Recycling Customers | 965 | 970 | 1,000 | 1,135 | 1,601 | 2,100 | 2,663 | 3,300 | 3,700 | 4,164 |
| Annual Tonnage Collected: Collections Program | 10,657 | 10,920 | 11,248 | 10,695 | 10,960 | 11,457 | 11,691 | 12,490 | 13,600 | 19,122 |
| Vehicle Maintenance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Work Orders Processed | 1,005 | 1,435 | 1,473 | 1,646 | 1,717 | 1,549 | 1,453 | 1,509 | 2,592 | 2,392 |
| Gallons of Oil Disposed | 9,175 | 9,445 | 8,751 | 8,640 | 8,740 | 8,969 | 7,395 | 6,475 | 5,007 | 5,522 |
| Parks | | | | | | | | | | |
| Park Reservations | 280 | 319 | 320 | 350 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 425 | 493 |

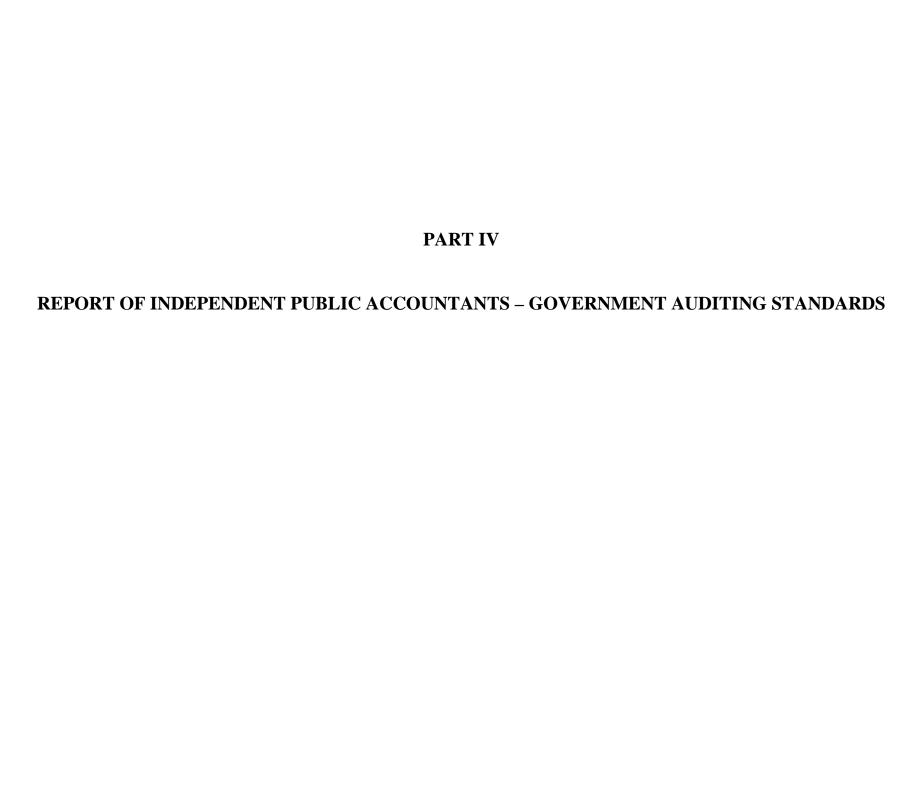
Sources: City Manager's Final Adopted Budget. City of Bozeman Finance Department.

^{*}Police statistics are based on calendar year.

CITY OF BOZEMAN, MONTANA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM Past Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | | Fiscal | Year Ende | ed June 30 | , | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| Police | | | | | | | | | | |
| Stations | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Patrol Units (Cars) | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 22 | 21 | 21 | 22 | 21 |
| Patrol Units (Motorcycles) | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Fire | | | | | | | | | | |
| Stations | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Fire Trucks | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Streets | | | | | | | | | | |
| Street & Alley Mileage | 246.951 | 254.565 | 254.957 | 255.769 | 252 | 253 | 254 | 274 | 280 | 284 |
| Lane Miles Painted | 40.0 | 40.3 | 41.0 | 37.0 | 34.6 | 49.2 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 52.0 | 48.0 |
| Number of Signs Installed/Repaired | 750 | 722 | 1120 | 669 | 798 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 708 | 394 |
| Water | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water Mains (Miles) | 256.32 | 257.51 | 261.33 | 264.61 | 267.28 | 268.57 | 274.89 | 276.92 | 283.95 | 286.68 |
| Fire Hydrants | 2,308 | 2,324 | 2,351 | 2,388 | 2,406 | 2,419 | 2,511 | 2,573 | 2,618 | 2,668 |
| Wastewater | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sanitary Sewers (Miles) | 205.00 | 205.00 | 207.56 | 210.22 | 211.51 | 212.53 | 219.14 | 224.28 | 234.64 | 236.04 |
| Number of Manholes | 4,034 | 4,080 | 4,084 | 4,154 | 4,185 | 4,219 | 4,360 | 4,492 | 4,614 | 4,677 |
| Solid Waste | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of Collection Vehicles | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Number of Roll-off Trucks | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| Number of Recycling Trucks | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Number of Compost Collection Trucks | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Parks | | | | | | | | | | |
| Formal Turf Acres | 120 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 126 | 140 | 140 | 172 | 192 |
| Natural Parkland Acres | 205 | 210 | 220 | 220 | 220 | 220 | 220 | 220 | 323 | 343 |
| Miles of Trails | 54 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 61 | 63 | 63 | 63 | 63 | 65 |

Sources: City Manager's Final Adopted Budget.
City of Bozeman Finance Department.
City of Bozeman GIS Department.
City of Bozeman Police Department.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and City Manager of the City of Bozeman, Montana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Bozeman, Montana (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon, dated December 16, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Bozeman's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Bozeman's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Bozeman's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Bozeman's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Zur Mudlen & Co. P.C.
Bozeman, Montana

December 16, 2019